

TREMENDOUS CLEARING SALE AT Cheapside, Napanee.

As we take stock on 1st February we must reduce every department. The short season will otherwise leave us too heavy a stock.

We are determined that prices will not keep them on the shelves, and so have put on

THIS GREAT SALE

from now to 1st February. Prices cut to the quick as the goods must be sold—NO MATTER WHAT THE SACRIFICE.

HINCH & CO., CHEAPSIDE, NAPANEE

The Great Dry Goods, Millinery and Fur Emporium of the Central District.

OUR XMAS GOODS

Are the finest in the market. We reclean Raisins and Currants with our Excelsior Fruit Cleaner which removes all grit and dirt.

A full line of ESSENCES in bulk and bottles.

Pure SPICES.

New PEELS.

Prepared ICINGS, all colors and everything required for

Christmas Cakes.

J. C. HANLEY & CO.,
Grocers, Feed and Seed Merchants,
BELLEVILLE, - ONTARIO.

DORLAND.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Capt. James Chalmers, of Adolphstown, 38 years ago carried the first load of coal to Belleville for the Grand Trunk Railway on his vessel.

The present occupant of the Adolphstown hotel vacates the premises very shortly and it will be run under new management.

Messrs. Harry Allison and Dave Roblin of Adolphstown, who have been attending Copley college, returned home last week for Christmas vacation.

Dr. Maybee, of Odessa, and James Alyworth, of Bath, spent Friday in Adolphstown.

Mr. Giles Mendenhall, is spending Christmas week at D. W. Allison's, Esq.

Mrs. Ashley and daughter, of Belleville, is spending a few days at J. W. Dorland's, Adolphstown.

Miss Belle Pollard, our esteemed teacher, at Dorland, is spending her vacation at her home in Napanee.

Miss Edith Gurren, of Sandhurst, has been engaged to teach in the 3rd con. of Adolphstown.

The anniversary services in the U. E. L. Methodist church, Dorland, will be held on Jan. 20th followed by a grand dinner on the Monday evening following.

We are very thankful for the present snow and once more hear the jingle of the sleigh bells.

The best cough cure is Hayward's Pectoral Balsam. It heals the lungs and cures Coughs and Colds.

DEMORESTVILLE.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Nomination day went into the silent majority the following will show: For Reeve—S. N. Smith and G. Badgely; Dep-Reeve—S. J. Cooledge, G. Sprague, B. F. Wilson, J. Kotchupaw, T. Carman.

Mr. T. A. Smith and wife had their friends from Bloomfield, Bertha, and Fish Lake at their home for New Year's.

Mr. Robert Owens and wife, of Deseronto, spent a few days at D. B. Cooledge's.

Mr. Howe, of Jericho, spent New Year's at his son's at Demorestville.

T. Mills and A. Palmer traded horses; both got rich.

Miss Emma Fisher had the bad luck to lose her watch as she was returning from church on Sunday last.

Dr. Morden, of Pictou, has located among us. We wish him success.

GET A GOOD ULSTER.

You find that a good heavy overcoat does not come amiss these cold days. If you have not got a heavy overcoat or ulster yet, how about this weather? You cannot go through a cold winter without a warm coat, and you might just as well come to the Oak Hall, Belleville, and buy one at once.

The prettiest stock of Christmas cards and stationery, practically at cost at THE TRIBUNE office.

NORTHPORT.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Milk is very nourishing for babies, but not in this case, with the young man who was presented with the full outfit of an infant's feeding bottle filled with milk taken from a Jersey cow. The young man's health appears to be fast failing him but hope he will soon recover from its effects and lay aside the "Bottle" until fully restored again to his former health.

A heavy snow storm visited this place on Sunday and makes sleighing excellent also crossing on the bay good.

Mr. Clark, of Crofton, has secured this school as teacher for the ensuing year. Mr. Clark began duties on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Lavett spent Christmas with friends and relatives at Wellington. They returned home on Saturday last.

A number from this vicinity attended the entertainment at Solmesville Monday evening.

Mr. Agnew Crysdale, of Belleville Business College, is spending vacation with his parents at this place.

Many of the people from this place attended nomination at Demorestville on Monday.

WINTER JUST STARTING.

Those men who have been delaying the buying of their winter clothing, thinking we would have an open winter, what do you think of this weather? Canada don't have open winters. The Oak Hall, Belleville, is ready for you if you need a good overcoat or ulster or any other winter clothing.

Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

PICTON.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Two very large audiences greeted Dalton McCarthy and Col. Orien at the Court house on Friday afternoon and evening. Everyone listened with marked attention to the words of the speakers and there seemed a great diversity of opinion at the close as to the merits of the speeches. They declared for a modification of the protective tariff, the prevention of the Separate School system wherever not already established, loyalty to the mother land, reciprocity with the United States, and scored the government warmly on the Temperance Commission, and other misuses of the public funds.

Frank Wright was home from Brockville over Christmas.

Fred W. Morden, son of Dr. Morden, has commenced the practice of medicine in Demorestville.

Frank Boulter is down from Toronto. The Christmas entertainment given in St. Andrew's church, Tuesday evening, was a grand success, and of a novel character. A chimney was built of imitation bricks, filled with good things which were finally taken down by Santa Claus and distributed among the Sabbath school children.

At the nomination on Monday night so many candidates were placed in the field for municipal honors that it would be impossible to mention them all. It is altogether probable that the fight for Mayor will be between Mayor John Laird and C. B. Allison with Wm. Conger as a possible opponent, while the struggle for the Reeveship will come between George Madden and Ed. Roblin. H. S. Wilcocks will be out for Deputy Reeve but who will oppose him is not yet known. As some of the candidates are known to be P. P. A's, the struggle will prove a bitter one no doubt.

The Rev. Mr. Wyllie and wife, nee Anna Fort, of Waukegan, are visiting in town. Mr. Wyllie preached very acceptably in St. Andrew's church on Sunday.

New Year's was exceedingly lively here. It is the opinion of many that there were never before so many rigs driving on Main street as any one time as Tuesday afternoon. Some fast driving was indulged in that should not have been allowed within the corporation.

Chief Babbitt should have few deputies on a day like this to see that this by-law is enforced.

Mr. Daniel Wood, a young man who came here from England about two years ago, died of consumption at the Globe hotel on Thursday morning of last week and was buried on Friday. He was a half brother of James Bedford.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Stone church held a social in the lecture room of the church last evening. It was a decided success both as to attendance and financially. About \$35 being netted.

YARKER.

From Our Own Correspondent.

One of our citizens was sentenced to thirty days under Jailor Yarkner's jurisdiction. Napanee, and fifteen dollars and ninety cents costs, to pay for whipping his wife, while under the influence of liquor.

Mrs. A. A. Connolly's many friends will be pleased to learn she is improving in health.

The engine on the Sydenham train ran off the track in yard here, on the evening of Dec. 24th, delaying passengers three and a half hours. The accident was caused by a defective connection in connecting rod in switch.

At the annual school meeting Mr. J. H. West was retiring trustee, J. Ewart was elected as his successor, and M. C. Dunn as auditor for 1895.

Mrs. Tabby, of Napanee, comes to us very highly recommended as our teacher for 1895.

Miss Nora West is home from Kingston Ladies college during holidays. We are much pleased to hear of her carrying off the honors in her exams in general proficiency.

Yarker sports vs. Wilton sports, in shooting match, Dec. 20th, Yarker winning by 35 points. John Freeman making best percentage, making 42 points out of 50. Max Van-luven second, 39 points out of 50.

Employers of Wheel factory are idle on account of no bands. Since Oshawa Malleable Iron works burned, Benjamin Bros. & West have not been able to secure bands as fast as they require them.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Benjamin are spending Christmas holidays in Arnprior.

VICTORIA.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Methodist Sunday school closed on Sunday for the winter.

The English church purpose holding an oyster supper in the school house on Wednesday evening.

W. H. Frink was elected trustee on Wednesday and Mr. J. H. Snider, as Sec. Treas. Kelt Miller is candidate for Reeve for 1895.

We understand Byron Derbyshire, of Odessa, is coming for first Deputy Reeve.

Miss Linnie Snider is on the sick list.

Mrs. W. H. Smith is at Wilton tending her grandson who is very sick.

Miss Lillie Rose, Bath, is home spending a week's vacation.

Sleighing scarce.

SHANNONVILLE.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Miss Maude Earle is visiting friends at Napanee.

Misses H. Creeper, J. Williams and L. Earle spent a few days at Foxboro last week as the guest of Mr. A. L. Adams.

Mr. Sagar, uncle of Mrs. E. Williams, and nephew of Samuel J. Belleville, who has been in California during the last 28 years, unexpectedly paid his friends in this place a visit last week.

Miss Davidson entertained a number of friends at her home on New Year's.

Mr. A. Cooper occupied the pulpit in the Methodist church on Sunday evening, owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. Saunders.

Meeting week was held in the Methodist church on New Year's eve. Services will be continued through this week and possibly next week being conducted by the pastor.

KEEP YOURSELVES WARM.

You drive to Belleville these cold days without a good warm overcoat and see how it goes. Then go in the Oak Hall and get a good warm overcoat or ulster. You will see how much more comfortable you will feel. We sell you a good heavy ulster with a big collar starting at \$5.

NAPANEE ROAD.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Very pleasant winter weather but a little more snow is needed for good sleighing. Two clothing and plenty of fuel.

Christmas being a very pleasant day one could naturally think every one would enjoy it and we think they did. No doubt but that nearly all helped to devour either a goose or turkey or a plum pudding and other sweets, but quilts are not so lucky as wages are low and times hard. They must put up with buckwheat pan cakes and johnny cake and be well satisfied at that.

Mr. George Butler and Miss Ella Butler are spending their vacation at home.

Mr. Herbert Sagar, second engineer of the steamer Aberdeen, has returned to home for the winter. George Sagar has returned to Rochester where he has a good situation driving a biscuit and confectionery wagon.

Sleighs have been seen driving on the ice on the Napanee river.

Some of our young people have been attending the revival meetings out at Mount Pleasant.

It is reported that Miss Sheriff, school teacher of No. 1 school, has resigned. We cannot say who will be the teacher for next term. Miss Sheriff has been a faithful worker and also kind and obliging to her pupils.

Last Friday afternoon was the day fixed for the entertainment at No. 1 school house. The programme was composed of readings, recitations and singing. We cannot say too much in behalf of the pupils and teachers as well.

The jingle of the merry sleigh bells could be heard far and near on New Year's day, all seemingly enjoying the snow.

As news is scarce and election day is near I will close wishing you all a prosperous and a happy new year.

TYENDINGA RESERVE.

From Our Own Correspondent.

The new Mohawk council took the oath of office at a meeting at the council house on Wednesday afternoon, the 2nd inst.

The Christmas services were bright and hearty. The singing of two hymns in the Mohawk language was much appreciated by the congregation.

Rev. Mr. Anderson, will officiate at Kingsford on Sunday afternoon next at 2:30. Rev. T. Godden, of Shannonville, taking the service at All Saints' church.

Owing to the sickness at the parsonage the annual missionary meeting and Sunday School festival are postponed for the present.

Miss Demorest has taken charge of the Buck school house. She is an efficient teacher and we congratulate the section on having secured her services.

We hope Mrs. Graham can be persuaded to remain at the Central school where she is most popular as a teacher.

SANTA CLAUS FOUND.

The Christmas Entertainment of St. Mark's Sunday School was held on Wednesday evening in Naylor's opera house. There was a very large attendance of the public and the event was one of the best of the kind ever held in Deseronto. The Cantata "Santa Claus Found" which is the production of Master Eddie Miller, of this town, was presented and proved of a most attractive character.

The entertainment opened with a Scarf Drill by the following young ladies, Misses Ella Evans, Mabel Stuart, Annie McGaughey, Mary Field, Ida Hoppe, Lizzie Field and Leah McGaughey. All wore white dresses and gaily colored scarfs and their pretty evolutions were executed with excellent precision and were heartily applauded.

At a subsequent stage the same young ladies reinforced by Misses Gerlie Leggett, Minnie Noble, Laleah Namth, Margie Jackson and Miss McGaughey gave another fancy drill which also elicited applause. All the scenes in the Cantata were well presented and the efforts of those taking part very deservedly won general admiration. Mr. C. W. Spencer made a very good natured Santa Claus; Mr. E. T. Miller was Stern King; and Mr. H. C. Fowles played the role of Jack Frost most happily. Miss Field was the stately Fairy Queen of the evening, while Miss Miller was Queen of the Snow. Hall, Iole and Sleet, Jack Frost's merry sprites, were represented by Gerlie Leggett, Minnie Noble and Maggie Jackson while Mabel Stuart, Laleah Namth and Annie McGaughey made admirable fairies. Lola Irvine was the artless fairy messenger of the evening.

Master Charlie McGaughey and Miss Alline Anderson represented the two lost children in search of Santa Claus, and they enacted their part to perfection. Master Charlie spoke with the calm deliberation of a Diarist; the singing of the two children was very pleasing each word being distinctly articulated.

During the evening Miss Totie Hall, always a great favorite, recited "The Flying Dutchman" with rare dramatic effect. It was evident that much time and attention had been devoted by the young people in preparation, and great credit is due to Mr. H. C. Fowles who so carefully trained them to take their part so well. Mrs. E. T. Miller assisted in different ways. Miss McGaughey was the effective pianist during the Cantata. Mr. Eddie Miller played during the fancy drill. The youthful actors were present during the evening supervising the proper presentation of the Cantata. He is to be congratulated on the success which rewarded his effort. All present agreed that it was well conceived and an admirable production for this part of the year. The people of St. Mark's must be congratulated upon the grand success of their entertainment.

ODD OVERCOATS.

In going through our overcoat stock at the Oak Hall, Belleville, we find a great many odd coats, probably 40 or 50 altogether. These coats must be sold and the man or boy who can be pleased with one will receive a big bargain. We always find it hard to work off odd garments, so we will make it worth your while, if we can please you in one.

WHOOPIING COUGH.

For Whooping Cough and all throat and lung affections, chest troubles, etc., Hayward's Cough Cure is the best remedy ever discovered. It promptly relieves inflammation, pain and soreness from whatever cause arising.

FARM & GARDEN

FERTILIZERS.

Method in Applying in Order to Obtain the Best Results.

Considerable attention has of late been given by foreign investigators to the method of applying fertilizers in order to obtain the best results. Especially has the question of distribution and depth demanded attention. Among these investigators are Scholting, Grandjean, Heurichs, Hansen, Prunet and Feyerman. The first of these has been experimentally shown to be conclusive, as they have been confirmed more or less fully by others. They indicate a decided advantage from replacing the common method of uniformly mixing the fertilizing material with the whole mass of surface soil, by that of applying the materials in rows parallel to those in which the plants are sown. Scholting experimented on a very poor artificial soil. He watered the boxes with a fertilizing mixture containing sulphate of potash, nitrate of soda, bone superphosphate and sulphate of magnesia. In the first series, the salts were dissolved in water and then mixed with the soil; in the second, they were mixed with an equal quantity of distilled water, the surface leveled, and applied in trenches four or five inches apart and about five inches deep. Vetch, wheat, potatoes, beets, peas and beans were grown in the boxes. The excess of yield in the second series was 6.3 per cent. in the case of the wheat, 29.9 in the beans and 20 in the potatoes.

Prunet experimented in the same line with potatoes grown on plots of hills and plain soil, with fertilizers carefully mixed with the soil in one series, and in the other applied in trenches parallel to the rows of potatoes. The yield of tubers was larger where the fertilizer was applied in rows than where it was mixed with the soil. The theory is presented that the sulphate of potash remains partly in solution and partly in a fixed state in combination with humus, and that the superphosphate is probably entirely fixed by the base of the soil; that on the plots where the fertilizing material was thoroughly dissolved, the surfaces of contact of the potash and phosphoric fertilizers with the soil were very great, and therefore the direction of those substances was very rapid. On the plots that received the fertilizers in rows parallel to the line of plants, the surface contact was greatly reduced and the fertilizers were rendered available more slowly. It is reported that the roots were more thoroughly developed in the vicinity of fertilizers, which were more completely utilized.

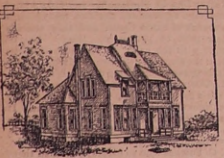
Hansen has experimented for three years past on the comparative action of liquid fertilizers spread over the surface and applied only between the rows, and on the differences in results of application in June, July and August. The crop was sugar beets. The average of three years' results shows that, as compared with effect of application between the rows taken as 100, that of fertilization uniformly of the whole surface was 86, when made in June, 65 when made in July, and 26 when made in August.

The results are interesting and suggestive of the conditions of the permanent soil. It has not been altogether favorable to the final settlement of the question, as the organic nitrogenous fertilizers used have all been of a kind readily transformed into nitrates and carried down by drainage into the lower levels of the soil. It is also clear that the best results are a longer amount of water at more regular intervals than would ordinarily be furnished in farm practice by rainfall. It is evident that this increase of yield is of sufficient practical importance to render desirable further tests and more detailed study of the subject. —Country Gentleman.

A CONVENIENT RURAL COTTAGE.

One That is As Well as Can Be Built at Small Cost.

A house design, to be acceptable for the country home of a family of about five or six members, should have the exterior modest and unique in appearance, with a symmetrical arrangement of the house so as to give large, sunny rooms, with plenty of cozy piazzas. The design shown in the illustrations carries out these features. The residence is well adapted to a site necessarily near the road, but overlooking the country.

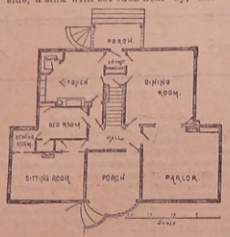


REAR VIEW OF COUNTRY RESIDENCE.

A pleasant prospect from the sides and rear. The high-pitched wings, at either side, seem to guard the domestic life from the exterior, and the high central roof rising above the porch adds dignity to the simple construction of this frame cottage is such as lends a character to the house different from a conventionally plain building, and yet it lacks the expensive detail work usually found in an original plan—the framing over the roof being the most difficult part of the construction, and will readily be understood from a little study of the plans. Entering at the front (see first floor plan), winding steps lead to a square porch, whose curved front affords an extensive view up and down the street, and on summer evenings this is an attractive place, with windows opening out upon it from the two front rooms.

The transverse hall is lighted by a large window at the farther end; at the right of the entrance is a large square parlor, with windows on every side. A mantel with a pleasant chimney corner seat for reading is at the rear, alongside the wide folding doors opening into the dining-room; a fireplace is also placed in a corner

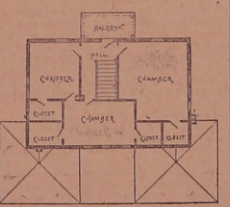
of this room, which communicates with the outside chimney running up in the angle of the house. A door leads into the front hall, and through an entry access is had from the back porch, with an inside passage, fitted up with china and panicle cases, is lighted from the entry, and separates the dining room from the kitchen and cellar. The kitchen is a well-ventilated room, with hot water boiler upon a broad hearth in a niche on one side, a sink with set tubs near by, and a



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

cupboard with sliding doors opposite, under the stairs. A corner is cut out of this room to provide for a very convenient light and airy pantry; although it is small, it is the best room already spoken of, it is sufficient for the usual needs. A passage between the kitchen and hall isolates it from the front of the house, keeping away steam and odors.

The other wing of the building is occupied by the family rooms, consisting of a sitting room half screened from the hall by a partition across the recess, which has a coat closet at one end; at the farther corner of the sitting room another partition shuts off a small sewing room. The symmetry and regularity of the sitting room aid the decorator in making this a very pretty apartment. Between the sewing room and the passage is a bedroom with fireplace, closet and wardrobe. The central feature of the hall is the broad staircase, rising between the partition walls and having a balustrade on either side; at the head of the stairs a windowed door opens upon a balcony over the rear porch. Three large chambers surround this hall, with plenty of closet room in each, and chimney connection in every room. There



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

is room enough under the main part of the house for a cellar, and such basement conveniences as are desired. Winding steps outside lead down to a basement entrance beneath the porch. The plan of the house of all the various apartments may be found by comparing the scale of feet accompanying the first floor plan given in the illustration first floor plan.—D. Comings, in American Agriculturist.

Agricultural Science.

At the recent meeting of the Society for the Promotion of Agricultural Science, held at Brooklyn, N. Y., Prof. Wm. Saunders, president in his opening address, gave a review of the work of experiment stations in the United States and Canada, particularly the latter. A feature much dwelt on was the experiments in hybridizing grain and fruit. Over 700 varieties of grain have been produced, of which 400 are still under cultivation, in the attempt to develop useful sorts. The most numerous hybrids have been those of different kinds of wheat. The Red Fife, the leading Canadian wheat, has been crossed with many imported varieties, the most noteworthy being the Lodoga wheat, a hybrid variety from Russia, grown in high latitudes near the lake of that name, and ripening earlier than the Red Fife, and several varieties from the Himalaya mountains, at altitudes from 400 to 11,000 feet. Hybrids have been produced, ripening six to six days sooner than the Red Fife. The drawbacks have been that the Lodoga wheat makes flour which gives bread of dark color; and the Himalayan wheat is generally less vigorous than Red Fife. However, by selecting the best hybrid, improved varieties of wheat are being developed; 237 of the 400 thus created, are still preserved and cultivated.

In barley, numerous hybrids have been produced, the two-rowed and six-rowed having been crossed, as well as other varieties. Prof. Saunders believes that he has produced a genuine cross between wheat and rye, and that for the first time, he has detected the alleged cross claimed by a New Yorker several years ago. Successful crosses have been made also of different varieties of peas.

Small fruits have been the subject of numerous experiments. The black currant has been crossed with the gooseberry, and with the white currant. These several crosses produced bushes which blossomed profusely, but utterly failed to ripen fruit. The leaves in many cases were completely covered with the strong odor characteristic of black currant.

A more successful venture was the crossing of a large red raspberry with black cap, resulting in a large purple cap berry. Prof. Saunders was re-elected president for the current year, and Prof. Wm. Frear, Pennsylvania State college, secretary and treasurer.

Budding Fruit Trees.

Fruit trees which are almost worthless can be rendered valuable by budding good varieties on them. The months of early fall are best for this as the work should be done before the sap ceases to flow.

A Rock-Ribbed Truth.

Time put into farm improvements is a better purchase than money in the bank for your children.

FARM AND GARDEN

GRANARY WEEVILS.

An Interesting Letter From Mr. Fletcher, Dominion Entomologist.

James Fletcher, Dominion entomologist, writes in regard to this pest:

"A good deal of consternation was felt lately at the World's Columbian exposition, at Chicago, when it became known that all the exposed grain, including the ornaments and decorations in the different courts of the Agricultural building, was infested by injurious insects. An order was issued by the superintendent of the agricultural department forbidding the distribution of any grain from those courts, even when brought in from outside for that express purpose. Being in Chicago at the time, I made a careful examination of the agricultural exhibits and found that the injury in the Canadian section was due almost entirely to two insects, the common rice weevil, *Calandra oryzae* (Fig. 8, where the insect is shown natural size, and alive, where it is shown enlarged) and the 'fly weevil,' better known as the Angoumois grain moth, *Gelechia cerealella*, a small moth at first sight, closely resembling the too well-known carpet moth. The rice weevil was also found a few specimens of the granary weevil, *Calandra granaria* (Fig. 6, 7).

"The important question for Canadian farmers was, of course, whether there was any danger of infestation into Canada, and new pests which would afterwards give trouble either in the field or in the granary. In my opinion, Canadian farmers need have no anxiety on this score; for both of the pests have already from time to time been imported from the south with various kinds of grain, but have failed to propagate and become established. This is due to the fact that they are tropical insects, which, although they are very injurious in the southern states, cannot exist for any length of time in our climate.

"The granary weevil is a small brown beetle, a little more than one-eighth of an inch in length, which lay their eggs in holes which they bore by means of a slender beak in the dry grain. When young grubs hatch, they complete their growth in the grain, and then burrow into the grain where the egg was laid. By this time they have eaten out all the interior of the kernel. The beetles then emerge and continue the work of destruction. When grain is kept in store for a long time, this injury may be considerable in hot climates, but in Canada the cold of our winters stops their development and destroys the beetles.

"The 'fly weevil' has never developed in Canada even to the same extent as the true weevil, although occasional instances of its occurrence have been brought to my notice. In the southern states, where it is very abundant, the moths fly from the granaries and lay their eggs upon the ripe grain in the fields; the eggs of young caterpillars are thus carried back again into the granary, and frequently are the cause of much loss. This never takes place in Canada.

"Remedy: Should grain at any time be found to be infested by these insects, often repeated experiment has shown that the insects can be easily and cheaply destroyed by treating it with kerosene oil, in the same way that peas are now regularly treated to free them from the pea weevil."

A Farm Stable.

A writer in The Tribune gives his method of ventilation and of making a cement floor. We quote a fraction of his remarks: "My plan of ventilation is to have an open hay chute above the manger and extending the entire length of it, and we arrange the barn so that this hay chute comes at the side of the barn floor above and just under the edge of the hay bay, my barn being a basement barn. With plenty of windows and doors below and this opening over the manger, and good bedding used freely, the air of the stable is always sweet and wholesome. For laying stable floors only Portland cement should be used, but as a barrel of it will make nearly 100 square feet of floor for a cow stable, and good Portland cement can now be bought at \$3 per barrel, the cost of the material is actually less than that of plank and joist, for with suitable joist and a two-inch floor it will require nearly 400 feet of lumber for 100 square feet of floor, and this would cost me \$2 a hundred for pine or \$2.50 a hundred for oak lumber. My entire stable is floored with cement—horse and cow stalls, manger, manure ditch, cellar and bedding room and a walk two feet wide back of the manure ditch.

"To make this concrete, we mix one part of cement to six parts of good gravel, finely broken stone four parts and coarse sand two parts, will answer. This is thoroughly mixed dry, then slightly wet by sprinkling with a watering pot, and thoroughly mixed until every particle is coated with the cement, and then rammed solid. The finishing coat is mixed, two parts of sand to one of cement, thoroughly tempered and poured on quite thin and level, and then left to harden. Little skill is required to put down a cement floor, as any one can, with a level and straight-edge, get it level, and it does not need to be troweled smooth, as horses and cattle would be less likely to slip on it if left rough. We lay in sections four or five feet wide by staking 2x4 or 2x6 edges and level it with a light straight-edge."

SMALL FRUITS WISDOM.

Suggestions Respecting Their Growth and Care by One Who Knows.

Mr. A. M. Thayer is the habit of issuing monthly bulletins that contain crisp sentences of advice in relation to the growth of the small fruits. We have collected below sections of several bulletins that for the most part are timely for those who are expecting the agent of fruit plants along a little later or who may be contemplating putting out stock for this fall or during the cold season.

All plants on which orange rust, early leaf or other diseases appear, should be dug out, root and branch, and burned.

Winter covering should be raked between rows for summer mulch.

Old canes should be cut out and burned as soon as done bearing.

Winter protection is necessary for small fruits here.

The cheapest and best protection is to cover with fresh earth.

With a little practice, bushes may be laid down without breaking.

Plants should be purchased only of reputable dealers.

New, high priced plants are generally disappointing.

A garden of small fruit gives health of body and peace of mind.

Less likelihood of novelties to the professional grower. They are generally disappointing. Never buy poor plants. The best are cheapest.

The space allowed for different plants should be determined by the value of the crop, the quality of soil and the method of trimming and training.

The following distances give best results in most cases: Strawberries set in rows three and one-half feet apart and about the feet in the row; blackberries and raspberries in rows seven feet apart and three feet in the row; currants and gooseberries in rows five to seven feet apart and three to five feet in the row; grapes eight to ten feet apart each way.

The Horse Nettle.

The troublesome weed, the well-known Horse Nettle (*Solanum Carolinense*), is apparently spreading north, though not so fast as some annual ones. Horse nettle is a native from Connecticut south to Florida and west to Texas, but it will soon be indigenous much further north if it spreads as it has done lately. It is now often seen in the streets of Canadian cities, on vacant lots and too often in cultivated fields, where it does great injury to crops.

Its common name does not indicate that this weed is closely related to the cultivated potato, but the botanical name of the genus shows close relationship. An examination of its flowers will show that they much resemble those of the potato, being bluish or whitish in color. The berry, commonly called the "seed" also resembles that formed on the potato. The leaves have large prickles on the midrib and some of the larger lateral ribs. They are also slightly hairy. The stem is beset with numerous stout prickles.

Many of the related plants of this genus are annuals but horse nettle is a deep-rooted perennial, its roots often extending



THE HORSE NETTLE.

Dr. Alfred L. Loomis of New York gives this interesting scientific testimony to the value of evergreens: "It is stated that whenever the pine, with its constant exhalation of turpentine vapor and its evergreen foliage, can be kept in a proportionate population, the atmosphere can be kept not only aseptic, but antiseptic by nature's own processes, independent of other influences, except a certain amount of sunshine and moisture. It is not possible for everyone to take his walk along an antiseptic air, but it is possible to render the air of most localities antiseptic. I would, therefore, impress on the public the importance of preserving our evergreen forests and cultivating about our homes evergreen trees."

Evergreens Restored.

Dr. Alfred L. Loomis of New York gives this interesting scientific testimony to the value of evergreens: "It is stated that whenever the pine, with its constant exhalation of turpentine vapor and its evergreen foliage, can be kept in a proportionate population, the atmosphere can be kept not only aseptic, but antiseptic by nature's own processes, independent of other influences, except a certain amount of sunshine and moisture. It is not possible for everyone to take his walk along an antiseptic air, but it is possible to render the air of most localities antiseptic. I would, therefore, impress on the public the importance of preserving our evergreen forests and cultivating about our homes evergreen trees."

About Celery Raisins.

The claim that it requires contact with earth to remove the acid properties of celery is said to have little foundation. The quality of brittleness and fine nutty flavor which is so much appreciated can be acquired by forcing the plants to a quick growth in a moist cool atmosphere. Celery blanched while stored in cellar is often of superior quality and in this process no soil is brought in contact with the stalks. Heat and dryness are probably responsible for the development of that strong, bitter taste which is often objectionable.

An Excellent Hint.

Flowering plants, such as asters, chrysanthemums, etc., which are being grown in the winter blooming with flower better if given a heavy mulch of fine manure now.

F. W. HART,

Sole Agent for these Counties for the Celebrated

Karn Pianos & Organs

Organs, \$35 and upwards,

Warranted for seven years. Terms to suit purchasers.

Old instruments taken in exchange. Call and see the beautiful piano-cased organ. Instruments sent on trial.

WAREHOUSES, MARKET SQUARE, - - NAPANEE.

FALL SEASON 1894.

THE BIG STORE STILL DOING BUSINESS AT THE OLD STAND.

Our clearing sale of Summer Goods was most satisfactory. We now direct our energies to the weightier materials for Fall and Winter wear. In addition to large importations of these lines from Great Britain and foreign countries; we have visited the home markets and secured an assortment of Canadian Staples which cannot fail to attract judicious buyers. These desirable lines are all passed into stock and are at the disposal of the public. As heretofore, space of course precludes enumeration, sufficient it will be to say that the stock is even more varied than in past seasons and comprises all kinds of fine

Dry Goods, Hosiery, French, German and English and American Dress Goods, Foreign and Domestic Woolsens, Linens, Fancy Goods, Ladies' Jackets,

and in fact everything necessary to a complete equipment of ladies' apparel.

To manufacture a first-class SUIT of gentleman's Clothing, where elegance of finish, style and durability are combined, requires as much skill, fine work and intelligence as the construction of a Piano. With a large stock of the choicest CLOTHS for gentleman's wear and possessing a thorough practical knowledge of the trade, our Mr. J. M. Hall is in a position to furnish the best of Clothing at the minimum of price. If you want to look like a man get Mr. Hall to make a suit for you.

We handle largely all classes of **BOOTS AND SHOES** purchased from the most reliable manufacturers and carefully selected for their qualities of attractive appearance fine finish and wearing properties.

A distinguishing feature of our business is the retail and jobbing trade in **GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS** many lines are sold by retail at wholesale prices.

We are in a position to offer special inducements in all lines of

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, PAINTS, OILS, CROCKERY, ETC.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

THE BIG STORE,

A. A. RICHARDSON,

Main St., Deseronto, Sept. 25, 1894.

Manager.

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IS NOW BUILT IN CANADA.

OVER ONE MILLION HORSE POWER IN USE.

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Readers, Dictionaries, Scribblers, Copy

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7c. STORE. XMAS

We have a large variety of
Goods suitable for presents.

DOLLS, TOYS,
WORK BOXES,
WRITING DESKS,
XMAS CARDS,
ALBUMS.

TEA SETS, Etc.

Japanese Cuff and Handker
chief Boxes.
Splendid line of Fancy China
Cups and Saucers, cheap.

C. J. ADAMS,
St. George Street, Deseronto.

UNDERTAKING.



We desire to inform the people of
Deseronto that we have started an

Undertaking

Department in connection with our
business. Elegant Hearnes and bea-
utiful horses. Embalming done free of
charge. Prices so low as to be within
the reach of all persons. All parties
needing our services should remember
the place, GIBBARD Warehouse, St.
George Street, Deseronto.

T.W.OKE,



There are thousands suffering from some
deficient infirmity, none the less because it
is a disease without a name. In Celery Iron
Pills, all such sufferers will meet with the
long looked for "friend in need." It acts
simply by restoring tone and vigor to the
nervous system. Urugsists and dealers,
or mail. Price 50 cts. six for \$2.50. The
Celery Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

ATTEND THE Belleville Business College

It is the Model Business College of
Canada.
The courses are so arranged as to
enable the graduates to efficiently fill
important and lucrative positions in
Canada and the United States.
Send for free circular.

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BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE,
BELLEVILLE, ONT.
ROBERT BOGLE,
MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR

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We beg to advise those desiring fire insurance
that we are the agents for
Royal Insurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000,
RESERVE, \$35,000,000.
Western Assurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$1,000,000,
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CAPITAL AND ASSETS, \$25,000,000.
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CAPITAL, \$500,000,
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SURPLUS, \$2,612,300.
Alliance Assurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$25,000,000.
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Insurance Company Incorporated 1836.
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000,
INVESTED FUNDS OVER \$4,500,000 (0)

The standing of these Companies is such that
all may be satisfied that in case of loss the
claim will be promptly and equitably
settled. Farmers will find it to their interest to insure
with us.
Record kept of all Policies and Notices sent
owners before expiration of policy.
THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
Deseronto, Ont.

The Tribune.

FRIDAY, JAN. 4, 1895.

DISTRICT ITEMS.

Coudundum teas are popular in Trenton
Cahore dunes curl their hair with curling
teas.
Smith's Falls has a new public school cost-
ing \$7,000.
Moses Williams, aged 75, died at Selby
on Dec. 28th.
The A. O. U. W. at Moira cleared \$50 at
their concert.
The Presbyterians of Stella netted \$30 by
a small bazaar.
Mr. Daniel Martin, East Lake, died on
Christmas morning.
A tent of the Macbees has been organized at
Caledonia Place.
The Cape Vincent steamer leaves King-
ston at 8:45 a.m.
A lodge of Chacon Friends has been
instituted at Perth.
Allen M. McCabe, of Rowdon, died on
Dec. 27th, aged 72.
The people of Wilton are moving for
telephone connection.
Ottawa's winter carnival will be held from
January 21st to 26th.
The Roman Catholic of Brookville, cleared
\$820 by their fair.
Belleville A. O. U. W. opened a new
lodge room last week.
Mrs. Wm. McCaig, Gananoque, died
Dec. 26th, aged 62 years.
The Methodist of Parry's Bay cleared
\$33 by their tea meeting.
A council of Chosen Friends has been
organized at South Bay.
Christopher Hanley died at Jetera on
Dec. 28th, aged 62 years.
The Methodists of Selby realized \$100 by
their anniversary services.
Robert Curry, aged 22, died Dec. 26th, at
the hospital, from consumption.
A general conference of Plymouth Brethren
will meet at Kingston last week.
The Kingston city building is still heated
by means of old fashioned stoves.
Chas. Greer and Annie McGee, of Nap-
es, were married on Xmas Day.
Maggie Hofferford will be a teacher in the
Twins school after the holidays.
A Rochester syndicate will build a summer
hotel and club house at Rice Lake.
At Athens George Hogan and Carrie
Witale were married on Dec. 26th.
Adding a county agricultural society
meets at Harrowsmith Jan. 10th.
The Methodist Sunday school at Wilton
cleared \$24 by their Christmas tree.
D. F. Gillespie is master and W. J. Hall
secretary of L. O. L. 197, Plainfield.
The first crossing of the bay with a rig at
Belleville, was on Dec. 20th.
Wm. Way, one of the oldest residents of
Spartanburg, died on the 23rd, aged 87.
Ira Mallory, one of the oldest residents of
the Brookville district, is dead, aged 83.
John Rutherford, formerly of the G. T. R.,
has purchased the City Hotel, Kingston.
B. B. Warren, half a mile west of Lane-
down, died suddenly on Dec. 21st.
A new lodge of A. O. U. W. has been
instituted at Inish, Huntingdon township.
Chas. Williams, of Marlbank, and Laura
King, of Perth, were married, Dec. 19th.
The will of the late Jacob D. Brooker,
Belleville, has been probated. Estate \$7,100.
At Bloomfield H. K. Bowerman has been
elected a school trustee, Mr. Clinton retir-
ing.
Mr. Sidney McMullen, of Sidney town-
ship, died in the Kingston asylum on Dec.
27th.
J. M. Squier during the past year in ship-
ping 40,000 bushels of flax seed to the U. S.
Jacob Hawley, a respectable farmer resid-
ing not far from Napes, died on Dec. 24th,
aged 60.
The North Foxboro church realized \$1600
by their tea meeting and anniversary
service.
W. B. Greir, of Foxboro, and Lydia A.
Solomon, of Limerick township, were married
Dec. 24th.
Miss Barbara J. Delong, a former resident
of Belleville, died recently at her home in
Consecon.
A man named Alms, near Salmon Point,
died in his barn and drove house by fire
recently.
Chas. W. Storms and Sarah Winters, of
North Maryburg, were married on Decem-
ber 24th.
Rev. D. McClelland was presented with a
purse of \$25 by the Sand Hill congregation,
Hay Bay.
Elliott Vanalentine, of Napes, and Miss
Alice Young of Hay Bay, were married on
Christmas eve.
At Oshawa S. H. Barber shop and
Ralph's harness shop were gutted by fire
last Saturday.
Miss M. J. Collins, Belleville, has been
appointed chief seamstress of the new
Belleville asylum.
Five hotelkeepers at Smith's Falls have
been fined \$25 and costs each for selling
liquor after hours.
John Fisher was drowned in the lake
basin at Iroquois on Dec. 24th, having fallen
in during the darkness.
G. D. Hicke, of Grand Rapids, Mich.,
and Bessie Bagley, of Huron, were
married on Christmas eve.
Gwyn Macaulay Bedford Jones, son of the
Archdeacon of Kingston, died very suddenly
at Brookville last week, aged 23.
Henry Young, of Kingston, now residing
back of the city, was receiving \$12 per month
from the United States authorities.
J. D. Gombell Shaw, Bank of Montreal,
Toronto, and Miss Rosetta J. Benjamin,
Belleville, were married Dec. 27th.
C. Donnelly, proprietor of the well known
and popular Windsor Hotel, Alliston, Ont.,
was troubled for years with Rheumatism.
He was cured by J. M. McGee's Allis-
ton, every man, to use Chas. O'Leary's
method, and he was cured, had no return
of them, and highly recommends the O'Leary
as a sovereign cure for Rheumatism.
When Tony was sick, we gave him Castoria.
When the baby was sick, we gave him Castoria.
When the woman was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When the child was sick, we gave him Castoria.
When the man was sick, we gave him Castoria.
When the woman was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When the child was sick, we gave him Castoria.
When the man was sick, we gave him Castoria.

SHIPS PASSING AT SEA.

HOW THEY TALK TO EACH OTHER
ACROSS THE WATER.

Age of Marine Signaling—How It Was
Done Centuries Ago—Its Progress
Through the Ages—The "Wig Wag"
System—An International Code.
Marine signaling is at least 25 cen-
turies old. Among the Greeks and Ro-
mans the polished surfaces of the shields
were used as mirrors to reflect the sun-
light from one tower to another. As
they used no gunpowder, the flashes of
smoke to interfere, and the flashes of
sunlight could be easily read. In this
day it could not be done, for whole
squadrons of warships are sometimes
engaged in smoke. However, smoke-
less powder may in a few years so alter
conditions as to make some similar
system possible in battle.
The use of firearms introduced a new
mode of signaling, only as regards sig-
nals of distress, and as a manner of
saluting other nations. In actual battle
the cannon are useless as signals, be-
cause each nation is firing indiscriminately,
and the number of guns to be
fired is signals lose their identity. Any
foreign vessel of war entering a harbor
of another country with which it is at
peace hoists the flag of that country at
the fore truck and fires a salute of 21
guns. When at sea it hoists the same
number of guns. A vessel in dis-
tress, if in danger, fires a gun contin-
uously until some answer is had from
shore or some other vessel, if there is
one in hearing distance.
The semaphore has been very success-
ful for short distances. This is an ob-
long ball, about 3 feet in diameter,
which is manipulated on a flagstaff or
hoisted by a line. It is used almost ex-
clusively on coasting and in harbors.
For short distances the semaphore is
the flag. The flag is raised in order
the balls are raised to certain elevations
on the staff, which carry certain mean-
ings. Suppose the letter "a" is "up anchor,"
hoist one ball at half mast, and let it
remain until all the other vessels have
seen "all right," or perhaps, one ball at
the masthead and one half mast might
mean "up anchor," and so on three,
four or five balls could be manipulated
in certain combinations to mean any
general order in the tactics of naval man-
euvering. For short distances the semi-
aphore is very successful and is also
used among merchant vessels, as well
as men-of-war.
The principal signal for short distan-
ces is the "wig-wag," which is used, not
for general maneuver, as the semaphore,
but for any and all messages that need
to be explained in detail. The "wig-
wag" is made by a person standing erect
with a small flag in each hand, which
he waves in certain combination for
certain letters. For instance, if both
arms are held erect over the head and
brought down in a circular motion to the
side, each flag would describe a semi-
circle and a letter "o" would be de-
scribed.
Hold the left flag out horizontally
from the body and describe a semi-circle
with the right flag, then the right flag
out and circle with the left, and so on.
Combining motions until every letter in
the alphabet is represented by a motion.
In all the navies of the world the small
boys taken as apprentices are trained as
wig-wag men for the "wig-wag," but
all other modes.
The flag system is the most universal
and satisfactory of all codes, both
nationally and internationally. The dif-
ference between the "wig-wag" and the
flag system is the "wig-wag" repre-
sents the letters themselves, but the
large flags represent not only words, but
sentences. These are recorded in a book
which every vessel has, and by refer-
ring to the number in the book that the
flags represent, the message is interpreted.
When large flags are used they are
hoisted to the masthead by an ordinary
halyard, with the flags are fastened
with the units flag of the desired num-
ber at the bottom, ten next, and so on.
Long triangular shaped flags (pennants,
properly called), of different colors and
combinations of colors make up the num-
bers. This is easy, as only nine digits
are used (the zero being excluded), and
one flag over another can give any num-
ber wanted. Each nation has its own
combination of numbers, so that they can
signal among themselves, while
others can see and not understand.
Then there is an international code by
which any two nations may communi-
cate, inasmuch as figures are the same
in all nations, and though they might
not understand the words in common,
they can interpret the flag numbers.
Every vessel that floats, whether mer-
chantman or man-of-war, has a number,
which is recorded in the international
list of vessels, which gives the name of
the owner, master, or port of country,
to which it belongs. Vessels passing at
sea always exchange numbers as a sal-
ute, the same as we exchange saluta-
tions with persons on the street, who
are strangers or friends. The flag of
the country from which the vessel has
been hoisted, and if a merchantman
meet a man-of-war at sea she dips her
country's flag in honor to the other
country, which, of course, is answered
in a similar manner, and for the mer-
chantman not to dip is an insult. Gov-
ernment vessels are always distinguished
from other vessels by the long, narrow
pennant flying from the mainmast.
There are many flag signals that every-
one knows, and they are universal, even
among savage tribes, as if these colors
were ordained to represent certain
things. They are the white flag of
peace, the black flag of piracy, red
flag, danger, yellow flag, sickness. For
a national flag to fly is to mean either a
holiday or public prosperity, and that
same flag at half mast is to be mourn-
ing, a funeral, or some other such dis-
grace. There are other signals known
internationally, as the national flag
hoisted bottom side upward means dis-
tress, and for the flag to be tied in a
knot means mutiny and sometimes trea-
son.—Hartford Post.

THE DAIRY

WHY BUTTER DOES NOT KEEP.
Some Points About the New and the Old
Fashioned Ways.
It is generally agreed that butter
made by the deep-sealing or creamer
system does not, as a rule, keep sweet
as long as that made from cream raised
in pans, the old fashioned way. If
this is true—and I am quite inclined to
think it is—the reason is not difficult to
find. Let us look at the points of dif-
ference in the two systems.
The old way of straining the milk in
to shallow pans set in a room where the
temperature was only moderately cool,
say 60° or thereabouts, gave an even-
ness to the temperature of the butter
from the time it was set until it was
churned, and after that usually until it
was eaten, as refrigerators for keeping
butter and other articles of food could
were not then so commonly in use.
There was no forcing process from first
to last. The cream came to the top in
its own time in moderate temperature.
The cream skimmed off when it was
sour, was already at a proper tempera-
ture for churning.
Under these conditions the butter was
acclimated, so to speak, to enable it to
withstand in better condition the trans-
fer from the dairy to the grocery, and
thence to the consumer who probably
had to carry it some distance, and in a
pantry in which to keep it. As this was
not far from the temperature in which
it was made, no harm resulted for a con-
siderable length of time.
Now look at the new or deep-sealing
process, for it is the new kept in mind.
At least it is indispensable if the cream
is to be obtained between milkings. If
not, the water must be changed fre-
quently in order to keep the tempera-
ture as low as possible. The cream is
removed and the milk is churned (except
for time it is warmed for souring as
cold as possible). It is cooled again after
churning by being placed in cold storage
obtained by ice and kept there until
taken to the grocer, or sent by rail to the
consumer.
This butter will not bear a warming
up and still keep its flavor equal to that
which is made in open air subject to
only a natural degree of cold. If kept
continually in cold storage it keeps its
flavor almost if not quite as long as the
other. It is the changing from the low
temperature of the creamer and the
then of the refrigerator to a warm
one in stores, in transit by rail, and
finally in the homes of consumers, which
hastens its decay. Creamery butter,
another of the new ways, has more than
the natural gravitation of the cream, is
more or less forced. This accounts for
its spoiling so soon when exposed to a
warmer air for any length of time.
It is noticeable in speaking of the
keeping qualities of butter, that the
quantity of time butter may hold over
until fall is very much less than former-
ly. One reason for this is that the
creameries now gather up the milk or
cream from very many farms, which
formerly made up the butter at home.
Another reason is that the new family
cream is now supplied with the cold
deep-sealing plan in some way and that
the butter does not keep well enough to
allow of storing it in cellars until fall.
An experiment was made this past
summer with granular butter, placed
loosely in a new butter-cloth bag (a
bag made of new butter cloth) and
dropped into a crock containing very strong
brine. The butter was weighed suffi-
ciently to keep it under the brine and
securely tied with paper over the crock.
After it had been in the crock two
months, it was taken out and pressed
sufficiently to exclude the brine. It was
found to be in good condition, with only
enough flavor of packed butter to make
it taste mildly fresh made. It had ex-
actly the flavor so many persons like, of
good packed butter. This experiment
I shall try again next year, keeping it
longer before opening. The butter be-
ing in granules the brine had access to
each one perfectly. This process is
similar to the one in vogue on the Pa-
cific coast where the cream rolls the only
form butter is ever put up are wrapped
separately in butter-cloth and submerg-
ed in casks of brine. This is called
pickling the butter, and while it cannot
be said to retain the flavor perfectly, it
makes a very saving way of keeping it.—
E. E. Rockwood, in Ohio Farmer.

"She Looketh Well"

to the ways of her household."
Yes, Solon is right; that is what
the good housekeeper everywhere
does, but particularly in Can-
ada.
But her ways are not always
old ways. In fact she has dis-
carded many unsatisfactory old
ways. For instance, to-day she
is using
Flaxoline
the New Shortening, instead of
lard. And this is in itself a reason
why "she looketh well" in
moderate sense, for she eats no
lard to cause poor digestion and
a worse complexion.
COTTONOLINE is much better
than lard for all cooking pur-
poses, as every one who has tried
it declares. Have you tried it?
For sale everywhere.
Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
Wellington and Ames Sts.,
MONTREAL.
GAGGED ON THE ROAD.
On Tuesday Dec. 18th, George Alley,
treasurer of the school section where he
lives, on his way north of Hawkeston, went
to that village to draw money to pay the
teacher. On returning in the evening he
was stopped by two men. They pointed a
revolver at him, and he was forced to
immediately one of the robbers dealt him
a blow over the temple with a revolver, and
told him if he made any more noise they
would finish him. They then forced him
and tied him to a tree and took his pocket
book containing \$60.
Shortly after their departure a young man
named Semich was passing that way, and
while waiting his horses at the creek near
by he heard a strange noise, and, upon go-
ing to the place from whence the sound pro-
ceeded, he found Mr. Alley in a helpless
condition. The rope with which he was
tied was knotted so hard that Semich had
to cut it to get him free. Mr. Alley had \$75
in his hip pocket which the robbers did not
get. His pocket book was found in a field
not far from the scene of the robbery, but
the money was gone.
25 CENTS IN KIDNEY TROUBLE.
For 2 years I was diseased, pilled and
plastered for weak back, swelling urine and
other troubles, and only 25 cents in Kidney
Liver Pills. One box of
Clare's Kidney-Liver Pills relieved, 3 boxes
cured. R. J. Smith, Toronto.
Michael Moore, for many years locum
tenens at the Narrows Lake, died on Dec. 22nd.
HEED THE WARNING.
The common and ever pre- warning of
kidney trouble, backache and weakness in
back, are quickly relieved by Dr. Chase's
Pills. The original and only 25 cents in Kidney
Liver Pills. When all other remedies fail,
they cure.
The evaporator, causing factory and
cider mill of Byron Hughes, Cherry Valley,
were burned on Dec. 20th. Insurance
\$5,000.
COMMON SENSE.
Should be in attempting to cure that
very disagreeable disease, catarrh. As
catarrh originates in impurities in the blood,
local application can do no permanent good.
The common sense method of treatment is nat-
urally the blood, and for this purpose there
is no preparation superior to Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring
peristaltic action to the alimentary canal.
At Port Hope, Beverly Ross, of Niagara
Falls, tripped and fell on the G. T. R. track
and the train passed over him which had
to be amputated.
Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's
Sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It
cures catarrh. Give it a trial.
Sidney Town hall, where factory and
2,350,000 lbs of milk; patrons get \$24.17;
it required 10,730,000 lbs of milk to make
one pound of cheese.
Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup removes
worms of all kinds from children or adults.
A branch of the Bank of Ottawa will be
opened at Eganville.
SKIN DISEASES.
Skin Diseases are more or less occasioned
by bad blood. R. B. H. cures the following
Skin Diseases: Scabies, Eczema, Itching
Rashes, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eruptions,
Pimples and Blotches, by removing all im-
purities from the blood from a common
Pimple to the worst Scrofulous sore.
George Reddick, Sidney township, fell
down stairs and died from the injuries
received.
OBSTINATE COUGHS.
Osthine Cough Syrup yields to the grateful
resulting action on Norway Pine Syrup. The
treacherous, persistent cough of consumptives
is quickly relieved by the unrivaled throat
and lung remedy. Price 25c and 50c.
At Belleville, on Dec. 26th, Norman E.
West and Jessie Miller were united in holy
wedlock.
Norway Pine Syrup cures Croup.
Norway Pine Syrup cures Whooping Cough.
Norway Pine Syrup heals the lungs.
PECULIAR in combination, pro-
portion and preparation of ingredi-
ents, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses great
curative value. You should TRY IT.

Kingston Foundry & Machinery Co.,
(LIMITED).
KINGSTON, ONTARIO
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS AND MARINE
SUPPLIES, MILL AND GENERAL CAST-
INGS MANUFACTURED AND MAINTAINED.
REPAIRS PROMPTLY DONE.

The celebrated Kingston Foundry
PROPELLER WHEELS
to suit the smallest Yacht or largest Steamers.
All wheels are made under the personal
supervision of Mr. Robt. Carroll.

SHIP PUMPS, CAPSTANS, HOISTS, BARGE
STEERING GEARS, POTASH KETTLES,
CHEESE FACTORY BOILERS,
Etc. Write for circular and price list.

Deseronto Navigation Co., Ltd.
Running in connection with the Grand Trunk and
Bay of Quinte Railways for Picon and all
Quinte Ports.
Sure Connections with All Trains.

Steamer **ELLA ROSS** will sail further notice, sail
day (Sundays) excepted as follows:

Ly. Picon..... 6 a.m.	Ar. Deseronto..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Picon..... 6 p.m.	Ly. Deseronto..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 7 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 7 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 8 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 8 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 9 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 9 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 10 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 10 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.

Steamer **DESERONTO** will sail daily (Sundays)
excepted as follows:

Ly. Picon..... 6 a.m.	Ar. Deseronto..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Picon..... 6 p.m.	Ly. Deseronto..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 7 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 7 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 8 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 8 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 9 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 9 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 10 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 10 p.m.	Ly. Picon..... 10 a.m.

Best and quickest route between Kingston and
Picon.

**Deseronto to Oswego and all
U. S. Points.**
The comfortable and safe sailing steamer **Resolute**
and **Reliance** sail regularly (weather permit-
ting) for Oswego, New York and other U. S. points.
This steamer makes one extra trip between Deseronto
and Deseronto with mails and passengers for G. T. R.
going east as follows:

Ly. Picon..... 9 a.m.	Ar. Deseronto..... 3 p.m.
Ar. Deseronto..... 9 a.m.	Ly. Picon..... 3 p.m.

Best and quickest route between Kingston and
Picon.

The Steamer is open for engagements for Excursion
visits at all times. For particulars apply to the Agent.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
Agent.

DR. BEN'S MOTHER-WORT PILLS
FOR ALL CRITICAL PERIODS AND CHANGE OF
LIFE. Sold by all Druggists, or by mail price 60
cents, six boxes, \$2.50. The Celery Pill
Co., Toronto, Ont.

**EGAR'S
"Cod Liver Emulsion!"
EGAR'S
Botanical bitters!
EGAR'S
Liver and Stomach Pills
EGAR'S
Tasteless Castor Oil
EGAR'S
Horehound and Pine
EGAR'S
Cough Mixture!
EGAR'S
Indian Cough Balsam.
EGAR'S
Wild Strawberry**

PLUMP CHEEKS.
A clear skin, and all the other indications
of good health will quickly follow the
use of Campbell's famous
Skril Cod Liver Oil.
It is pure and almost tasteless.

—ASK—
Your Grocer
—FOR—
**SURPRISE
BAKING
POWDER,**
AND TAKE NO OTHER.

MANUFACTURED BY
SEXSMITH & HOOPER,
Deseronto, Ontario.

WIMS & CO.

SALE OF JACKETS

Geo. Ritchie & Co
Belleville.

Yours Truly,
W. H. BRUTON.

the tuber. Potatoes baked are more nutritious than prepared in any other form, because the valuable mineral salts are held in solution by the pellicle of the skin. If it is desired to remove the skin, it should be done by rubbing with a rough cloth, which preserves the true skin.

Richardson, A. A. Richardson, and Geo. Pearson. In the West ward Geo. Walker, J. R. Booth and E. Gaulin have retired leaving in the field only L. Hoppins, J. Fletcher, W. Irvine, A. E. Graessy, J. J. Kerr, R. H. Bogart, G. E. Clement and R. H. Sims.

To remove worms of all kinds from children or adults Dr. Low's Worm Syrup is a safe and sure remedy.

Yours faithfully,
L. HOPPINS,
The Workingman's and Farmer's Friend
P. S.—All weights guaranteed, 16 ounces
to the pound, and a "Stunner" in Tea a
30 cents.

The Tribune.

FRIDAY, JAN. 4, 1893.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The First National Bank of Fort Pierre, S. D. has assigned.

The Manitoba Government has permanently closed the Longue Point office.

The Manitoba Legislature will meet for the despatch of business on Jan. 24th.

Mrs. Jacob Bosty of Hagerville, in the Bank of Hamilton was robbed of \$30.

The plans for the new swing bridge to be built over the Beach Canal have been received in Hamilton.

The Delevan House at Albany, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, persons killed and half a dozen injured.

The mineral production of Idaho for 1893 is reported as follows: \$1,870,000; silver, \$2,350,000; lead \$3,000,000.

John Fitzgerald, ex-President of the Irish National League of America, died at his home near Lincoln, Neb., aged 65.

Lady Aberdeen's Christmas present to her Excellency consisted of a portrait of Lady Mary Lennox, her daughter.

At New York Battalion Chief John Brennan and Assistant Foreman John J. Rosey were killed at a fire at 124 West 44th street.

A special cable says there is excellent reason to believe that the Colonial Office supports the Canadian view of the copyright question.

Charles Rose, charged with embezzling and forgery from the Gas and Coke Co. of London, England, to the extent of \$30,000, is under arrest in St. Louis, Mo.

Mr. Richard Davidson of Salisbury, W. Va., was crushed by a tree falling on him and the doctors who are attending him say it is impossible for him to recover.

The British bark *Osoo* was wrecked in a gale at Holyhead, and with her perished her entire crew of 26 men. The *Osoo* was driven ashore back of the Holyhead breakwater.

Fire destroyed the large residence of Mrs. Dixon, Mrs. Marchmont, of Maple Creek, last Wednesday morning, and a little four-year old daughter of one of the brothers was burned to death.

At a convention of the Patrons of Industry of Essex County held at Essex last Wednesday, the place of election to the Dominion House of Commons, Mr. Samuel Clapp will be the Patron candidate in North Essex and Mr. Oliver Resume in South Essex.

The house of William Thompson, a farmer living 25 miles north of Regina, took fire while the family were asleep. Thompson's youngest child was burned to death, another child severely burned, and his wife badly burned throughout the body. Thompson, who was perfectly nude when he escaped from the house, had with him his wife and a young child in an old building and started for a neighbor's. The thermometer registered nearly 40 degrees below zero and Thompson was frozen badly before he reached the house.

HISTORY IN RHYME.

First William the Norman, then William his son,
Henry, Stephen, and Henry, then Richard and John;

After Henry the Third, Edwards one, and after Richard the Second, three Henrys we were;

Four Edward precede the third Richard, then press
Two Henrys, Sixth Edward, Queen Mary, Queen Bess;

Next James from Scotland, and Charles must be reckoned
By Cromwell succeeded and then Charles the Second;

After him we had James, who relinquished the throne
To William and Mary, then William alone

Will Anne, the four Georges, Fourth William all passed
Victoria now reigns, may she long be the last.

—Anonymous Historian.

THE LOW PRICE OF HOPS.

The price of hops is most unprecedently low, the sale of a lot of choice Prince county hops having been sold in this market at 40¢ a price before unheard of.

The buyer here did not expect to get them, but they were a very superior lot. The growers lose 30¢ per lb. on the transaction as the hops cost him 10¢ per lb. laid down here.

A number of grumblers have been seen in Quebec have ploughed up their hop fields for other crops next year. This is not to be wondered at, when he considered that the bulk of the hops of 1894 growth have been sold at a loss to growers—*Montreal Trade Bulletin*.

THE ELEVATOR AT PRESCOTT.

It is thought that Prescott's long-talked-of elevator is now a thing of the past future. It is stated that William Scott, manager of the McKay Milling Company, Ottawa, and J. Jamieson, the Canadian Pacific Railway architect, held two or three conferences with the Prescott Council recently. One report was private, but it is understood that the contract for the erection of the elevator was awarded to Architect Jamieson for \$150,000.

He agreed to take \$25,000 of the stock. The site selected for the elevator is located between the ferry and railroad docks. Work is to be begun at once. The contractor states that the new elevator should have a capacity for handling 12,000 bushels of grain per hour, and shall be the best elevator in Ontario.

THE MARINE LOSSES.

One satisfactory feature of this season's traffic on the great lakes is the comparative light loss of life and vessel property. The seas and cargo loss was the least in ten years, the total being \$300,000 for this season.

Eight vessels, thirty sailors sacrificed their lives, the greater number perishing in the ice storm of last year. Last year 122 sailors and passengers were drowned, seventy of them going down during the gale of Oct. 18th.

The loss in 1893, when 204 persons were drowned on the great lakes. The comparative measure due to this year was in a great measure due to the excellent work of the fifty-one life saving stations along the coast.

REAL MERIT IS THE CHARACTER.

It is after Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures even of the most dangerous fall.

GET HOOD'S.

A MILLER'S STORY.

He Was Given Just One Month To Live.

FIRST ATTACK WITH INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM AND THEN STRUCK DOWN BY PARALYSIS—HOPE ABANDONED AND HE LONGED FOR DEATH TO RELEASE HIM FROM SUFFERING—AT LAST HE FOUND A CURE AND RELATES HIS WONDERFUL RECOVERY.

For some time from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are well known to the *Gazette*.

It is a frequent occurrence that people come into the office and state that they have been restored to health by their use. It occasionally happens that extraordinary instances of their curative power come to our notice, and one of these we related to us recently, so astonishing in its nature that we felt the closest investigation was required in order to truthfully test the accuracy of the statements made to us. We devoted the necessary time for that purpose and our own view for the reliability of the following facts, wonderfully pasting belief as they may appear.

There are few men more widely known in this section than Dr. A. T. Hopkins, of the *Gazette*. Previous to his removal to the *Gazette*, Mr. Hopkins resided at Windsor Mills and was for three years a member of the municipal council of that place. When a young man Mr. Hopkins was noted for his strength and his ability as a wrestler. His strength stands him in good stead for his work here at his business, carrying sacks of flour in his mill for many hours during the day and frequently far into the night. As he is a strong man, as he is, there was a time not long distant when he was as helpless as an infant and suffered intolerable agony. About three years ago, while residing at Windsor Mills, he was attacked by inflammatory rheumatism. It grew worse and worse until, in spite of medical advice and prescriptions, after a year's illness he had a stroke of paralysis. His right arm and leg became quite useless. Sores broke out on both legs. He suffered excruciating agony and had not another day to live. He sought the best medical advice that could be obtained, but no hopes were held out to him by the physicians. "He will certainly die within a month," one well known practitioner told his friends. "He will be a cripple for life," said two other doctors. It is no wonder that, as he says, he became a burden to him and he longed for death to relieve him from his sufferings. This was in August, 1892. About October of that year he heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and as a fatherly hope determined to try them. He did so and before long was able to take outdoor exercise. He proved with the treatment, closely following the directions, and is to-day nearly as strong as when a young man, and is able to follow successfully and without difficulty the laborious calling by which he gets a living.

Such was the wonderful story told the *Gazette* by Mr. Hopkins, who attributes his recovery wholly to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and he is willing to satisfy any person who may call on him as to their wonderful effects.

A depressed condition of the blood or a shattered nervous system is the secret of most of the ailments mentioned and by restoring the blood and rebuilding the nerves, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are a powerful tonic, and a tonic to the blood, and the lives of many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to a pale cheek. Men broken down by overwork, weary, exhausted, and with faded Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."—*Sherbrooke Gazette*.

CURIOUS FACTS.

Bodies of moths are covered with a thick down because the insects require protection from the dampness of the night.

The new Atlantic cable carries 650 pounds of highest-purity copper and 500 pounds of gutta-percha insulation to the mile.

White clothing is cool because it reflects the heat of the sun, and black clothing is warm because it absorbs both heat and light.

A caterpillar in the course of its own weight in food. It will take a man three months before he eats an amount of food equal to his own weight.

Mistress—And, pray, why don't you want to leave me, Anna? Cook—The doctor has ordered my granular more generous diet!—(Bawling) Nachrichten.

Daughter—Well, Oh, papa, to-day I enter already on my thirtieth year. Father—Calm yourself, child—it won't last long.—*Flying Dutchman*.

BOILED DOWN.

Nearly every human race have been moulded by the same stages of their history.

The preparation of the human hair for the market gives employment to seven thousand Parisians.

Research shows that there is not a particle of vegetation in the eastern part of the North Sea. It is one great water waste.

The Dyak head hunting has a religious origin. The Dyak believes that everything he kills in this world will be his slave in the next.

In olden times screws were made by hand, and five minutes were spent in making one. Now a machine rattles out sixty in a minute.

A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING.

The rock of Gibraltar resembles in outline a lion in a resting position.

The mean annual temperature of the Arctic region is below thirty degrees Fahrenheit.

A humming bird was said to have been stung to death by a bee at Columbia, Wis., recently.

The starfish has no nose, but the whole of its underside is endowed with the sense of smell.

PERSONALS OF ROYALTY.

The queen of England always sleeps with her bedroom window open.

Among his many accomplishments the duke of Edinburgh can speak seven different languages.

Sir Edwin Arnold said the other day that he endorsed a remark once made by Chaucer, M. D'Arville: "Fame depends on being known to interviewers."

The duke of York has never conquered his tendency to seasickness, and although he does a great deal of yachting with his father it is not all plain sailing with him.

Lord Aberdeen first met his wife on the *Gazette*. It was at dinner, and a young lady inquired of Sir Arthur whether he was composing anything at present.

"No," he replied; "at present he is decomposing."

The duke of York, who is an enthusiastic stamp collector, recently applied to the general of the colonies for specimens of the stamps of his country.

In reply stamps have been sent to him by the sheet, and in some cases issues withdrawn have been repaid for him.

WHY AND WHEREFORE.

Clouds that move in the direction opposite to that of the surface current indicate a change of weather, because they prove the existence of two air currents, one warm and the other cold, and the mingling of these often causes rain.

The strongest muscle in the calf of the leg, because locomotion is one of the most necessary functions of the body. The muscle of the calf has been found by actual experiment to be capable of sustaining seven times the weight of the body.

Many persons lay a poker across the top of a grate to make the fire burn, because of a popular superstition, once credited, that a poker across the grate was the devil.

Two pokers were used, and were laid across the grate in the form of a cross.

The human system can endure a heat of two hundred and twelve degrees, the boiling point of water, because the skin is a bad conductor and because the perspiration cools the body. Men have without injury a heat of three hundred degrees for several minutes.

WORK AND WAGES.

An engraver in Rio de Janeiro can make \$12 per week.

A blacksmith in Jerusalem can make \$1.92 per week.

The King of Bavaria has a salary of \$1,412,000 a year.

A printer in Peru can make from \$1.25 to \$1.80 a day.

Shop girls in France receive an average of \$100 a year.

In Mexico seamstresses are paid 37 cents a day; weavers, 50 cents.

Bookkeepers in Germany receive from \$300 to \$500 a year.

Teachers in Hamburg receive from \$11 to \$38 per month.

Fig packers in Asia Minor, if skilful, can make 20 cents a day.

A camel owner and his beast in Palestine are worth \$1 a day.

Railroad clerks in Germany are paid an average of 53 cents a day.

Houses for working people in Germany rent for \$25 to \$45 a year.

GOSPEL HYMNS.

"Drooping soul, no longer mourn," was the name of Thomas Hastings, the author of more than 60 hundred sacred lyrics, and even better known as a composer of church music for use in popular religious assemblies.

"Come, O Thou All Victorious Lord," is by Charles Wesley. It was written for the quinquennial of Portland, and contained several allusions to their business, which were readily recognized and heartily appreciated.

"O Love divine that stooped to share," was by Oliver Wendell Holmes, and first appeared in one of the series of papers entitled "The Professor at the Breakfast Table," published in the Atlantic Monthly for November, 1850.

"I'll praise my Maker while I breathe," came from the pen of Watts. It was a favorite hymn with John Wesley. The day before he died he sang it through, and the night of his death he vainly attempted several times to repeat its words.

MEN OF MONEY.

William Waldorf Astor has an income of eight million nine hundred thousand dollars a year.

Princess Tom is an Alaska Indian woman. She is the richest of her race in the far northwest. She is a shrewd trader and wears upon her arm thirty bracelets made of twenty-dollar gold pieces.

M. Schneider, the head of the great Crenel and Co. firm, was married the other day in Paris. Crenel has grown in sixty years from a village of five hundred inhabitants to a town of thirty thousand people—larger than Krupp's town of Essen.

Henry W. Cramp, secretary of the great Grand Trunk Pacific, is an expert in the scientific botanist, and is particularly interested in ferns and palms. His father, Charles H. Cramp, is said to be one of the best posted men in the country on the commercial and agricultural value of the various woods of the United States.

MISSING LINKS.

A piano contains nearly a mile of wire.

There are 147 Indian reservations in the United States.

A Bohemian monk, in 1754, invented the first lightning conductor.

Bearna for the Chinese army will not be accepted unless they can leap a ditch six feet wide.

Philadelphia makes its own gas at the cost of 7 cents a thousand feet, and it is sold to consumers at \$1.25.

England has forty ships engaged in South African traffic, Germany eight and the United States only two.

You Need Flesh.

When you are without healthy flesh you are weak somewhere, or else your food does not nourish you.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, finds weak spots, cures them, and stores up latent strength in solid flesh to ward off disease. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

SCOTT'S EMULSION cures Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs and Wasting Diseases.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Belleville, All Druggists, 50 cents and \$1.

A PAIL OR TUB

that will not leak, having no hoops to rust or fall off, lighter than ordinary wood besides possessing many other qualities—well, you can obtain this very thing by asking your grocer and insisting on getting,

E. B. Eddy's INDURATED FIBREWARE.

ARE YOU GOING

—TO—

ON BUSINESS

COLLEGE?

You should send for the 170 page illustrated Catalogue of the famous

26th Year

ONTARIO BUSINESS COLLEGE

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

To ROBINSON & JOHNSON

ELECTROBOLE

FOR THE CURE OF

PILES

Of whatever kind or degree, External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Chronic Recurrent or Hereditary.

Relief in nine hours. Final cure in a few days. For sale at the PHARMACY, Belleville.

Sent by mail, one dollar per box.

D. M. WATERS.

LIME FOR SALE.

BY THE CAR LOAD, wagon load or by the bushel at low prices. Special terms given to parties building who require a quantity. Leave orders with THE RATHBUN CO.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

A FEW excellent building lots for sale at the price of Deseronto. Apply to be undersigned.

WOOD. WOOD. WOOD.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF PURCHASING wood will please have their orders with or call on John L. Ferguson.

A. H. BAKER

WANTED.

LOCAL AND TRAVELING SALESMEN to handle our Hardy Canadian

We guarantee satisfaction to representatives and customers. Our Nurseries are the largest in the Dominion—over 700 acres. No substitution in orders.

Exclusive territory and liberal terms to whole or stock trade. Write to:

STOCK & WELLINGTON (Head Office) Toronto, Ont.

[The only Nursery in Canada having testing orchards.]

Farmers, Attention!

We commend to your consideration CEDAR LUMBER

for DRAINS and other purposes.

Light, Cheap, and Lasting

Please Call at Cedar Mill for same and prices.

THE RATHBUN CO.,

DESERONTO, ONT.

FARMERS,

Why trade your Wheat for Flour that will not

MAKE GOOD BREAD?

Our Flour will always Please

You, and

We Guarantee Satisfaction.

We pay Highest Market Price for

Wheat.

Our

SALT

is best quality in the city, and

Only One Dollar per Barrel.

Give us a call.

THE RATHBUN CO.

Front Street, Belleville.

Canada Life,

INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1847

Head Office, Hamilton, Ont.

Capital and Funds:

OVER 13,000,000 DOLLARS.

ANNUAL INCOME OVER \$2,250,000.

GET FIVES PER

F. S. RATHBUN,

AGENT,

Before placing your insurance elsewhere.

Low Rates.

Large Results.

Perfect Security.

WALL STREET!

Operate Successfully in Wall Street

THROUGH OUR

CO-OPERATIVE & R. STOCK SYNDICATE.

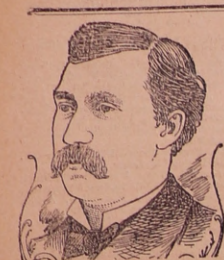
Large Profits Realized with Minimum Risk.

"Prospectus and Daily Market Letter" Mailed Free.

Highest References.

WEINMAN & CO.,

Stock and Grain Broker, No. 41 Broadway, New York City.



After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant of St. George, N. B.:

"C. J. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend its use to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other ailments caused by impure blood."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

afflictions caused by impure blood. I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and used it when I travel. It also keeps me in good health and I am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good."

Hood's Pills are equally valuable, and do not purge, grip, or grip, daily and regularly.

Hood's Pills

are equally valuable, and do not purge, grip, or grip, daily and regularly.

Hood's Pills

are equally valuable, and do not purge, grip, or grip, daily and regularly.

Hood's Pills

are equally valuable, and do not purge, grip, or grip, daily and regularly.

THE DESERONTO
Machine and
Boiler Shops

Offer special facilities for the rebuilding and repairing of all kinds of Machinery, Engines, and Boilers.

Repairs completed with despatch.

Workmanship unsurpassed.

Terms reasonable.

The Rathbun Co.

TO LENGTHEN LIFE.
KEEP THE KIDNEYS IN GOOD WORKING ORDER.
BY USING DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

TORONTO, Dec. 31.—It is an established fact that Dodd's Kidney Pills are to-day doing more to increase the average duration of life than any other medicine known. It is true that many people are cured who do not implicitly follow the diet rules given on the directions sent out with each box, but it is also true that many more recover more rapidly by strict observance of the instructions here. Hundreds of testimonials have been received by the firm here, and cures effected, by these pills, and not in one instance have they failed. The price at which Dodd's Kidney Pills are sold places them within the reach of all. They may be procured from all dealers at fifty cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50. Take no imitations.

WHOOPIING COUGH.

For Whooping Cough and all throat and lung affections, chest troubles, etc., Haygard's Yellow Oil is the best emollient ever discovered. It promptly relieves inflammation, pain and soreness from whatever cause arising.

Belleville's vital statistics for December are: births 10, deaths 8, marriages 9.

AFTER LA GRIPE.

After la Grippe, obstinate coughs, lung troubles, etc., frequently follow. There is no remedy so prompt, and at the same time so effective and pleasant, as Milburn's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion with Wild Cherry and Hypophosphites, which is the latest and best combination of anti-consumptive remedies. Price 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

James Feecey, a laborer from Brooklyn, died very suddenly while working on the new railway near Deseronto.

THE PLAIN TRUTH TELLS.
Constipation, Headache, Biliousness and Blood are promptly cured by Haddock Blood Purifier, which acts on the bowels, liver, bowels, and blood, curing all their diseases.

Patterson's dry good store at Lindsay was greatly damaged by fire on Dec. 27th. The stock of Mr. A. J. Kerr, formerly of Deseronto, was also injured by water and smoke.

LOOK OUT FOR IT.

If you are troubled with a cold or cough, however light the attack, look out for it. do not allow it to settle on the lungs; break up the cough by loosening the tough phlegm with Haygard's Pectoral Balsam.

Mrs. Austin Hubble, of Foxboro, died last Saturday night.

For hoarseness, loss of voice, and all affections of the vocal organs, the favorite remedy with many clergymen, singers, actors, auctioneers, and public speakers is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an antidote expectorant, its beneficial effects are promptly realized.

Miss Bella Armstrong, daughter of John Armstrong, Ramsey township, was recently killed at Almonte on Monday. She had got on the local train to see some friends off, the train started; she jumped off, striking her head against the side of the car, and instantly. Her father, an old man, was waiting for her at the station.

A January thaw is always more productive of colds and coughs than a January freeze. This is the time Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is needed and proves so extremely efficacious. Ask your druggist for it, and also for Ayer's Almanac, which is free to all.

Burdock Pills, small, safe and sure, regulate the liver and cure Constipation.

That hacking cough can be quickly cured by Haygard's Pectoral Balsam. Price 25c.

Cold in the head—Nasal Balm gives instant relief; speedily cures. Never fails.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving all the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It is the best medication of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by W. G. Eggar and W. J. Malley.

Fruit growers and gardeners should all have the Canadian Horticulturist, the leading journal of the kind in Canada. Each monthly number contains a beautiful color plate of some fruit or flower, and the latest information about planting, pruning, budding, grafting, spraying, marketing, etc. It is edited by a practical fruit grower. Questions answered in it free of charge; and frauds exposed. Samples will be sent free on application to W. Woodin, Grimby, Ont., the secretary of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—South American Rheumatism Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease at once disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by W. G. Eggar and W. J. Malley.

ON THE BARGAIN COUNTER.

A firm in August, Me, sends to potteries abroad photographs of places of note, and these views are artistically reproduced on pieces of china.

An English officer has discovered a working telephone between the temples of Panj in India. The system is said to have been in operation for over two thousand years.

A special mouthpiece for public telephones has been introduced in Germany with the object of avoiding the spread of diseases carried by the condensed moisture of the breath.

A baby carriage, designed especially for those who live in flats, which can be folded together, so that one person can handily carry it up and downstairs, is a New York invention.

The mixture of cotton and wool in the manufacture of cloth has been learned so thoroughly that feeling will not detect the presence of cotton. A piece of the goods boiled in a solution of caustic potash will leave only the cotton fiber intact.

Wood pulp has been put to many uses, but the most extraordinary is in adulterating woolen yarn. A very spinning the pulp has been discovered, and the product can be combined with wool in making yarn, in the proportion of one part of wool to two parts of wool. Much of this composite yarn is said to have been made into hosiery, and few complaints as to wear have been received.

NEW AND BRIGHT.

"She is a great favorite with the male sex." "Yes." "Why doesn't she marry?" "Her numerous engagements prevent her."

"Can I see you apart for a moment?" "You mean alone, don't you?" "Yes; a loan—that is, exactly. I want to borrow five."—Indianapolis Journal.

Possible Purchase—Now, is this mule perfectly gentle? Uncle Moses—Well, sir, I nabbed him when he bit anybody yet.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Patient—"Can you tell me, doctor, the cause of baldness?" Physician—"Nothing easier, sir. It is due to the falling out of the hair. Will you pay now, or shall I put it down to your account?"—Boston Transcript.

He—Should I should ask your father if I could marry you. She—No. Your case would be hopeless. He—Do you think he would really say so? She—Not that, but he would leave it to me.—Judge.

SPORTS.

George Gould's expenses this season for the Atlanta and Vigilant are estimated at nearly four hundred thousand dollars.

Perhaps the best lady shot at the present day is Lady Eva Quin, wife of Capt. Wynham, her presumptive to the earl of Darnley.

Dr. Zimmermann's great success is said to be due to his abnormally large heart, which is declared by the doctors to be two inches longer than the average.

Sir Agastus Harris has got a new lease of the old Drury Lane theater in London for seven years, and the historical playhouse is, therefore, sure to see the next century.

A granddaughter of John C. Calhoun, the southern statesman, has just made a success in France, playing in French with a French company the role of "Hermione" in Racine's "Andromaque."

STARTING IN LIFE.

Diocletian, the Roman emperor, was born in slavery and obtained his freedom by service in the army.

Luther's father was a miner, and the future reformer often earned a supper by singing in the streets.

James Madison was very fond of his books, and at an early age acquired a high reputation for learning.

Horne Tooke was fond of staying in his father's poultry shop, and liked to be instructed with the business.

Zachary Taylor was brought up on a farm. He was very tidy, and soon had a stock of property in calves.

Chancer's boyhood was passed in a wine vault, where he was required to wash barrels and clean wine casks.

Liszt was driven to the piano every day. For over fifteen years his daily practice covered ten to twelve hours.

WORK AND WAGES.

A Persian cook can earn \$3.92 a month. A weaver in Germany receives 60 cents a day.

A native painter in India earns 40 cents a day. Farm laborers in Belgium receive 40 cents a day.

A mule driver in Morocco earns 10 cents a day. A thrasher in Turkey can command 40 cents a day.

A Mexican mason earns from 75 cents to \$1 a day. Music teachers in Hamburg are paid 21 cents an hour.

A house man in Ceylon can earn \$3.20 per week. Policemen in Saxony receive \$301 a year as salary.

A railroad conductor in Turkey gets \$37 a month. The earliest Greek inscriptions were written from right to left.

In Italy thirty out of every 10,000 people die by the knife of the assassin. "Pantata Punch—Up to Date," reads a sign in the window of a New York restaurant.

MISSING LINKS.

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"Pantata Punch—Up to Date," reads a sign in the window of a New York restaurant. Osewatomie, the name of a Kansas town, is said to be compounded of the names of two rivers, the Osage and Pottawatomie.

A total absence of butterfly life in England is noted. Beyond an occasional white butterfly, there are none to be seen this summer.

DO THOU LIKEWISE.

A Lady Saves Fifty Dollars by Wisely Investing Seventy-Five Cents.

A wise, careful and thrifty wife and mother living about five miles from a large and flourishing Ontario town, tells how she was enabled to save fifty dollars by the judicious investment of seventy-five cents. Her story runs as follows:

"Last autumn I found it was necessary to provide new overcoats, suits and dresses for three boys and two girls. The material for these garments and the making and trimming would cost fifty dollars. This was a large sum to expend just at a time when we were making great efforts to build a new house."

"For two days I thought the matter over, and after carefully examining my children's garments, the question strongly presented itself to my mind, 'can I make any use of Diamond Dyes?'"

"I had used the Diamond Dyes before with great success in a smaller way, and so I determined to see what could be done, with the view of saving so large a sum as fifty dollars. My children's garments were simply faded dingy, and old looking. I commenced with an overcoat to test my skill, and succeeded in dyeing it a lovely dark shade of brown. I pressed and finished it in such a way that it looked like a new garment from the hands of the tailor."

"Meeting with such success I tried the other garments and achieved wonderful results and the total cost of the work accomplished was only seventy-five cents."

"My boys and girls were astonished, and were quite as well pleased with the renovated garments as they would have been with brand new ones. Very few people around me were aware of the fact that I had used Diamond Dyes to renew my children's clothing, and fit it for another winter's wear. Of course I told some of my friends how I had saved dollars, and they are following my example, and are freely using the Diamond Dyes."

"You will clearly see how intelligent and handy women can easily save quite a good sum of money every year. Diamond Dyes are certainly money savers."

Near Napanee Mr. Vrooman shot an owl which measured 4½ feet from tip to tip of the wing and 2 feet from back to claw.

CANADIAN RELIEVED IN 10 TO 60 MINUTES.—An short put in the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dana's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 60 cents. At W. G. Eggar's.

Principal Graat, of Queen's College, conducted the anniversary services in the Napanee Presbyterian church last Sunday.

Or do you suffer from noises in the head? Then send 3 cent stamp and I will send a valuable treatise containing full particulars for some cure which costs comparatively nothing. A splendid work on deafness, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 60 cents. At W. G. Eggar's.

A fire broke out on Sunday in Webster & Boyce's factory, Napanee, but it was extinguished without much difficulty.

Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

THE WHY OF IT.
Snow is sometimes of a red color, because of the presence of a minute vegetable cell, the Proteococcus nivalis, which secretes a red coloring matter.

A match ignites because of the heat generated by friction. Matches are tipped with phosphorus and sulphur, both highly inflammable substances.

A plumb line by the side of a very large building inclines a little from the perpendicular because the weight is attracted by the mass of the edifice.

Flies can walk on the ceiling because their feet are furnished with air pumps, and form a vacuum so that the body is supported by atmospheric pressure.

She shells murmur because the vibrations of the air, not otherwise observable, are collected in the shell and by its shape are brought to a focus.

A sponge in a glass filled with hot water prevents the breaking of the glass because the metal readily absorbs a large part of the heat of the water.

Many springs are intermittent, probably because the channels leading from the reservoirs to the surface are crooked and constitute natural siphons.

Iron rusts more readily when wet than when dry because it has, or seems to have, a greater affinity for oxygen when the latter is combined with hydrogen.

A black down grows under the feathers of many birds at the approach of winter because down is the best non-conductor and black the warmest color.

MASTERS IN ART.
Allori's "Judith" is the portrait of his mistress. The head of Holofernes is a portrait of the artist himself.

Caracci was the father of the pathetic Italian school. The Ecce Homo and Mater Dolorosa date from that time.

Hogarth was an engraver, and before turning his attention to art, made his living by engraving coats of arms.

Giotto was a shepherd boy, and began his artistic career by sketching with a piece of chalk on a piece of slate.

Brenthel was the first artist to give attention to the different phases of peasant life and to represent them on canvas.

Lorraines was held in criminal at the age of 13, and was cared for by his brother, who instructed him in wood engraving.

Bondone painted so much after the manner of Titian that many works proved to be his, and he is still fitted to the latter.

Francis did not begin painting until nearly sixty years of age, and in ten years executed a long series of admirable works.

Cranach was known as the friend of Luther. Several pictures of the great reformer, painted by this master, are still in existence.

TREASURER'S STATEMENT

OF THE

Town of Deseronto for the Year 1894, AS ON DECEMBER 15TH.

RECEIPTS	EXPENDITURES		
Taxes collected a/c year 1893.....	274 50		
Taxes collected year 1894.....	14,677 14		
Tavern licenses.....	901 81		
Billiards licenses.....	200 00		
Street licenses.....	10 00		
Fines.....	6 00		
Dog taxes.....	109 00		
County grant to roads.....	112 50		
	January 1, 1894.		
	Balance due Treasurer.....	409 46	
	Payments.....		
	Levy for sinking fund, Railroad.....	200 00	
	" " " Public School.....	17 03	
	" " " High School.....	150 00	
	" " " for County purposes.....	1,400 33	
	High School general purposes.....	2,900 00	
	Public School general purposes.....	4,387 50	
	Registrations, births, deaths, marriages, 1893.....	13 00	
	Labor and Material on streets.....	1,694 05	
	Street Watering.....	60 00	
	Charity.....	302 24	
	Town Hall expenses.....	4 44	
	4th street well cleaning and drilling.....	87 55	
	Printing, stationery and postage.....	216 60	
	Use of fire protection.....	1,261 45	
	Street lighting and Town Hall.....	642 45	
	Grant to Mechanics Institute.....	150 00	
	Grant to Citizens' Band.....	100 00	
	Voters' List and Election Expenses.....	55 42	
	Town Auditor.....	10 00	
	" Clerk.....	200 00	
	" Treasurer.....	75 00	
	" Constable.....	554 00	
	" Assessor.....	100 00	
	Refund Billiard license.....	25 00	
	Selecting jurors.....	4 00	
	Dog tags.....	7 50	
	Board of Health.....	933 35	
	Rent account.....	51 00	
	Interest on account.....	71 15	
Total amount received.....	16,290 95	Total amount paid.....	16,895 52
Estimated yet to come in:		Estimated yet to pay:	
For uncollected taxes.....	1,375 10	Geo. Gwynou.....	50 00
For market fees.....	5 48	John W. Cannon.....	66 67
		Morden & Ruttan.....	15 00
		Estimated balance on hand.....	644 34
	17,671 53		17,671 53

Estimates of Assets and Liabilities of the Town of Deseronto.

DECEMBER 15th, 1894.

ASSETS.	LIABILITIES.
Balance on hand.....	\$ 644 34
Sinking Fund Railroad Debentures.....	4,970 50
Sinking Fund High School Debentures.....	1,075 37
Town Hall and Lock-up.....	2,250 00
Market Building, Scales, etc.....	200 00
Corporation Tools, etc.....	20 70
Balance.....	5,834 00
	\$14,995 00
Debentures, Railroad.....	\$ 5,000 00
Debentures, High School.....	9,995 00
	\$14,995 00

E. W. RATHBUN, Mayor.

F. S. RATHBUN, Treasurer.

FACTS IN FEW WORDS.

Ohio has 11,400 saloons.
Japan has 877 Christian churches.
Telephone employ 10,000 Americans.
Minnesota has a dairy school for women.
The president of Chili gets \$15,000 a year.

Certain species of ants make slaves of others.
Photographs have been taken 500 feet under water.

Paganini was called the Devil Fiddler from his marvelous skill.
A rocking-chair that is actuated by electricity is a recent invention.

Hamlet was called the Saxon giant from his nationality and his size.
Hair is very strong. A single hair will bear a weight of 1,150 grains.

A scientific exploring expedition to Madagascar will soon leave London.
The Catholic Total Abstinence union of the United States has 97,350 members.

It is claimed that there are about 153,000 colored Catholics in the United States.

FARM NOTES.

Have as many cows as possible fresh in the fall.
Alfalfa growing has proved eminently successful in the dry districts of Australia.

Drinks fastened on celery possess an exquisite flavor similar to that of the famous canna-bis cake of the epicure.
Don't cut the new casks too far. A few inches off the top is enough, according to the number of fruit blossoms.

London milk is dyed cream color to suit popular fancy by mixing one teaspoonful of liquid annatto with eight quarts of milk.
Chicago is the great cold storage depot for eggs. It is calculated that nearly half a million cases are packed away there every year.

ABOUT THE WOMEN.

Rosa Bonheur was a dressmaker's apprentice when she was a girl of fifteen years.
Mrs. Julia J. Irvine, the new president of Wellesley college, is a sister of Buffalo Bill.

Miss Balfour, sister of the English conservative leader, is now traveling in Africa, and last Friday was the guest of Mr. Cecil Rhodes at Cape Town.

Odette Tyler, who was to have been Mrs. Gould, is in Richmond, Va., and will soon sail for Europe. She is writing a novel of Virginia life, entitled "Doss, the Virginian."

FOROVER FIFTY YEARS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth, and at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle, sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

All the English illustrated Xmas number on sale at THE TRIBUNE OFFICE. Call immediately.

Flour, Salt, Wood.

Three Things Necessary to make

Good Bread.

We have them all. Our brand of flour, "Rathbun's Best," is the flour you need, and the "Winsor" Salt is the salt you need. The purest, the strongest, the whitest, so Prof. Ellis says. And for fuel to bake it, nothing better than our Dry Cut Stove-wood, all hardwood, delivered at \$4.50 per cord.

We have other brands of flour cheaper but good value. Bran, Shorts, Cracked Feed. 5 lbs. 25c. Tea for \$1.

J. M. ANDERSON.

EDMOND STREET,

Napanee, - - Ont.

NERVE

BEANS

WHERE BEANS are a new discovery that cure the worst cases of Nerve Beans, restore the weakness of body or mind caused by overwork, or the error or excess of study. This remedy is sold in all the most reliable cases when all other remedies have failed. Sold by druggists at 25c per package, or six for \$1.50 sent by mail on receipt of price by enclosing THE JAMES MORDEN CO., Toronto, Ont. Write for pamphlet. Sold in FOR SALE BY W. G. EGGER.

PROF. G. A. SWAYZE,
Who has been Principal of Belleville Business College from the time it was founded until Sept. 10th, has joined the staff of

Kingston: Business: College,
The only Business College in Canada teaching Vertical Writing.

Illustrated Catalogue sent free. Address: J. B. MCKAY, Pres., A. H. ROSE, Sec., G. A. SWAYZE, Prin.

J. M. ANDERSON.

Practical Tinsmith.

Eavetroughing,

Dairy Supplies,

Steam and

Gas Fitting.

All Tinware that I sell is made in my own shop. No factory goods handled.

J. M. ANDERSON

EDMOND STREET,

Near St. George St., Deseronto

The Tribune

FRIDAY, JAN. 4, 1895.

LOCAL ITEMS.

It is stated that the routes of Grand Trunk conductors will be changed every two weeks.

The average age of widows when re-marrying is forty-two; of widowers thirty-one. There are 440,000 cattle received at this stock yards in Chicago every week. This number is four times as great as all the cattle received at Toronto during a year.

This Tribune has received many hearty and flattering testimonials from business men during the past week for the excellent results which they derived from advertisements in its columns during the holiday season.

The Cedar Mill still continues to run and is still turning out great quantities of material. This mill has made an unparalleled record during 1894, the cut of shingles alone being four millions in excess of any previous year.

The great army of tramps is still on the march, owing doubtless to the remarkable mildness of the weather this season. They are an endless source of danger to people living in outlying parts and should be suppressed by the law.

Sir John Thompson was at one time a newspaper reporter. His successor was at one time actively engaged in newspaper work. Lord Salisbury in early life earned his bread by literary work. Hon. Mr. Lawrie was formerly an editor.

The existence of a horse with a large toe attached to each hoof has been announced from Fairbairn, Kent, Eng. This seems to be a reversion to a primitive type, the toe being a feature of the extinct animals discovered by Marsh and pronounced by Huxley the progenitors of our horses.

The novel safety boiler of M. Chatelet, a French engineer, consists of a nest of horizontal tubes placed over the furnace. Water is injected into this nest as spray—never in solid bulk—and is instantaneously evaporated and superheated. The steam producing power is remarkable, and the tubes, it is claimed, do not burst.

A new substance having the remarkable and unique property of solidifying when heated and remaining liquid at temperatures below zero has been reported by a German chemist. It has been named cryosol, and is obtained by mixing together equal parts of phenol, camphor and eucalyptol, and adding a somewhat smaller proportion of essence of turpentine. Certain substances, like the aluminas, harden on heating, but this is the only product that again liquefies on cooling.

A special meeting of the executive committee of the Canadian Order of Foresters was held at Brantford on Monday last week. The principal business was the re-vestment of about a hundred thousand dollars, which had been held by a number of banks on deposit, but which was withdrawn owing to the banks reducing the rate of interest. It was re-invested in municipal debentures and other investments. Reports from all parts of the Dominion show that this popular Canadian fraternal society is making rapid progress.

OUR SOVEREIGN'S HEALTH.

Queen Victoria has aged very much during the autumn. The attack of rheumatism in August was very severe and her majesty has been troubled by relapses of the malady, which always comes in the knees. The queen can only walk a few steps and cannot raise her feet from the ground without pain, so it is necessary to provide an incensed gaiter when she goes out. She is very content and has taken three steps, and when this cannot be arranged her majesty is carried up or down in a chair.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

There are 50,000,000 Lutherans in the world. Bishop Foster has been attending annual conferences for fifty-seven years. The Methodist Episcopal church world-wide had an increase of nearly 40,000 members in 1894.

The Presbyterian church is agitating the establishment of a "temperance Sabbath." The third Sabbath in September is suggested.

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The Swedish Lutherans in America have over 1,100 students in their three colleges at Rock Island, Ill., Lindsay, Kan., and St. Peter, Minn.

FLASHES OF FUN.

She—Are you going to any balls this season? He—I am going to three balls to-morrow.—Syracuse Post.

"I'm going to become a professional prize-fighter." "What! Why, man, you haven't the slightest command of language."—Chicago Record.

Clara—Were there any marrying men down at the beach this summer? Cora—Yes; there were two ministers, and a Justice of the Peace.—Yorkers Statesman.

Cesar was a lucky man. He could go around where he pleased and his wife never asked any annoying questions. She was above suspicion.—London Transcript.

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"When horses are done away with," said the Penny Boarder, "what will become of the people who want to ride hobble?" "That's easy," answered the Cheerful Idiot. "They will ride the wheels in their heads."

THE DEAD ROMANCER.

NVM CRINKLE WRITES OF ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

The Dead Novelist's Personal Traits—His Place in Modern Fiction—His Beautiful Character and Sonnetic Life—Not a Prose Writer—His Melancholy End.

One of the favorite story-makers of our time has just died of a faraway illness. The Pacific, where he made his home, and every segment of the circle of civilization is vibrating with an instantaneous salute. This cosmopolitan could not hide himself from mankind in the jungles of Pula Mountain. He carried within him the golden wires that tied him to his race, and from the far islands of the sea he sent out the magnetic currents that reached millions of others.

There are no longer any "veiled Bermoths" that hide his phantoms five fur.

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The Presbyterian church is agitating the establishment of a "temperance Sabbath." The third Sabbath in September is suggested.

Amanda Smith, the colored Methodist evangelist, says there are just two things in the Bible: "It shall come to pass," and "It came to pass."

The Swedish Lutherans in America have over 1,100 students in their three colleges at Rock Island, Ill., Lindsay, Kan., and St. Peter, Minn.

FLASHES OF FUN.

She—Are you going to any balls this season? He—I am going to three balls to-morrow.—Syracuse Post.

"I'm going to become a professional prize-fighter." "What! Why, man, you haven't the slightest command of language."—Chicago Record.

Clara—Were there any marrying men down at the beach this summer? Cora—Yes; there were two ministers, and a Justice of the Peace.—Yorkers Statesman.

Cesar was a lucky man. He could go around where he pleased and his wife never asked any annoying questions. She was above suspicion.—London Transcript.

"What was the trouble over the Woman's Club yesterday afternoon?" I never heard such talking." "Oh, it was the first whist party they've had this fall."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

"When horses are done away with," said the Penny Boarder, "what will become of the people who want to ride hobble?" "That's easy," answered the Cheerful Idiot. "They will ride the wheels in their heads."

WAR IN MADAGASCAR.

FRANCE MUST SEND TROOPS TO THE ISLAND AT ONCE.

Some Interesting Chat About Queen Ranaivalona and Her Prime Minister—Once a Year the Dusky Monarch Takes a Public Bath.

The mission of M. Myre de Vilers to Madagascar having failed, nothing remains for France but to vote a war budget and send soldiers and sailors to bring the queen and her advisers at Tananarive to terms. A modest estimate places the cost of this enterprise at fully one hundred and fifty million francs and a number of lives of Frenchmen in part upon the accuracy of the Madagascar warriors, but chiefly on the terrible winds and the deadly climate of the island.

As a starter France will send a main body of 10,000 troops under General Bordes-Debord and a compaigner trained by the sun and sands of the Sudan—and a supplementary corps of about 5,000 men, mostly composed of the best of the previous foreign service. There is no reason to doubt, however, that in the end France will win the fight. In that event the republic will be richer by an island greater in area than France itself, and by a poor.

The story of their subsequent marriage in California is unique. There is not a shadow of scandal attaching to it so far as I can learn. Mr. Osborne himself appears to have approved of it and to have been present at the ceremony after his wife had obtained an undisputed divorce. It looks very much as if the absolute fitness of the lovers was such to convince even the most skeptical. And what is still more remarkable, the after life of Mr. Stevenson and his wife corroborates this view.

Very few, if any, divorces have been able to shirk their dreams and pick their man Friday. Think of the runagate mind selecting Samos, and leaving a path through the logical world to build his English home high up on the lonely mountain, and having absorbed all that travel could offer, sitting down in his shirt and trousers, to reflect on the material and work of life.

Think, too, of the recedes being double. Would anybody but lovers do this? Would any man who had lived in Paradise live in a mob to get away from myself. Now I listen to my wife and an content."

But Nature is not capricious even by love. Stevenson was not the dreamer that he seemed. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle.

So, in the promise of his intellect, a man so singularly lovable that even envy had a smile for him, and the rude natives, with a dumb reverence, carried his remains to the place of his interment. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle.

Personally and among fellow workers, Stevenson was a genial, unobtrusive, but not unenthusiastic companion. Stevenson was a prolific writer and his work ranged from sketches of travel and tales of adventure to psychological analyses and fairy legends. "Treasure Island," "The Hunchback of Notre Dame," and "The Master of Ballantrae."

In all the work that preceded "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" there were true indications of an enigma that belongs to youth or at least to an overflowing fancy. But when we come to that book we get the complete revelation of the enigma. It is the work of a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle.

Few men have poured out the same amount of material in the same time and so prolifically as Stevenson. His work is so fecund, rather than of any particular style or purpose, that has made his admirers compare him to Sir Walter Scott. Stevenson was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle. He was a man of the world, and his life was a struggle.

As for his style—it is commendable for its terseness, its lucidity and its strength. Though it cannot be compared with Weyman for Saxon directness, and, like his, moody, it varies, and sometimes seems to dismember itself. He tells us that "Treasure Island" was written in "bursts of fifteen days," with a fallow gap between. And it was in these bursts that he wrote his best. There is a breeze in that book that nothing but the writer's enthusiasm could impart. You will look in vain for it in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."

Taken altogether, his instincts, if not of the transcendental order, were pure and sweet. He does not reveal in misfortune or cruelty, and most of his characters are of nature found a response in his sympathies. That his best work was done can hardly be said of a man who dies at forty-four with an unimpaired intellect. But he is said to have left two books which were complete in the sense of his life. And I think they should be the best work of his life. For, with all the pains that he took, he was in all his books a faithful, of a superficial knowledge of the largest and deepest truths of life—without any of the usual study, the restlessness and eager mind of youth.

For this reason Stevenson's work will not be its early growth. It will be more to distinctly a product of his life. He will not touch any other, and a product not of the most earnest and the most lasting intellectual factors of this era. Even an amateur cannot take rank with the greater story tellers who were fired with a conviction that set even their imaginations ablaze.

NEW USE FOR POT DOLLS.

A lady in England has found a new use for the old pot dolls. She has used them as a means of teaching the young to be good. She has used them as a means of teaching the young to be good. She has used them as a means of teaching the young to be good.

THE TRIBUNE

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WALL PAPER KING
OF ONTARIO,
BELLEVILLE

JAS. W. DUNNET.
Sept, 12th, 1894.

pain and soreness from whatever cause arising.

The Tribune

FRIDAY, JAN. 11, 1895
NEWS OF THE DAY.

Heavy snowstorms have blocked railway traffic in Austria.

Senator Tasse still lingers, but his condition is very low.

At Quebec on Saturday the temperature was 25° below zero.

The warship *Blenheim* will leave Halifax next Friday for Portsmouth, Eng.

There is much discussion in St. John's, Nfld. Several hundreds of people are starving.

Herr von Lovetsov, president of the Reichstag, denies that he intends to resign his office.

Wagner's family have decided that there shall be no performance of his works at Bayreuth this year.

On Saturday the thermometer registered 15° below zero at Saratoga and 25° below at Stony Creek, N. Y.

The report that a branch of the Bank of Montreal has been established at St. John's, Nfld., is confirmed.

Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria-Hungary, has gone to Budapest in order to settle the Cabinet crisis.

Cholera is predominant in provinces of Romania and Serbia, in Buenos Ayres, but is of a somewhat mild form.

The exports of specie from the port of New York for last week amounted to \$4,477,000 in gold, and \$502,023 in silver.

The wheat harvest in Buenos Ayres is poor and the quality of the grain below the average. Freight to Europe is declining.

The Pope has already sent his encyclical to the North American Bishops. It will be published in the United States before it appears in Rome.

Capt. Dreyfus, who was convicted of treason for having disclosed documents of the French War Office, was publicly degraded on Saturday in Paris. All his military decorations were torn from him, and his sword was broken and thrown at his feet.

AFTER LA GRIPPE.

After the Grippe outbreak, coughs, lung troubles, and other ailments, there is no remedy so prompt, and at the same time effective and pleasant, as Willard's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion with Milder's and Hypophosphites, which is the latest and best combination of anti-consumptive remedies. Price 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

The gold brick andie was worked on a wealthy Englishman named A. W. Wilber at Richmond, Va., on Saturday. He paid \$5,000 for two brass bricks.

That hacking cough can be quickly cured by Hagar's Pectoral Balm. Price 25c.

A few years ago the Peter's Pence from France averaged 3,000,000 francs. In 1893 the sum was 1,500,000 francs, and last year it fell below a million.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—South American Rheumatism Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. It is a powerful, yet perfectly reliable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease at once disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 70 cents. Sold by W. G. Egar and W. J. Malley.

STAGE DEATHS.

A Medical Authority Declares They Outrageously Violate Nature.

French dramatic critics, with some show of medical knowledge, represents that nearly all actors and actresses outrageously violate nature in their imitations of life. He cites in corroboration of his charge, the theatrical theories of the dead Camille, in the younger Dumas's favorite emotional play of that title.

According to the author, his heroine is affected with pulmonary consumption, and an incidental attack of hemorrhage of the lungs terminates her life. There is absolutely nothing dramatic to be made out of this mode of dying. It is a fact to be obeyed. The gushing of a stream of blood from the mouth would be realistic, but the imitations of such a phenomenon is never made by actors, male or female, nor by any discreet manner tolerate such a piece of stage business. Again, the over-whelming emotion which produces the rapid death in Camille's case is never accompanied by convulsions, such as her dying representatives on the stage almost always assume. In nature, the dry gasp, this cause the sufferer simply collapses from failure of the vital powers.

Theatrical poisoning scenes are also utterly untrue to nature. It is popularly believed that when a fatal dose of laudanum or morphine is swallowed the victim simply falls at full length, or in a heap, whereas the every-day member of society gives a spring when the heart is struck before entering eternity in this unhappy game.

Even the modern Othello has not the first effect of this poison taken in like quantity is invariably to excite and enervate.

Nor is the mode of dying after the hackneyed cardiac stage-stab in conformity with the laws of nature. The actor simply falls at full length, or in a heap, whereas the every-day member of society gives a spring when the heart is struck before entering eternity in this unhappy game.

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A GREAT BLAZE IN TORONTO.

TORONTO, Jan. 6.—The most disastrous fire in the history of Toronto occurred Sunday morning Jan. 6. The total loss will reach nearly one million dollars.

The fire originated in the basement of the Globe building at the corner of Young and Melinda streets, and spread west and north.

One fireman was killed and five others were injured by falling walls. Two of them were probably dead. Robert Bowers, aged twenty-four years, 204 Parliament street, a fireman at Lombard street fire hall, died at the general hospital at 3:40 o'clock.

Adolph had a gas in his forehead and injuries to back; Charles Sweeney, 98 Nassau street, from a fall at College street fire hall; serious internal injuries, may die; Francis Forsythe, 202 Richmond street west, fireman, Queen street fire hall, badly cut about head and internal injuries; Robert Foster, 12 Salisbury avenue, fireman, Lombard street fire hall, left leg broken, internal injuries and serious internal injuries; James Davidson, fireman, Portland street fire hall, injured; Harry Saunders, Portland street fire hall, injured; John Smith, Portland street fire hall, injured.

The fire alarm was turned in at 2:43 o'clock, the central section of the brigade responding, but when they reached the scene the flames were already burning through every window in the Globe, and was mounting heavenward with an angry roar. A general alarm at once was sounded, and soon every section of the brigade was at work.

While busily engaged the firemen were startled by a resounding crash that awakened many citizens from their slumbers, blocks away. The north wall of the building fell into Melinda street, burying two of the firemen, Robert Bowers and Robert Foster, in its fall. These two stood on the south side of a truck wagon, and was caught bodily beneath the heaviest part of the falling debris. Five of the fortunate companions, standing on the north side of the wagon, escaped injury. These quickly extricated Bowers and Foster, who were removed to the hospital in the waiting ambulances.

In the chaos time fanned by the stiff south west wind, the flames extended across Melinda street, and fastening beneath the eaves of Harry Webb's dry goods house, adjoining the Globe to the south, they fell a prey to the flames, and was a complete ruin in less than an hour from the time the alarm was sounded.

From the west end of the Globe building the fire was communicated across Jordan street to the large new building of S. F. McKinnon & Co. on the north-east corner of the building the flames spread from the story of this building the flames spread downward through its seven stories, working complete ruin at its west end. The building was almost destroyed before the walls shrank away signs of falling, and it was the hope of the firemen the substantial walls would be quickly restored by the south-west wind.

The fire spread with amazing rapidity, and the firemen were unable to contain it. The fire spread with amazing rapidity, and the firemen were unable to contain it. The fire spread with amazing rapidity, and the firemen were unable to contain it.

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A LOST LOVER.

"Will you buy a pin cushion, sir?" William Campbell stopped short in the street and looked in the face of the poor woman who had addressed him. She was tall and thin, with a dreary expression of pain on her faded features.

"I am sorry to trouble you, sir, but I thought you looked kind, and I haven't a penny to pay the rent of my room. I must pay to-morrow, or be turned out, and one of my children is lying in it very sick."

"How much is this one?" asked Campbell, holding up the largest in her basket.

"Two dollars," she answered.

He took a roll of bills from his pocket and put the amount in her hand, at the same time transferring the bright silver pin cushion to the pocket of his overcoat.

"Why don't you go to a more crowded street?" he asked; "you might do better there than in a private one like this."

She shook her head sadly.

"So I do, sir; but I was doing some plain sewing for Miss Steele and I came to-day, hoping she would be able to pay for it."

"Does Miss Steele live here?" asked Campbell, looking at the house they were standing before.

"No, sir; she lives two or three doors down; but I had no breakfast this morning and I was obliged to sit down and rest on those steps."

"Where do you live?" was the next question. "I will ask my mother to look up your home for you."

Meanwhile Campbell passed two of the houses in the row, ran up the steps of the third, and rang the bell. He was shown into a very handsome furnished room, and while he waited for the lady he had called to see his quick eye took in the cost of the things around him.

The open piano was costly, the music expensive and beside him, on the sofa, lay an elegant dressing gown, the bright brocade composing it flashing out from the dark background. Could it be possible that the poor needlewoman's words were true and that the owner of all this comfort had refused to pay her a few dollars?

In the midst of his reflections Miss Steele entered. Her handsome morning dress fitted to perfection the round, beautiful figure, and the little soft hand she held out to Mr. Campbell glittered with rings.

Mr. William Campbell had called at 10 o'clock that cold November morning to invite Miss Steele to go to the opera with him, and she had accepted the invitation with pleasure, but remarked that a cousin of hers from Boston was spending the week with her.

Now this cousin of Miss Steele's, when she came into the room, quite astonished Mr. Campbell. She was neither handsome nor ugly—nice looking expressed it all. She was knitting a stocking—something he had never seen a young lady doing.

He had Miss Steele's voice; it was unaffectedly soft and sweet. He liked her eyes; they were innocent and confiding in their expression. The more he saw of her the more he liked her. He had just had his faith in her shaken, and he wondered at himself for worrying so much about it, it was possible that the cousin was dearer to him than he imagined her to be.

All that day he would find himself again and again going over the poor woman's words. If they were true could she come to him so smiling and happy, just after refusing a poor, hungry fellow being the payment she had justly earned?

The girls were ready, sitting under a bright chandelier. The opera house was not far away and the girls both proposed, while it was a bright night—bright and not too chilly. There were but a few more steps to go, when Miss Steele suddenly let go her arm and turned back and looked up at the street.

"I have lost my handkerchief!" she exclaimed, in a distressed tone of voice. "Let us go back for it."

They went back, but the handkerchief was gone.

"Oh, how careless, how stupid of me!" she kept saying. "What will I do? I only bought it to-day," she continued, looking up to Mr. Campbell's face. "There's \$10 worth gone in a few minutes."

"Did you say you only bought it to-day?"

"Yes, after you left. I am sure, if I had known this, I would have let it be a great surprise and delight to someone else."

She laughingly commenced another topic, and they reached the opera house. Her usually high spirits were in full play.

At last the play was over and the cousins were at home. No sooner had they reached their room than Ellen Steele commenced:

"Lizzie, what could have possessed you to throw away so much money on a useless piece of linen, and that too Mrs. Skelby. I do deliver, almost starving."

Lizzie opened her eyes wide with astonishment.

"Why, what a question! Of course I must have such things, and I'm sure Mrs. Skelby can wait."

Mr. Campbell sat at his window, smoking and thinking. His thoughts were on the old subject, his fears were on the old subject, his fears were on the old subject.

The next day Mr. Campbell found Mrs. Skelby. She was not home and he was as was the sick child, a boy of 8 years. He lay partly dressed on the bed looking at a scrapbook, composed of good wood-cuts out of newspapers. His mother was at the window, sewing. She started up with pleasure beaming in the face when she saw him sitting there.

"Oh, sir!" she exclaimed, "if he had been turned out this day I believe it would have killed the child; he never could have stood the knocking about. This morning, too, he is much better, and the doctor says if he only can get no more sleep, he will be strong yet."

Mr. Campbell is still trying to find an ideal, and Lizzie wonders very much what made him drop off in his mother's arms last night when she lost her pretty lace. She has not as yet discovered why she lost him.

Valuable Statistics.

The published results of investigations conducted by the Department of Agriculture, showing that the average of the 73 species and subspecies existing in the United States is five feet long, or upon poultry or game birds. Of 2,700 samples of these birds examined, 99 per cent contained mice and other small mammals, 28 per cent insects and 18 per cent poultry or game birds.

That Hacking Cough
if allowed to run, will destroy the lining to Throat and Lungs, weaken the system and invite the Consumption Germ.
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, builds up the system, overcomes Chronic Coughs and Colds, and strengthens the Lungs. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.
SCOTT'S EMULSION is the most nourishing food known to science. It is Cod-liver Oil rendered palatable and easy to assimilate. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists, 50 cents and \$1.

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Every ten ask for and get E. B. Eddy's Matches. Experience tells them so. If you are the tenth and are open to conviction, try
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PILES
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BY THE CAR LOAD, wagon load or by the bushel at low prices. Special terms given to parties building who require a quantity. Leave orders with
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We commend to your consideration
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Please Call at Cedar Mill for same and oblige
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Caused by Inflammatory Swelling
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H. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

THE BAY OF QUINTE RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO.
Eastern Standard Time, Taking Effect Nov. 20, 1894.
CHANGE OF TIME.

TREED TO KINGSTON.				KINGSTON TO TREED.			
STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	F.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	F.M.
Tweed	7:00	8:00	9:00	Kingston	6:45	7:30	8:15
Ston	7:15	8:15	9:15	Ston	7:00	8:00	9:00
Larkins	7:30	8:30	9:30	Larkins	7:15	8:15	9:15
Marion	7:45	8:45	9:45	Marion	7:30	8:30	9:30
Gravelly	8:00	9:00	10:00	Gravelly	7:45	8:45	9:45
Wilson's	8:15	9:15	10:15	Wilson's	8:00	9:00	10:00
Enterprise	8:30	9:30	10:30	Enterprise	8:15	9:15	10:15
Moscow	8:45	9:45	10:45	Moscow	8:30	9:30	10:30
Gallatin	9:00	10:00	11:00	Gallatin	8:45	9:45	10:45
Yarker	9:15	10:15	11:15	Yarker	9:00	10:00	11:00
Yarker	9:30	10:30	11:30	Yarker	9:15	10:15	11:15
Harrowsmith	9:45	10:45	11:45	Harrowsmith	9:30	10:30	11:30
Harrowsmith	10:00	11:00	12:00	Harrowsmith	9:45	10:45	11:45
Murphy	10:15	11:15	12:15	Murphy	10:00	11:00	12:00
Clarence	10:30	11:30	12:30	Clarence	10:15	11:15	12:15
G. T. R. June	10:45	11:45	12:45	G. T. R. June	10:30	11:30	12:30
Kingston	11:00	12:00	1:00	Kingston	10:45	11:45	12:45
Tweed and Tamworth to Kingston	6:45	7:30	8:15	Deseronto and Napanee to Kingston	6:45	7:30	8:15
Deseronto and Napanee to Kingston	6:45	7:30	8:15	Deseronto and Napanee to Kingston	6:45	7:30	8:15

Trains stop at Signal.									
Trains for Kingston, Jamaica.					Trains for Montserrat.				
Stn.	Exp.	Arr.	Dep.	Wtd.	Stn.	Exp.	Arr.	Dep.	Wtd.
Leeds	1:00	1:10	1:20	1:30	Leeds	1:00	1:10	1:20	1:30
St. John's	1:10	1:20	1:30	1:40	St. John's	1:10	1:20	1:30	1:40
St. George's	1:20	1:30	1:40	1:50	St. George's	1:20	1:30	1:40	1:50
St. Peter's	1:30	1:40	1:50	2:00	St. Peter's	1:30	1:40	1:50	2:00
St. James	1:40	1:50	2:00	2:10	St. James	1:40	1:50	2:00	2:10
St. Andrew	1:50	2:00	2:10	2:20	St. Andrew	1:50	2:00	2:10	2:20
St. Philip	2:00	2:10	2:20	2:30	St. Philip	2:00	2:10	2:20	2:30
St. Paul	2:10	2:20	2:30	2:40	St. Paul	2:10	2:20	2:30	2:40
St. Nicholas	2:20	2:30	2:40	2:50	St. Nicholas	2:20	2:30	2:40	2:50
St. Basil	2:30	2:40	2:50	3:00	St. Basil	2:30	2:40	2:50	3:00
St. Mark	2:40	2:50	3:00	3:10	St. Mark	2:40	2:50	3:00	3:10
St. Luke	2:50	3:00	3:10	3:20	St. Luke	2:50	3:00	3:10	3:20
St. John	3:00	3:10	3:20	3:30	St. John	3:00	3:10	3:20	3:30
St. Peter	3:10	3:20	3:30	3:40	St. Peter	3:10	3:20	3:30	3:40
St. Paul	3:20	3:30	3:40	3:50	St. Paul	3:20	3:30	3:40	3:50
St. Nicholas	3:30	3:40	3:50	4:00	St. Nicholas	3:30	3:40	3:50	4:00
St. Basil	3:40	3:50	4:00	4:10	St. Basil	3:40	3:50	4:00	4:10
St. Mark	3:50	4:00	4:10	4:20	St. Mark	3:50	4:00	4:10	4:20
St. Luke	4:00	4:10	4:20	4:30	St. Luke	4:00	4:10	4:20	4:30
St. John	4:10	4:20	4:30	4:40	St. John	4:10	4:20	4:30	4:40
St. Peter	4:20	4:30	4:40	4:50	St. Peter	4:20	4:30	4:40	4:50
St. Paul	4:30	4:40	4:50	5:00	St. Paul	4:30	4:40	4:50	5:00
St. Nicholas	4:40	4:50	5:00	5:10	St. Nicholas	4:40	4:50	5:00	5:10
St. Basil	4:50	5:00	5:10	5:20	St. Basil	4:50	5:00	5:10	5:20
St. Mark	5:00	5:10	5:20	5:30	St. Mark	5:00	5:10	5:20	5:30
St. Luke	5:10	5:20	5:30	5:40	St. Luke	5:10	5:20	5:30	5:40
St. John	5:20	5:30	5:40	5:50	St. John	5:20	5:30	5:40	5:50
St. Peter	5:30	5:40	5:50	6:00	St. Peter	5:30	5:40	5:50	6:00
St. Paul	5:40	5:50	6:00	6:10	St. Paul	5:40	5:50	6:00	6:10
St. Nicholas	5:50	6:00	6:10	6:20	St. Nicholas	5:50	6:00	6:10	6:20
St. Basil	6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30	St. Basil	6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30
St. Mark	6:10	6:20	6:30	6:40	St. Mark	6:10	6:20	6:30	6:40
St. Luke	6:20	6:30	6:40	6:50	St. Luke	6:20	6:30	6:40	6:50
St. John	6:30	6:40	6:50	7:00	St. John	6:30	6:40	6:50	7:00
St. Peter	6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10	St. Peter	6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10
St. Paul	6:50	7:00	7:10	7:20	St. Paul	6:50	7:00	7:10	7:20
St. Nicholas	7:00	7:10	7:20	7:30	St. Nicholas	7:00	7:10	7:20	7:30
St. Basil	7:10	7:20	7:30	7:40	St. Basil	7:10	7:20	7:30	7:40
St. Mark	7:20	7:30	7:40	7:50	St. Mark	7:20	7:30	7:40	7:50
St. Luke	7:30	7:40	7:50	8:00	St. Luke	7:30	7:40	7:50	8:00
St. John	7:40	7:50	8:00	8:10	St. John	7:40	7:50	8:00	8:10
St. Peter	7:50	8:00	8:10	8:20	St. Peter	7:50	8:00	8:10	8:20
St. Paul	8:00	8:10	8:20	8:30	St. Paul	8:00	8:10	8:20	8:30
St. Nicholas	8:10	8:20	8:30	8:40	St. Nicholas	8:10	8:20	8:30	8:40
St. Basil	8:20	8:30	8:40	8:50	St. Basil	8:20	8:30	8:40	8:50
St. Mark	8:30	8:40	8:50	9:00	St. Mark	8:30	8:40	8:50	9:00
St. Luke	8:40	8:50	9:00	9:10	St. Luke	8:40	8:50	9:00	9:10
St. John	8:50	9:00	9:10	9:20	St. John	8:50	9:00	9:10	9:20
St. Peter	9:00	9:10	9:20	9:30	St. Peter	9:00	9:10	9:20	9:30
St. Paul	9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40	St. Paul	9:10	9:20	9:30	9:40
St. Nicholas	9:20	9:30	9:40	9:50	St. Nicholas	9:20	9:30	9:40	9:50
St. Basil	9:30	9:40	9:50	10:00	St. Basil	9:30	9:40	9:50	10:00
St. Mark	9:40	9:50	10:00	10:10	St. Mark	9:40	9:50	10:00	10:10
St. Luke	9:50	10:00	10:10	10:20	St. Luke	9:50	10:00	10:10	10:20
St. John	10:00	10:10	10:20	10:30	St. John	10:00	10:10	10:20	10:30
St. Peter	10:10	10:20	10:30	10:40	St. Peter	10:10	10:20	10:30	10:40
St. Paul	10:20	10:30	10:40	10:50	St. Paul	10:20	10:30	10:40	10:50
St. Nicholas	10:30	10:40	10:50	11:00	St. Nicholas	10:30	10:40	10:50	11:00
St. Basil	10:40	10:50	11:00	11:10	St. Basil	10:40	10:50	11:00	11:10
St. Mark	10:50	11:00	11:10	11:20	St. Mark	10:50	11:00	11:10	11:20
St. Luke	11:00	11:10	11:20	11:30	St. Luke	11:00	11:10	11:20	11:30
St. John	11:10	11:20	11:30	11:40	St. John	11:10	11:20	11:30	11:40
St. Peter	11:20	11:30	11:40	11:50	St. Peter	11:20	11:30	11:40	11:50
St. Paul	11:30	11:40	11:50	12:00	St. Paul	11:30	11:40	11:50	12:00
St. Nicholas	11:40	11:50	12:00	12:10	St. Nicholas	11:40	11:50	12:00	12:10
St. Basil	11:50	12:00	12:10	12:20	St. Basil	11:50	12:00	12:10	12:20
St. Mark	12:00	12:10	12:20	12:30	St. Mark	12:00	12:10	12:20	12:30
St. Luke	12:10	12:20	12:30	12:40	St. Luke	12:10	12:20	12:30	12:40
St. John	12:20	12:30	12:40	12:50	St. John	12:20	12:30	12:40	12:50
St. Peter	12:30	12:40	12:50	1:00	St. Peter	12:30	12:40	12:50	1:00
St. Paul	12:40	12:50	1:00	1:10	St. Paul	12:40	12:50	1:00	1:10
St. Nicholas	12:50	1:00	1:10	1:20	St. Nicholas	12:50	1:00	1:10	1:20
St. Basil	1:00	1:10	1:20	1:30	St. Basil	1:00	1:10	1:20	1:30
St. Mark	1:10	1:20	1:30	1:40	St. Mark	1:10	1:20	1:30	1:40
St. Luke	1:20	1:30	1:40	1:50	St. Luke	1:20	1:30	1:40	1:50
St. John	1:30	1:40	1:50	2:00	St. John	1:30	1:40	1:50	2:00
St. Peter	1:40	1:50	2:00	2:10	St. Peter	1:40	1:50	2:00	2:10
St. Paul	1:50	2:00	2:10	2:20	St. Paul	1:50	2:00	2:10	2:20
St. Nicholas	2:00	2:10	2:20	2:30	St. Nicholas	2:00	2:10	2:20	2:30
St. Basil	2:10	2:20	2:30	2:40	St. Basil	2:10	2:20	2:30	2:40
St. Mark	2:20	2:30	2:40	2:50	St. Mark	2:20	2:30	2:40	2:50
St. Luke	2:30	2:40	2:50	3:00	St. Luke	2:30	2:40	2:50	3:00
St. John	2:40	2:50	3:00	3:10	St. John	2:40	2:50	3:00	3:10
St. Peter	2:50	3:00	3:10	3:20	St. Peter	2:50	3:00	3:10	3:20
St. Paul	3:00	3:10	3:20	3:30	St. Paul	3:00	3:10	3:20	3:30
St. Nicholas	3:10	3:20	3:30	3:40	St. Nicholas	3:10	3:20	3:30	3:40
St. Basil	3:20	3:30	3:40	3:50	St. Basil	3:20	3:30	3:40	3:50
St. Mark	3:30	3:40	3:50	4:00	St. Mark	3:30	3:40	3:50	4:00
St. Luke	3:40	3:50	4:00	4:10	St. Luke	3:40	3:50	4:00	4:10
St. John	3:50	4:00	4:10	4:20	St. John	3:50	4:00	4:10	4:20
St. Peter	4:00	4:10	4:20	4:30	St. Peter	4:00	4:10	4:20	4:30
St. Paul	4:10	4:20	4:30	4:40	St. Paul	4:10	4:20	4:30	4:40
St. Nicholas	4:20	4:30	4:40	4:50	St. Nicholas	4:20	4:30	4:40	4:50
St. Basil	4:30	4:40	4:50	5:00	St. Basil	4:30	4:40	4:50	5:00
St. Mark	4:40	4:50	5:00	5:10	St. Mark	4:40	4:50	5:00	5:10
St. Luke	4:50	5:00	5:10	5:20	St. Luke	4:50	5:00	5:10	5:20
St. John	5:00	5:10	5:20	5:30	St. John	5:00	5:10	5:20	5:30
St. Peter	5:10	5:20	5:30	5:40	St. Peter	5:10	5:20	5:30	5:40
St. Paul	5:20	5:30	5:40	5:50	St. Paul	5:20	5:30	5:40	5:50
St. Nicholas	5:30	5:40	5:50	6:00	St. Nicholas	5:30	5:40	5:50	6:00
St. Basil	5:40	5:50	6:00	6:10	St. Basil	5:40	5:50	6:00	6:10
St. Mark	5:50	6:00	6:10	6:20	St. Mark	5:50	6:00	6:10	6:20
St. Luke	6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30	St. Luke	6:00	6:10	6:20	6:30
St. John	6:10	6:20	6:30	6:40	St. John	6:10	6:20	6:30	6:40
St. Peter	6:20	6:30	6:40	6:50	St. Peter	6:20	6:30	6:40	6:50
St. Paul	6:30	6:40	6:50	7:00	St. Paul	6:30	6:40	6:50	7:00
St. Nicholas	6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10	St. Nicholas	6:40	6:50	7:00	7:10
St. Basil	6:50	7:00	7:10	7:20	St. Basil	6:50	7:00	7:10	7:20
St. Mark	7:00	7:10	7:20	7:30	St. Mark	7:00	7:10	7:20	7:30
St. Luke	7:10	7:20	7:30	7:40	St. Luke	7:10	7:20	7:30	7:40
St. John	7:20	7:30	7:40	7:50	St. John	7:20	7:30	7:40	7:50
St. Peter	7:30	7:40	7:50	8:00	St. Peter	7:30	7:40	7:50	8:00
St. Paul	7:40	7:50	8:00	8:10	St. Paul	7:40	7:50	8:00	8:10
St. Nicholas	7:50	8:00	8:10	8:20	St. Nicholas	7:50	8:00	8:10	8:20
St. Basil	8:00	8:10	8:20	8:30	St. Basil	8:00	8:10	8:20	8:30
St. Mark	8:10</								

7c. STORE.

XMAS

We have a large variety of Goods suitable for presents.

DOLLS, TOYS,
WORK BOXES,
WRITING DESKS,
XMAS CARDS,
ALBUMS,
TEA SETS, ETC.

Japanese Cuff and Handkerchief Boxes.
Splendid line of Fancy China Cups and Saucers, cheap.

C. J. ADAMS,
St. George Street, Deseronto.

UNDERTAKING.



We desire to inform the people of Deseronto that we have started an

Undertaking

Department in connection with our business. Elegant Hearses and beautiful coffins. Embalming done free of charge. Prices so low as to be within the reach of all persons. All parties needing our services should remember the place, GIBBARD Warehouse, St. George Street, Deseronto.

T.W.OKE,



These pills are in no sense the merest placebo to be met with in the ordinary alcoholic liquors, and as in medicinal pills commonly sold. In these pills are combined elements designed to control the very course of life so that every organ active in harmony with all others reproducing youthful feeling. Druggists and dealers, or mail order, Price 50 cts. or six for \$2.50. The Celery Iron Pills Co., Toronto, Ont.

ATTEND THE

Belleville Business College

It is the Model Business College of Canada. The courses are so arranged as to enable the graduates to efficiently fill important and lucrative positions in Canada and the United States. Send for free circular.

ADDRESS—
BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE,
BELLEVILLE, ONT.
ROBERT BOGLE,
MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR

FIRE INSURANCE.

We beg to advise those desiring fire insurance that we are the agents for

Royal Insurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.
RESERVE, \$35,000,000.

Western Assurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$1,200,000.
CASH ASSETS OVER \$1,500,000.

Commercial Union Insurance Co.,
CAPITAL AND ASSETS, \$25,000,000.

British America Assurance Co.,
CAPITAL, \$500,000.
NET SURPLUS, \$22,772.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company
CAPITAL, \$1,250,000.
SURPLUS, \$2,413,300.

Alliance Assurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$25,000,000.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company instituted 1836.
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.
INVESTED FUNDS OVER \$4,500,000.00

The standing of these Companies is such that all may be satisfied that in case of loss the claim will be promptly and equitably settled. Farmers will find it to their interest to insure with us.
Record kept of all Policies and Notices sent runners before expiration of same.
THE RATHBON COMPANY,
Deseronto, Ont.

The Tribune

FRIDAY, JAN. 11, 1895

DISTRICT ITEMS.

Amorpha has a night watchman.
Mrs. Frost, of Bogart, died recently.
Jeremiah Blawie, aged 83, died on Jan. 10th.

Brookville's losses by fire in 1894 were only \$745.
A hockey club has been organized in Toronto.
There is a very successful Epworth League at Selby.

Farmer's institute at Deserontoville, Monday 14th.
Another electric light plant will be put in at Renfrew.

A male teacher will be employed for the Arden school.
Andrew Ewery, of Odesa, died Dec. 27th, aged 80 years.

George H. McKinley is postmaster at Clayton, N. Y.
Mr. Jovant, of Merrickville, died recently, aged 100 years.

A gold mining company has been organized in Pembroke.
Watertown, Ont. fellows will erect a fine temple in that city.

Relay Young's home at Fredericksburg was burned on Dec. 27.
A little son of C. A. Bowerman, Bloomfield, died on Dec. 27.

The Chalmers family of Frankford cleared \$97,371 by their concert.
W. J. Handley, of the Pictou pottery, will remove to Belleville.

Charles Ivey, Kingston, fell on the pavement and broke his arm.
Mrs. S. L. Spurr, of Belleville, died on the 3rd, aged 90 years.

Mr. George Aitwell died in Kingston on his 3rd inst., aged 80 years.
Jerry West, of Hagerford, raised a colt which weighed 28 lbs.

Etta, daughter of Cyrus Sutton, Cleburne, died suddenly last week.
The Kingston council will investigate alleged hoodlums among its members.

A flourishing court of Independent Forestry has been instituted in York.
Wilson Mallory, of Ecotowish, has found a rich silver mine on his farm.

There were 120 conversions as a result of his evangelistic services at Plainfield.
A. D. McFarland, of Pictou, and Wm. Dwyer, of Belleville, died on the 2nd.

The Epworth League at Timworth last year raised \$45 for the parsonage fund.
The barns of J. E. Thompson, St. Catharines, were burned on Dec. 25th.

Frank Simpkins, Yorker, and Eugene Voughlin, Marlborough, were married Dec. 26.
Edward White, in the Carriac works, Gananoque, lost a thumb one day last week.

John Parsons, married in Trenton, has been arrested in Medicine Hat for bigamy.
Taylor post-office has been opened in Leeds county with Leuben Smith as postmaster.

McLellan's flour and oatmeal mill at Pakanami were destroyed by fire last week.
Mrs. Ereta Haskill, of Port Hope, celebrated her 103rd birthday on the 2nd inst.

There will be another election in Kemptonville, all those having names on the list.
Henry A. Martin, of Yorker, and Emma Under, of Hallowell, were married Dec. 24th.

Douglas Orr, an inmate of the house of industry, Kingston, is nearly 110 years old.
Claude Ties, of Pictou, and Della Clinton, of Kingston, were married on the 2nd inst.

Nathan D. Eggleston and Elmina Jury, of new township, were married on Dec. 27th.
Frank Dryden, Toronto, contemplates putting in a new dynamo and electric plant in Napanea.

Robt. W. Davidson, of Fredericksburg, and Maud Comer, of Eton, were married on the 2nd.

At Bridgewater, on Dec. 25th, Leonard Laundry and Lily Smith, were united in holy wedlock.
Eva Roblin, formerly of Napanea, has been engaged as soprano soloist in a Methodist church.

John Jamieson, Peterboro, died from injuries received while in the shanties at Madawaska River.

A CAUTION! A WARNING!
If, on blowing the nose in the morning, mucus and flakes are discharged colored with blood, especially on one side, loss of time in applying a remedy. Catarrh of the very worst kind has become seated. The walls are sore and full of small ulcers, and a person can use no cure until eradicated. "A stitch in time saves nine." Use Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Mr. Nathan Jones, of Belleville, a lady well known for her benevolent philanthropy, died last night.

5 LINES ON K. AND L.
I find the people around here prefer Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to any other I have in stock. They are wonderful pills. Send three dozen at once. I am nearly out. P. S.—sent by post, J. W. Ireland, Gurnook.

The house with its contents of J. K. McCargue, two miles east of Belleville was destroyed by fire on the 3rd inst. Loss, \$1,800.

BEYOND COMPARISON.
Are the good qualities possessed by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Above all it purifies the blood, strengthening the nerves; it regulates the digestive organs, invigorates the kidneys and liver, tones and builds up the entire system, cures Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh and Rheumatism. Get Hood's and you'll be cured.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache.

At Belleville last week, Wm. Brunt, an aged vagrant from the Indian Woods, was sent to jail, as he had no home.
When Baby was sick, we gave her Castor.
When she could not sleep, we gave her Castor.
When she became sick, she clung to Castor.
When she had Colic, she gave her Castor.
When she had Worms, she gave her Castor.

A WINDOW GARDEN.

How Best to Bring Things Through the Canadian Winter.
Flower lovers are often discouraged, in the matter of growing house plants, by the lack of a warm, convenient place to keep them in at night. Nevertheless, in my earlier housekeeping days I had considerable experience in maintaining a miniature conservatory in a room so cold that water would freeze there every seven or eight days. It was possible to grow plants to perfection in just such windows, if the two following rules were observed:

1. The windows must be protected from all draughts of the cold outdoor air, that are so quick to find their way through every crack and cranny. Not only does an astonishing amount of frost creep in at these tiny openings, but the draught created makes the chill atmosphere act more quickly on the tender leaves and buds of house plants. Unless the door or air tight—and it rarely is—the carpet or oilcloth under the plant stand should be turned back, and a layer of newspapers, six or eight deep, placed beneath. The carpet when replaced will be as smooth as ever, if the papers have been spread evenly. Next the windows must be well covered with paper. Apertures of any considerable size can be stopped either by the patent rubber weather strips, or by common newspapers pressed into longitudinal folds with the use of a knife blade, and made thick enough to fit snugly into the space. Very small cracks and chinks are best managed by pasting strips of thick paper over them. The plants in a snug, draughtless window will stand several degrees more on the plant stand, which, if on casters, can be pulled out a little from the window. With a little experience one becomes as expert at packing as the typical Methodist minister's wife is supposed to be, and can keep the plants at the proper temperature on a single small stand. Always remember to place the flowers most susceptible to cold on the top, and the bushiest specimens at the corners of the stand. Always use newspapers for the first course of covering, and the larger and heavier paper for the second.

Paper is more impervious to the air than cloth, and if properly distributed will scarcely bend a leaf of the plants beneath them. The same papers can be used again and again, and except in the coldest weather, will last the winter through. In exceedingly low temperatures, two sheets or blankets should be pinned around the stand, first making sure that the inner covering of newspapers is not crushed by the weight of the blankets. Do not move in the morning until the room has become generally warm.

I have carried cabbages, heliotrope, begonias, and other plants as tender as these safely through the hardest winters. One will see the result of the trouble by posies of bud and bloom that in the summer like the dearest winter—Lora S. La Mance, in Buffalo Express.

Household Hints.
Rubspoons with salt to remove egg stains.
Pails and tubs saturated with glycerine will not shrink.

The latest clothes prop for the back yard is a slender iron pole, lined with tight rollers are apt to produce a permanent swelling of the throat.

After knives have been cleaned they may be brilliantly polished with charcoal powder.

Dishcloths should be washed out in hot, clean soap suds daily and boiled in soda once a week.

Upon curtains the principal part of the embroidery is now placed upon the turnover portion of the top. This has much the effect of a valance when well overlaid.

A rug made of old grain carpet, cut and sewed on to ticking or denim with carpet thread, is said to last ten years and grow softer and prettier every year. The preferred width of the bias strips is one inch, and they should be sewed by a foot machine.

For a dry shampoo the hair should be loosened, then every inch of the scalp should be gently rubbed until all the dirt and dandruff is dislodged. The hair should be parted in different parts of the head and brushed with a very stiff little brush until the scalp is clean, and the hair also. Then it should be rubbed with alcohol or some hair tonic, and the snails gently combed and brushed.

For shampooing get five cents' worth of powdered Castile soap, the same quantity of borax; add to them a tablespoonful of alcohol, the beaten yolk of an egg and a pint of hot water. Put this in a bottle or cork. There is sufficient for three or four shampoos, as it only takes a small quantity applied to the scalp to cause a good lather, which must, however, be carefully rinsed out with several basins of warm water.

What Benzoate Will Do.
Benzoin is one of the best friends of woman. A few drops of it in a basin of water gives a pleasant odor to the face and hands. It helps to whiten the skin and to tighten it. Tan and wrinkles are both removed by its action, and, combined with glycerine or alcohol, it is an excellent lotion.

In the treatment of croup and whooping cough, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has the most marvelous effect. Thousands of lives are saved annually by the use of this medicine. It frees the obstructed air passage, allays inflammation, and controls the desire to cough.

All the English Illustrated Xmas number on sale at THE TRIBUNE Office. Call in immediately.

DECAY OF PSALM-SINGING.

The Psalter had secured a place in the story of Scotland's struggle for spiritual independence, a place from which no adverse criticism can ever succeed in taking it down. To find a parallel we must go to Germany, and call to mind such examples as the hymns of Luther, the battle-field hymns of the English, the hymns of the Scotch, the hymns of the Irish, the hymns of the Welsh, the hymns of the Bretons, the hymns of the Basques, the hymns of the Catalans, the hymns of the Provençals, the hymns of the Romans, the hymns of the Greeks, the hymns of the Italians, the hymns of the Spaniards, the hymns of the Portuguese, the hymns of the Russians, the hymns of the Poles, the hymns of the Bohemians, the hymns of the Hungarians, the hymns of the Rumanians, the hymns of the Serbians, the hymns of the Croats, the hymns of the Slovenes, the hymns of the Bulgarians, the hymns of the Greeks, the hymns of the Italians, the hymns of the Spaniards, the hymns of the Portuguese, the hymns of the Russians, the hymns of the Poles, the hymns of the Bohemians, the hymns of the Hungarians, the hymns of the Rumanians, the hymns of the Serbians, the hymns of the Croats, the 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WINTERING BEES.

One Way of Carrying Bees Into the Cellar, Placing the Hives.

The time for putting bees into the cellar varies of course with the locality and the season. Whenever it turns cold, with a fair prospect of a continuance, open up the cellar and proceed to action. Better directions cannot be offered than the following plan, which the well known authority, A. I. Root, describes in his

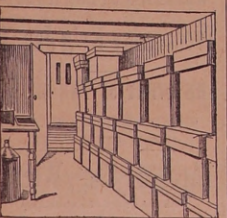


CARRYING BEES WITH HIVE CARRIERS.

A. B. C. of Bee Culture. He says: First with a screwdriver or cold chisel we go around to each hive, puff a little smoke in at the entrance and pry the body loose from the bottom board, as it will always be stuck down with propolis. It may yield with a little snap, and it will be necessary to use a little smoke to make the bees behave. The bottom boards all loosened, with an assistant and a couple of hive carriers we proceed to carry the bees into the cellar.

It is to be observed that our hive carriers are simply a couple of lengths of wire bent in the shape of a letter V, an ordinary wooden plank being slipped through to the middle of the wire. Both ends are bent down in the shape shown in the cut in the enlarged view. The ends are then bent in the form of a hook so as to catch on the bottom board. Now, then, to pick up the hives and carry them into the cellar we lift the front end of the bottom board up a little and slip the hooks of the hive carrier under it. In this manner we catch the rear end of the bottom board, and the hive is picked up as shown in the cut, bottom board and all. We then proceed to the cellar and deposit the hives near the place where it is supposed to stay through the winter. Along one side of the cellar we have previously laid scantling, say 14 or 15 inches apart, depending of course upon the length of the hive. We then pick the hives just brought in up by the scantling, lift it off its bottom and lay it at one end on top of the scantling and lay the bottom board in one corner of the cellar.

In like manner we bring in another colony, lift it off the bottom board and deposit it by the side of the other colony, leaving 4 inches between, and so on. We bring in other colonies until the scantlings are covered with hives 4 inches apart. We are now ready to commence another tier on top. The next hive that is brought is piled on top of two others in such a way that the bottom covers the space between two hives below, and so on we pile the rows of the hives. The next tier is followed in the same manner, until we have three or more tiers high, each hive placed over the intervening space between the two below.



ARRANGING OF HIVES IN THE CELLAR.

The reason for this manner of piling up the hives is, you may have noticed, that the hives are placed in the first place, and in the second place to give ample ventilation. You will now see an additional reason for leaving the cover on. If we removed the cover, we could not pile the hives one upon the other so well.

Store Crops In Good Condition.
The loss of fruit and vegetables in storage is of not infrequent occurrence. To lose one's supply of potatoes or apples is a serious matter. Sometimes the loss is due to storing in bad condition. Potatoes and apples, in fact every fruit or vegetable, should not be stored away while damp. Dampness favors rot. Fruits and vegetables are best stored in some dry, airy outbuilding until the imminent approach of freezing weather makes it necessary to put them in the cellar. The building should have rather open sides, and there should be a free circulation of air under and around it. Seed corn should not be put away until it is thoroughly dried. To put it away damp is to give a cordial invitation to disaster, says The American Agriculturist.

Poultry Cleanings.
No "condition powders," no medicine, no patent "egg food," no "nutrients" but the same common sense applied to the hen as to the cow.

Steady growth is best secured by regular feeding. A fast today and a famine tomorrow is not good for man or fowl.

A little lard (oil cake) meal—say a tablespoonful to each adult bird three times a week—will help to add gloss to the plumage.

Yellow corn gives a yellow tinge to the flesh of dressed poultry. Wheat and buckwheat whiten it. Feed according to the demands of your market.

A Peking duck lays from 150 to 170 eggs in a year, and it is not hard to make a pair of young Pekings weigh 10 pounds when 10 weeks old. They are a profitable fowl.

WINDSOR IN WINTER.

SOMETHING OF THE FAVORITE HOME OF HER MAJESTY.

How the Queen's Residence is Heated and Lighted—Four Methods and Materials and How They Are Employed—Cool by the Train Load.

For lighting the castle four methods are available, all of which are more or less in operation, viz: Gas, oil, gas, and electricity. Light, while for warming and cooking, wood, coal and gas are used. During the residence of the court some hundreds of persons are in the castle, besides the royal family and the visitors, consequently the adequate provision of all these processes is of a somewhat gigantic nature, keeping many servants constantly employed.

For the general lighting and heating gas and coal are adopted, but this is not so in the Queen's own rooms, nor in many other of the royal apartments. In the matter of fire for her own rooms the Queen strictly banishes coal. She has a confirmed preference for wood only. Special supplies of wood have to be obtained for this purpose from the thickly timbered hills a few miles up the river, above Windsor, where a number of workmen are regularly employed in cutting and stacking the wood, and as required supplies are brought down to the castle for consumption in the royal apartments. Gas and oil are excluded from her Majesty's apartments. Her light is provided by means of wax candles, all of which are supplied to the castle by the Duke of Devonshire, a special officer being the duty of a special officer. In some of the other apartments gas is utilized, and in other parts of the castle the light is supplied by the quarters of the staff generally. Moreover, although the Queen herself has carried for her own private use, she has permitted the production of an electric light plant. This is placed underneath the north terrace, and is in charge of a special engineer, under the general supervision of the Duke of Devonshire. This plant has never been largely used, but the light has been led into and applied to the main corridor, to one or two of the royal apartments, and to the library. A year or so ago the original plant was replaced by a newer and more powerful machinery, which would probably have lighted the whole of the castle if the Queen so wished, but this has not yet occurred, nor is she likely to sanction it. Electric bells and lights are used in the castle, but the electric light is allowed very limited play.

The coal required for Windsor Castle is almost entirely collected in the North Wales, brought in train loads of perhaps 500 tons at a time. From the station it is carried to the castle, in various kinds of vehicles, and is stored in the cellars, into which it is tipped. Thence it is conveyed as required to the different rooms and offices, numbering some hundreds.

Lifts are almost certain in the castle, consequently the coal has to be hoisted from the cavernous cellars and carried hither and thither by coal porters. The replenishing of the fires is done upon a most careful and efficient plan, footmen and other higher servants receiving the coal from the porters and passing it on to the royal apartments at intervals throughout the day.

Each official connected with heating and lighting the castle has his allotted duties and recognizes his position, and the residence of the highest class in the land is lighted and warmed in efficient manner by many and various processes—London News.

New Light on Courtship and Marriage.

An English writer has recently been giving some what he calls "new light on love, courtship and marriage," that is worth considering. Anybody, he says, who has not yet fallen in love can readily realize the vision of the subordinate one by looking at himself in the glass. If he is stout, the girl will probably be thin; if he has a snub nose, his love will center about the Roman one; if he be dark, 10 or 15 blonde admirers will surround him. Thus nature corrects defects and strives to realize her ideal. The same holds good in measure of the mental qualities. A fool should make it his business to fall in love with a clever woman, and, conversely, a wise man should marry a fool if he has any respect for nature. Note further, that girls with Roman noses, as a rule, go for game managers; but against this amiable quality must be set the fact that your Roman nose, at least in the matter of managing in every direction and is not content with domestic duties alone.

Your Roman nose, in fact, requires a complete surrender of the soul to the girl she likes. Noses, he thinks, are a leading index to character. Avoid a sharp nose, if beading being sharp, it is tinted with varying shades of red or orange, or blue pointed, there is an asperity of temper, which it would not be well for you to encounter. A nose of the "blue" type is confined to the cyster bar, then. Avoid the blue-nosed maiden as you would the blue-nosed orang-outang—both are capable of infinite mischief. He also cautions us against red hair and bushy eyebrows. In selecting a husband "choose a sensible man, an adviser, only his too possess womanly graces and the power of setting out her qualities so as to inspire the tender passion and gift of fascination. That is the whole secret.

Stub Ends of Thought.

A woman talks at her best when she does not say anything, and it is not for nothing that domestic felicity is of as many types as religion is.

We unconsciously judge all men by ourselves. While a man is thinking how a thing ought to be done, a woman will do it.

Could a man go about with his bow and arrows loose?

A wise man discovers by patient study what a fool stumbles upon.

Women are handsome men, and love homely ones.

No woman should ever worry over the loss of a man who hadn't the courage to ask for her.

"Leave the house."

For an instant he confronted the girl in silence.

"Very well," he answered, with an effort.

He was true to his word.

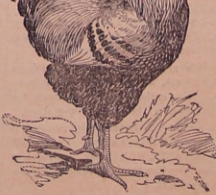
Although a husband and a social animal, he left not only the house, but the stationary table in the kitchen and the grand piano.

FARM GARDEN

THE BEST BREED.

Looking at Poultry From the Standpoint of a Market Poultryman.

Who will satisfactorily and with general approbation state which is the best breed? From a farmer's standpoint there is no such thing as a best breed, for when beauty and oddity are taken into account



A SILVER WANDOTTE PRIZE WINNER.

count as well as utility, or rather in preference to utility, all breeds have special traits which will endear them to fanciers.

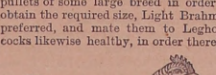
Looking at poultry from the standpoint of a market poultryman, the question assumes an entirely different aspect. Here the utility of the bird, as a specialist the size of the fowl and the proportion of meat to offal must always be considered, as sooner or later the laying stock must be disposed of on account of age, and in this connection a correspondent of The Fancier's Journal thus sums up the matter. He says:

Take Leghorns, for instance—veritable egg producing machines. They will certainly prove remunerative for a time, but when it is found necessary to renew a yard on account of age 100 Leghorns will not average over four pounds apiece, while Minorcas, say good layers, will average six pounds, and Light Brahmas from eight to nine pounds. Again, the rearing of 100 pullets will entail also the rearing of about 100 cockerels, which must be disposed of as market fowls, and then every additional pound in weight means the price of one dozen eggs. From the above it should be easily seen that Leghorns are not the best fowls for market poultrymen. A larger breed is needed, even if the egg production is to be reduced.

Light Brahmas are a good breed, the main objection to them being their slowness to put on flesh as chickens, making them in consequence undesirable as broilers. Minorcas make a splendid all purpose fowl, but again in their case something is wrong. As chickens they are not sufficiently hardy to make them as profitable as they should be, and as fowls they suffer greatly from severe winters, which causes their production of eggs to be seriously affected. Langshires are good layers, have size in their favor, and they are hardy, but they have the Asiatic trait of maturing slowly, which detracts somewhat from their value.

The pure breeds at present rightfully laying claim to the title of all purpose fowls are the Wyandottes and the Plymouth Rocks, with the scales tipping in favor of the last, owing to their greater average weight and a slight superiority in number of eggs per year. They are both hardy, mature quickly and when full grown and over a year old are easily fattened. While they would seem to fill the bill they are not perfect. If kept in their purity, they are liable to suffer from the effects of inbreeding and lose much of their vitality and power of healthy and vigorous reproduction.

If all breeds offer objections, what then is the market poultryman to do? He will begin by carefully selecting for his breeding pens healthy, vigorous pullets of some large breed in order to obtain the required size, Light Brahmas preferred, and make them to Leghorn cocks likewise healthy, in order thereby



IDEAL PLYMOUTH ROCK HEN.

to graft a great power of egg production on an abundance of flesh—adding by the same means quick development and early maturity. The best breed for the market poultryman, then, is the breed which he will begin by carefully selecting for his breeding pens healthy, vigorous pullets of some large breed in order to obtain the required size, Light Brahmas preferred, and make them to Leghorn cocks likewise healthy, in order thereby

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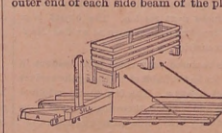
FARM GARDEN

FEEDING FODDER.

An Improved Plan That May Be Adopted With Small Expense.

Throwing the bundles upon the ground for the cattle to trample under foot while the feed is descending the steps or coming around the back way is the ordinary method of feeding fodder from the two story or "bank" barn. Those who have been pursuing this plan will greatly appreciate the improvement represented in the following cut, which was originally drawn for The Rural New Yorker and thus described in that journal.

The cost of this arrangement is comparatively small and within the reach of all. A platform 12 to 14 feet long and as wide as the small double doors—7 feet or more—is hung to the rear of the barn. On top of this the fodder is carried and dropped into a feeding rack placed on the ground just below. The side beams of this hanging platform are made of light wood, pine or poplar, 3 inches by 8 inches, connected below by four crosspieces of stouter material, 3 inches by 4 inches, all firmly bolted together. Boards nailed down upon these crosspieces form the floor. A bolt having a hook above is inserted near the outer end of each side beam of the platform.



FOR FEEDING CORN FODDER.

form, and in each corner, about four feet from the floor, a similar hooked bolt is placed, upon which are hung the brace rods, made of five-eighths inch round iron furnished with a ring at each end.

Through the sill, just back of each door post, two half inch holes are bored and an iron rod (C) inserted, having an inside measure slightly greater than 3 inches in width and extending half a foot or more below the surface. These receive and hold the beams at the back end of the platform. To prevent straining these loops by any horizontal thrust a board (B) is placed just behind them, against which the ends of the beams may rest. This board is supported by others (AAA) nailed against the sleepers in the platform above. In the drawing when the season's feeding is done, the platform is taken down and stowed away until again needed. The feed rack is placed just below the outer end of the platform and parallel with the barn. In this position it may be 10 feet long and yet easily reached from the platform. Ordinary fencing boards and scantling are used in its construction.

Carbon Bisulphide For Hen Lice.

A new test for the bisulphide of carbon has been pointed out by Dr. Schneider in the Journal de l'Agriculture. Dr. Schneider recommends trying a few small bottles of bisulphide of carbon to the perches in the henhouse, the bottles being unstoppered. The liquid will evaporate. The hens roost over the bottles, and the vapor of the bisulphide kills the lice. The recommendation is founded upon careful experiment, as the following extract will show:

"The very first time using it I was agreeably surprised to find that the enemy had left, leaving none but dead and dying behind, and on the following day not a single living insect was to be found, while my birds were sitting quietly on the roosts, and the liquid was unaccountably peaceful. This lasted for 12 days, till the sulphide had evaporated. Twenty-four hours later a fresh invasion of lice had put in an appearance under the wings of the birds in the warmest portions of the house where there were no currents of air. I replenished the supply of sulphide and the next morning only a few of these were remaining.

The next morning every trace of vermin had disappeared. Since that time I have personally made a great number of further trials with the sulphide with immediate and absolute success. I should recommend the sulphide of carbon to be put in small tin cans riveted about the pigeonhouse or poultry roost. When it has about three parts evaporated, the remainder will have acquired a yellowish tinge and no longer acts so completely as before, but if it be shaken up afresh it will suffice to keep the enemy at a distance."

Keeping Outlets In A Cold Climate.

A Wisconsin correspondent of Ohio Farmer describes a plan of wintering outlets which he considers perfect. He says:

We select a piece of dry ground and dig a trench from four to six feet wide and long enough to hold all that we have to put in it. We put them about six inches deep in the pit. They are put upon the ground, but about two inches of straw over them and then a few inches of earth on the straw. We wish them to get frozen as soon as possible after they are put in the pit. After we are certain they are frozen, we shovel some manure and cover them, perhaps a foot deeper than at first. There are two reasons for this. One is that if they are allowed to thaw during the winter they will rot and be lost. The other is that if they get frozen too hard, they will either rot when they thaw out or else be dead and worthless for sets.

In spring, after the frost is all out of them, we take them out of the pit and put them back upon the shelves again as they were during the fall before. There they remain until they are needed.

I have tried various plans of preserving onion sets through the winter, but none of them has proved as satisfactory as the above. In fact, we consider it just about perfect.

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1 " "	1.50	.75	.40	.20	.20	.20
1 " "	1.00	.50	.25	.15	.15	.15
1 " "	.75	.40	.20	.10	.10	.10
1 " "	.50	.25	.15	.10	.10	.10
1 " "	.25	.15	.10	.10	.10	.10

Legal Notices, 5 cts a line, first insertion; 3 cts a line each subsequent insertion.

Local Notices, 1 cts a line.

Black Notices, 10 cts a line.

Readers, 20 cts per line.

DESERONTO POST OFFICE.

Office open daily (Sunday excepted) from 7:30 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Mails for dispatch are closed at the office as follows:

For Niagara and Kingston and all points East at 11:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

For Belleville and Toronto and all points West at 11:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

For Victoria at 12:15 a.m. and 8:30 p.m.

Mails arriving at the office as follows:

From Kingston, Niagara, and all points at 7:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

From Belleville Toronto and all points West at 7:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m.

From Victoria at 12:15 a.m. and 8:30 p.m.

Letters received will be posted half an hour before the close of each mail.

N.B.—The mails are made up for all points at 6 p.m. on Sundays.

F. S. RATHBURN Postmaster

MARRIAGE LICENCES.

H. BRISCOE, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENCES, Deseronto, Ontario.

B. C. MCGARGAR,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER for Co. of Hastings, Windsor Hotel, Belleville, Ont.

VETERINARY SURGEON.

W. LESLIE, Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, Late House Surgeon to the same institution. Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals in a humane and successful manner. Office—Empire Hotel, Deseronto, Ont. Consulting at night. All calls by telephone or telephone promptly attended to day or night.

FRED G. DAVEY,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER.

Repairing of Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry at short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ST. GEORGE ST., DESERONTO.

TO FARMERS.

THOROUGHbred AND HIGH GRADE SHORT-HORN CATTLE.

PURE FLEISCHING BRED FOWLS.

Shropshire Down Sheep, and Berkshire Pigs.

Stock or sale at reasonable prices.

J. C. HANLEY,

P. O., Hastings Co.

GEO. E. SNIDER,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER & DEALER

In all kinds of SILVERWARE, &c.

Corner Main & St. George Streets,

Deseronto.

SOCIETIES.

PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION OF PHRENTICE BOYS.

"The very first time using it I was agreeably surprised to find that the enemy had left, leaving none but dead and dying behind, and on the following day not a single living insect was to be found, while my birds were sitting quietly on the roosts, and the liquid was unaccountably peaceful. This lasted for 12 days, till the sulphide had evaporated. Twenty-four hours later a fresh invasion of lice had put in an appearance under the wings of the birds in the warmest portions of the house where there were no currents of air. I replenished the supply of sulphide and the next morning only a few of these were remaining.

The next morning every trace of vermin had disappeared. Since that time I have personally made a great number of further trials with the sulphide with immediate and absolute success. I should recommend the sulphide of carbon to be put in small tin cans riveted about the pigeonhouse or poultry roost. When it has about three parts evaporated, the remainder will have acquired a yellowish tinge and no longer acts so completely as before, but if it be shaken up afresh it will suffice to keep the enemy at a distance."

Keeping Outlets In A Cold Climate.

A Wisconsin correspondent of Ohio Farmer describes a plan of wintering outlets which he considers perfect. He says:

We select a piece of dry ground and dig a trench from four to six feet wide and long enough to hold all that we have to put in it. We put them about six inches deep in the pit. They are put upon the ground, but about two inches of straw over them and then a few inches of earth on the straw. We wish them to get frozen as soon as possible after they are put in the pit. After we are certain they are frozen, we shovel some manure and cover them, perhaps a foot deeper than at first. There are two reasons for this. One is that if they are allowed to thaw during the winter they will rot and be lost. The other is that if they get frozen too hard, they will either rot when they thaw out or else be dead and worthless for sets.

In spring, after the frost is all out of them, we take them out of the pit and put them back upon the shelves again as they were during the fall before. There they remain until they are needed.

I have tried various plans of preserving onion sets through the winter, but none of them has proved as satisfactory as the above. In fact, we consider it just about perfect.

DESERONTO MECHANIC INSTITUTE.

C. H. BROWN, Secy.

DESERONTO LODGE NO. 101, meets every Wednesday evening in Forester's Hall, Cop block at 8 o'clock. Visitors welcome.

W. J. MALLORY, Secy.

D. D. H. O. R.

J. E. ROBERTSON, Secy.

JOHN D. H. O. R.

JOHN D. H. O. R.

JOHN D. H. O. R.

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JOHN D. H. O. R.

JOHN D. H. O. R.

JANUARY, 1895.

During this month we will sell everything in stock at greatly reduced prices.

We have four Mantles left

A few Overcoats.

Some Ladies' Furs. Fur Caps for men.

About ten Pea-jackets.

Four Goat Skin Robes, first quality. We don't want them, do you?

A few Blankets, they will be in season till the 17th of March.

Any of the above goods will be sold much under value.

Black and colored serges at 25c. per yard. See them.

We still sell our famous 75c. Cashmere. Other merchants wonder how we can afford to. They say it costs them 75c. wholesale. Gentlemen, it's all in the buying.

Our Flannellettes is town talk.

TERMS CASH.

WIMS & CO.

SALE OF JACKETS

We are offering for Sale a large lot of Ladies' and Children's Cloth Jackets, many of them at less than half the former price.

Don't miss this opportunity to secure a good Coat at a very low price.

Geo. Ritchie & Co
Belleville.

STOCK ALWAYS RIGHT.

This is the time of the year when clothing houses, as a rule, are generally out of nearly every style and size of overcoats and slaters you ask for. You will not find this the case at the Oak Hall, Belleville. Of course, we do not pretend to have the variety we had early in the season, but we think you can be pleased all right when you come.

THE RIGHT PLACE

It is a well known fact that the right place to get your Christmas photos is at Fairbairn's popular art studio. For a short time they are giving 14 cabinets and one \$10 photo for only \$3.00. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Studio in Geddis Block.

XMAS SALE

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY of next week we will offer at greatly reduced prices our very large stock of Horse Blankets, Mink-Ox, Goat and Buffalo Robes and 40 of the finest Cutters in Canada. Also our large stock of Harness, Bells, Cigars, Whips, Combs, Brushes, etc. Then we have 1 Kensington, 4 Baggies, 1 Democrat, 2 Road Cars, 1 Lumber Wagon that we will clear out at actual cost. We go on a principle of clearing out all unseasonable goods at cost or under, hence our stock is always fresh. This is your opportunity. It's a snap. Remember this sale continues three days only. Bring along your cash and we will save you big money.

H. FOWELL, Belleville,
P.S.—2 buggies and 2 cutters, second and, for sale cheap. Coal Oil away down.

Pressed Hay For Sale

—AT—
BRUTON'S.

Lots of new customers constantly coming for Bruton's Tea is sufficient proof of its superior quality. Be sure and get a pound, it will make you want more.

We just received a new lot of those fine Valencia Oranges, and we are still selling them at 15c. per doz. We have lots of pretty Candy Toys for the children very cheap, and our New Jigs are beautiful fruit. See them.

OYSTERS.

Remember we are still handling those fine-flavored Bay of Fundy Oysters, and parties wanting quantities can be supplied on short notice.

Wishing everybody the compliments of the season,
Yours Truly,
W. H. BRUTON.

The Tribune.

FRIDAY, JAN. 11, 1895.

DESERONTO NEWS COY LIMITED

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Is replete with an abundant supply of new type and printing material. We are there for in a position to execute Fine Job printing in all its branches in first class style and at rates to suit the times. Send or call and get prices. **Orders by mail will receive our prompt and careful attention.**

LOCAL NOTICES.

L. Hoppins, issuer of marriage licenses. All business strictly confidential.

The Big Store are selling all their stock of melon dress cloths at net wholesale prices. A great opportunity of securing a good dress at small cost.

Just think!—Twelve numbers of Art Canada for one dollar at THE TRIBUNE Office. A handsome Christmas present.

Roman Catholic Prayer Books and Rosary Beads, a nice selection for sale by the Deseronto News Co. (Ltd.)

The Big Store will offer all mantle and jacket cloths at big reductions.

The Deseronto agency of the Giffard Furniture Company are offering great bargains in Furniture for the Christmas trade. Just think of our good maple bedroom suites with very large bevel glass mirror usually sold for \$20 now offered for \$15. Many other lines reduced in like proportions. Please call and examine the stock in our warehouse, St. George street, before going elsewhere. T. W. Oke, agent.

Ladies' stylish jackets very cheap at the Big Store.

Illustrated English papers, with artistic supplements, at THE TRIBUNE Office.

Christmas cards, below cost, at THE TRIBUNE Office.

Pretty Calendars, at your prices, at THE TRIBUNE Office.

Gents' scarfs and ties at cost at the Big Store.

LOCAL ITEMS.

The Pictorial Gazette Printing Company have added Mr. D. Conger to the firm.

Ash Wednesday, the beginning of Lent, falls on Feb. 27th, and Easter Sunday on April 14th.

Mayor Rathbone and Councillors Irvine and Parham are the only members of the old town council who will sit in the council of 1895.

Mrs. Yates, elected mayor of the town of Onehunga, New Zealand, is the first woman ever called to that office in the British dominions.

James Connors is the Government candidate, and Arthur Woods the Opposition standard bearer in the West Algonia by-election.

Full moon to night.

Mr. James Dryden has purchased a handsome lot in Deseronto cemetery.

The newly elected town council will meet on Monday, Jan. 21st, for organization.

We have received copies of the *Nova*, of Grimby, England, in which we see references to the safe arrival in that country of Rev. Mr. Atkinson, of Selby.

The dates of the provincial bye-elections to Kingston and Algonia have been fixed. The nominations will occur on January 21st and polling on January 28th.

Belleville voted down a free library bill by a majority of 351. Just like Belleville.

Mr. Riggs, headmaster of the I. O. O. F. band, Belleville, has resigned.

Capt. E. B. Smith, of the steamer Alexandria and Mrs. C. B. Hodgins, daughter of Mr. Wm. Hawthorne, formerly of Belleville, were married at Buffalo on Dec. 27th.

Judge Fralick, revising officer for East Hastings, held a court here last Friday to arrange the Deseronto voters' list. Very little interest was manifested in the proceedings.

The Chief will carry out his instructions and prevent all coasting down the side-walks. He will also insist on the removal of snow and ice from the boardwalks in all parts of the town.

An amendment to the act incorporating the Independent Order of Foresters will be introduced next session. The object is to allow investment in foreign as well as Canadian securities.

It is rumored that some lads resident in town are in the habit of indulging themselves by cock-fighting. This is a highly criminal offence and subjects those engaged in it to an exceedingly heavy fine or imprisonment.

Our thanks are due to Mr. B. W. Washburn for copies of Jacksonville newspapers. We observe that the fronts of the closing week of December greatly injured the orange crop, the total loss to the state being estimated at one million dollars.

Mr. S. C. D. Baker left on Monday last for Manitowish Island where he will reside for some time and act as purchasing agent for the Rathbun Company. Mr. M. J. Butler accompanied him and will safely locate him in his new territory.

Owing to the dull times the C. P. R. authorities have been compelled to make large reductions in the staff of all departments of its service. Hundreds of men have been temporarily discharged and those left are working on short time.

Mr. John Milne, P. G. M. W. and Grand Organizer of the A. O. U. W., is on a visit to our town, giving public addresses. He will be at Pictou on the 14th, Deseronto 15th, Northport 16th, Tweed 17th, Marmora 18th, Stirling 21st.

Dr. & Mrs. Mohr entertained a large party at their residence in Pictou last week, visitors being present from Belleville, Deseronto, Napanee, etc. Miss Slaven, of Deseronto, greatly pleased the large company with her mandolin and violin selections.

The *Toronto Globe* will have universal sympathy in the great loss which it has sustained by the recent conflagration. The management has always been noted for wonderful enterprise and it will not be long before the great Reform newspaper will be in new and perfectly equipped quarters.

That there is much political unrest in the country is evidenced by the numerous surprises which have taken place in the province in the recent municipal elections. Politicians are in a state of nervous anxiety as they contemplate the Dominion elections which will probably be held during the next six months.

We had the pleasure of seeing a beautiful model of the Sikh Sikhs which had been skillfully carved by means of a jack-knife by Mr. John Bartley. It is a pretty specimen of workmanship, every detail being brought out. While in THE TRIBUNE office it was much admired by visitors.

George Burtch, the enterprising and popular showman, goes to Chicago this week to make arrangements for a paraphernalia to help complete the next wagon show in existence. The title of the show, we hear, will be "Geo. Burtch's New Sensation," and will comprise a good many high salaried exponents of the arena. Success to the enterprise of Mr. Burtch.

Yesterday Mr. W. J. Huff, beneficiary secretary of Deseronto Council, No. 239, Royal Templars of Temperance, received from the Dominion Council a cheque for \$1,000 being the insurance on the life of the late Bro. Chas. J. Henstridge, a member of the order. The amount is made payable to the executors for Miss Annie Henstridge, daughter of the deceased. It would have been paid several weeks ago, but Miss Henstridge being a minor tedious legal steps had to be pursued.

Beautiful faces are always features of Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendars, and they were never more charming than they are this season. Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendar for 1895 is heart shaped and is ornamented with representations of "Summer" and "Winter." A sweet face which peeps out from a dainty cap, with the snow flakes falling all about, represents the season of ice and snow, while the sunshine of summer lights up another face at the left. The design was made by one of the most gifted water color artists in the country and the work of the lithographer is seemingly perfect. Hood's Calendar, as usual, presents all the desired information about the lunar changes and other astronomical events. Ask your druggist for a copy, and if his supply is exhausted send six cents in stamps for one calendar, or ten cents for two, to C. I. Hood & Co. Lowell, Mass.

A key awaits an owner at this office.

J. Carcallan is reeve of N. Fredericksburg.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell has recovered from his recent illness. He has returned to Ottawa.

In Hungerford John Stokes was elected reeve, majority 14; James Clark, 1st dep; John Baker, 2nd dep; A. Kirk and A. Genore, councillors.

Our thanks are due to Rev. R. J. Craig for copies of Stuttgart newspapers. We are brushing up our German and hope to be edified by their perusal.

Mr. Kennedy was elected Mayor of Toronto by a majority of 45. C. Wright as mayor of Kingston, and C. T. C. Stevens was elected mayor of Napanee.

The Public school reopened on Monday. The teachers all enjoyed their vacation very much. Judging from their happy faces, Santa Claus must have been generous.

There is great danger in coasting down Second Street, as boys cross the railway track. The authorities should check the youngsters, or a fatal accident may occur.

The elections in Sophiasburg resulted in the return of Mr. G. Badgely as reeve with a majority of 57; S. J. Doney, dep-reeve, by acclamation; C. Carman, Wilson and Ketchepaw, councillors.

The Steady Cleaners' Society of the West End Mission held a social entertainment on the evening of Friday, 18th. A good programme, including cake and coffee. Admission 15c; two for 25c.

On Saturday morning, near the Terra Cotta Works, a B. of Q. engine struck a cow belonging to Mr. Daniel Hare. It was seriously injured, the step of the coach cutting its back severely.

The Grieves hotel in Napanee has changed hands and is now called the Hawley House. Mr. M. A. Hawley, late of the Russell House, Kingston, being now the proprietor. The hotel has been completely refitted, decorated and refurnished.

Another vast conflagration raged in Toronto last night, causing enormous loss. The fire was on Melinda and Jordan streets. Full particulars in to-day's Toronto dailies. An extra supply ordered at THE TRIBUNE office. Call at once and secure copies.

Mr. John McCullough has moved his office into the second flat of his new block on St. George street, his increasing insurance and other business necessitating much larger rooms and accommodation. His office has been very neatly fitted up and his patrons will find the Commissioner very pleasantly and conveniently located. Mr. McCullough is agent for many of the leading insurance companies and is the local agent of the London Mutual, a company which has taken over the farm risks of several other companies.

Salvation Army.

Last Tuesday evening the Salvation Army Barracks was filled with a large assembly, it being "Hindoo" night. In addition to the local corps the soldiers from Napanee were present. Esau and Mrs. Wiseman, of Belleville, and Capt. Lowry and Lieut. Magee, of Napanee, were present and assisted the local officers. The methods of Army work in India were well represented and a very happy and profitable evening was enjoyed by all present.

Passed With Honors.

Miss Sarah Allen, of Kingston, sister of Mrs. Robert Massie, of Deseronto, and who will be remembered, attended the Deseronto High School for several terms, passed most successfully at the Ottawa Normal school examinations, for a second class professional certificate. There were 75 candidates, 38 males and 37 females. Of these four secured honors, Miss Allen being the only lady who so distinguished herself. Her success was all the more significant because she made no effort at securing honors till very late in the session. With many Deseronto friends THE TRIBUNE extends hearty congratulations to Miss Allen on her brilliant success.

Victoria Lodge, Prentice Boys.

At the meeting held on Tuesday evening, 8th inst., the following were duly installed as officers of Victoria Lodge, No. 9 'Prentice Boys, for the current term:—John W. Kitchen, worthy master; Joseph Stevenson deputy master; W. J. Malley, treasurer; G. F. Huff, recording secretary; J. D. Payne, chaplain; Wm. Allen, director of ceremonies; J. D. Monaghan, financial secretary; James Foster, inside tutor; Wm. Noble, outside tutor; Jos. Stevenson, J. D. Payne, Wm. Allen, A. B. Leggett, Jas. Foster, Wm. Noble, J. D. Monaghan, sick visiting committee; D. L. Brown, J. D. Payne, and Wm. Noble, trustees. The affairs of this lodge are in a healthy condition.

Killed in Ohio.

Mr. Lester Provins, son of Mr. Alexander Provins, of Deseronto, was killed at St. Mary's, Ohio, last Saturday, 5th inst. Deceased left here about three months ago and secured an excellent situation at one of the oil wells, where he sharpened drills, etc. He was at work on Saturday, when he slipped and his head caught in the tacking of the machine, and he was seriously crushed about the shoulder and body. He only lived five minutes after the accident. He was a fine specimen of physical manhood and his death is greatly regretted by many friends, while it is a great loss to his parents and family. Deceased was a widower, his wife having died three years ago; he leaves two little children. Mr. Patrick McCullough, of this district, was with him at the time of the accident and accompanied the remains to Deseronto. The funeral took place on Tuesday. Religious services were held in the Methodist church by Rev. R. Taylor, after which the remains were removed to the Huffman cemetery, Napanee.

Police Court.

Albert Blackley, of Fredericksburg, was arrested on Thursday last week for drunkenness and profanity. He appeared before the Reeve who dismissed him with a caution.

Concert at Shannonville.

The A. O. U. W. concert at Shannonville was a great success. Dr. Walker, of Belleville, presided, and made a neat opening address. All the performers were loudly applauded and encored. The committee are to be congratulated on the great success of the event.

Notes.

Many farmers have been in the habit during former years of bringing into town contributions of vegetables, etc., for the poor of the town. It is needless to state that their kind offers were greatly appreciated. Chief Gueyow will kindly take charge of all such donations if left at the weigh house on market square.

Entertainment at Marysville.

The young men of St. Mary's Parish, held an entertainment in McGurn's hall, Marysville, this evening, 11th. An energetic committee have made ample arrangements for the event. An excellent orchestra will furnish music; refreshments will be served during the evening. Suitable arrangements have been made for the proper care of horses and rigs. Tickets \$1.00.

Tyendinaga Elections.

There is a keen struggle in Tyendinaga at the recent election. Mr. J. C. Hanley was returned at the head of the poll for the reevehip, though his young opponent Mr. A. McFarlane made a brave fight. The figures stand: Hanley 427, McFarlane 425. B. Osborne is first deputy by a good majority, and Mr. McAlpine is second deputy by a large majority. The veteran George Munro and R. H. Scott are councillors. The complete returns will be found in another column.

Calendars.

Our thanks are due to Mr. H. R. Bedford, local agent, for a copy of a handsome calendar issued by the London & Lancashire Life assurance company. Mr. John McCullough also kindly favors us with calendars of the Manchester, Lancashire, North British and Mercantile, and other companies which he represents. Mr. Mills of the insurance department of the Rathbun Company has also sent thanks for those of the Western, Royal, Hartford and various other companies for whom the company are local agents.

Court Quinte, C. O. F.

The following officers elect of Court Quinte, Canadian Order of Foresters were duly installed last night by Bro. Malley: Jas. Knox, chief ranger; Homer Solmes, vice chief ranger; E. Robeson, chaplain; E. N. Lowe, recording secretary; George Morden, financial secretary; W. J. Malley, treasurer; George Walker, senior warden; Joseph Haggerty, junior warden; Alex. Wilkins, senior headle; Wm. Noble, junior headle; E. D. Vandervoort, M. D., court physician. Court Quinte is in a prosperous condition, the membership steadily increasing. It meets in its own hall in the new McCullough block, on the second and fourth Thursdays of the month.

Quinte Lodge, A. O. U. W.

The following are the officers of Quinte Lodge, No. 215, A. O. U. W., for the current term:—W. W. Foster, past master; Wm. Haggart, master; R. H. Haggart, foreman; A. T. Snider, overseer; Geo. Field, recorder; S. H. Miller, financier; J. P. Brown, receiver; Robt. Walker, guide; J. Chapman, inside watchman; Dr. Newton, medical examiner; R. Bayburn, John Dalton, W. N. Mark, trustees; W. W. Foster, representative to grand lodge; Geo. Field, alternate. This lodge, which is in a very healthy condition, meets on the first and third Friday evenings in the month at Foresters' hall. Initiation fee, four dollars, and the fee for medical examination. Sixteen dollars per annum is the maximum cost of carrying \$2,000 insurance inclusive of lodge dues, three dollars per annum.

Deseronto Council, Royal Templars.

At the meeting of Deseronto Council, No. 239, R. T. of T., held on the 3rd inst., the following were duly installed into office for the next term by Bro. F. C. H. Bell, S.P.C.: Mrs. Jas. E. Sexsmith, S. C. W; Wm. Stuart, V. C.; J. M. Smith, P. C.; Mrs. J. T. Gentry, Chaplain; A. B. Dulmage, R. S.; E. B. Brown, Asst. R. N. T. Lowe, E. S. J. W. Dougherty, Treas.; I. Vandervoort, Herald; Miss Wilson, Dep. Herald; A. Kitchen, Guard; J. R. Booth, Sentinel; J. M. Smith delegate to Grand Council at Woodstock in February, with Mrs. J. E. Sexsmith alternate. Bro. J. M. Smith, who introduced 24 candidates was awarded the gold pin offered by Bro. F. G. Davey to the member bringing in the largest number of members during the quarter. The team captained by Bro. J. W. Dougherty were awarded the honor of contributing the best programmes.

Orange District Officers.

A meeting of L. O. L., District No. 4, South Hastings, was held at the lodge room of No. 99, Indian Council House, on Tuesday, Jan. 8th. The following officers were elected for the current year and were duly installed into office by Bro. Thos. Fort, past district master: Bro. James Kerr, district master; S. B. Clark, deputy district master; S. H. Miller, chaplain; James Goodman, recording secretary; Dexter Watson, financial secretary; Robt. G. Martin, treasurer; Jonas Brant, director of ceremonies; Robt. Rusk, lecturer. All the officers except the district master, were elected by acclamation. There was a good representation from all the lodges of the district, and the affairs of the order were reported to be in a very satisfactory condition. In accordance with previous arrangement the lodges will attend the county celebration which will be held in Belleville on the coming 12th of July.

PERSONALS.

Miss Myra Bogart has been visiting friends in Napanee.

Mr. W. W. Foster has been suffering from a very severe cold.

Miss Nellie Campbell, of Deseronto, is visiting friends in Brockville.

Mr. William Morgan, Napanee, has been spending a few days in town.

Mr. T. Caughlin has been laid up for a few weeks from a severe attack of grippe.

Mr. & Mrs. David Bradshaw spent a portion of the holiday season with friends in Tweed.

Mr. William O'Connor has returned to Queen's College to resume his medical studies.

Miss Edna Shortt and Lillian Miles, of Newburgh, were visiting friends in town on Wednesday.

Mr. Fred Dougherty, of the Railway office, spent a few days in Ottawa during the past week.

Messrs. Wm. and Robt. Geddis and George Butler have returned to their classes at Queen's College.

Miss Aggie Phinney has been visiting his mother and other friends in Guelph, Harknorton District.

Mr. C. B. Dougherty, of Ottawa, came on to Deseronto to attend the funeral of Mrs. George McCaughey.

Mr. J. E. Martin, professor in the R.M.C., Kingston, was in Deseronto on Thursday visiting old friends.

Mr. & Mrs. Alex. Loft are spending the holidays with their son and daughter in Watertown, N. Y.

Mr. P. Clairmont, of the Gravenhurst agency of the Rathbun Company, was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. Edward G. E. Folkes, manager of the Wilkinson Plough Works, Toronto, was in town on Tuesday night.

Mr. S. W. Baverstall and her daughter Fanny have returned to Brockville after spending a few weeks in town.

Mr. & Mrs. J. A. Irvine, of Campbellford, have returned home after spending their holidays with friends in town.

Miss Ella Butler and Miss Dickson, who had been spending their vacation, returned to Loretta Abbey, Toronto, on Tuesday.

Mrs. F. A. Oliver, of Richmond, is visiting her daughter Mrs. S. B. Clarke, St. Thomas street. Mrs. Oliver is 84 years of age, but quite hale and hearty.

Mr. Taylor, of Queen's College, spent a few days in town as the guest of Mr. Robert Geddis, Jr. Mr. Taylor presented mission work very successfully in Manitoba during the summer.

The popular and clever entertainer Mr. W. E. Ramsay will present his latest series "A Trip Around the World" in Naylor's Opera House Wednesday evening, Jan. 10th. The entertainment is spoken of in the highest terms by both press and public and is said to surpass anything of the kind ever before attempted. The scenes of the different countries are remarkably realistic while Mr. Ramsay's songs are all new and sung in Canada for the first time.

Toronto dailies, with full account of last night's great fire in that city, for sale at THE TRIBUNE Office.

NAYLOR'S OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday Ev'g Jan. 10

THE EVENT OF THE SEASON.

GRAND SCENIC PRODUCTION,

A TRIP

Around The World,

with the Prince of Entertainers

Mr. W. E. Ramsay

As companion and guide.

Introducing the latest London Song heard by him while in Europe, and sung for the first time in this country.

You may sit in comfort and see as best for London, England, Ireland and Scotland, and all other countries in the old world and the new.

Prices . . . 25 and 35 Cents.

Seats on sale at NAYLOR'S.

The City Grocery

Main St., Deseronto.

To my many patrons and friends:

Christmas is drawing near, and to all I wish a right merry and happy Xmas, and would draw their attention to the fact that I have all that is necessary to build a first-class Xmas cake or fill the children's stockings at prices that will make the hard times PROSPEROUS TIMES. Just drop in and look around and try my A1 Flour at \$1.60, or my Bright Sugar at 27 lbs. for one dollar.

Yours faithfully,

L. HOPPINS,

The Workman's and Farmer's Friend. F. & Co. All weights guaranteed. 18 corner to the pound, and a "Stunner" in Tea at 30 cents.

DESERONTO MARKET.

Deseronto, Jan. 10, 1895

Beets, 10 cents per peck.
Beans \$1.00 per bushel.
Borl, forequarter, 4 to 5 cts. per pound.
Borl, hindquarter, 5
Barley, 38 to 40 cents per bushel.
Butter, 20 to 22 cents per pound.
Buckwheat, 40 cents per bushel.
Celery, 5 cents per bunch.
Carrots, 45 cts. per bag.
Cheese, 10 to 12 cents per pound.
Chickens, 25 to 35 cents per pair.
Cabbage, 50 cents per dozen.
Duck, 30 cents.
Ducks, 45 to 60 cents per pair.
Eggs, 16 to 18 cents per dozen.
Geece, 30 to 60 cents each.
Ham, musked, 5 to 5 1/2 cents per pound.
Hay \$3.00 per ton.
Honey, 10 cents per pound.
Hides, 25 to 35.
Mutton, 5 cents.
Lambskins, 15 cents.
Lard, 10 to 12 cents per pound.
Oatmeal, 30 to 75 cents per bushel.
Oats, 27 to 30 cents per bushel.
Potatoes, 50 to 60 cts per bushel.
Paw, 50 to 52 cents per bushel.
Pork, carcass, 5 to 5 1/2 cents per pound.
Pork, cut, 5 to 6 cents per pound.
Pork by quarter from 5 to 5 1/2 cents.
Rye, 45 cents per bushel.
Straw, \$2 per load.
Steak, 10 cents.
Tallow, in rough 25 cents per pound.
Tallow, rendered, 5 to 6 cents per pound.
Turkey, 40 cents to 75c. each.
Turkeys, 40 to 50 cents per bag.
Wheat, 55 to 60 cts per bushel.

DEATHS.

Brown—At Leicester, on Monday, Jan. 7th Elizabeth, wife of Thomas Brown, aged 80 years.

PROVINS—At St. Mary's, Ohio, on Jan. 8th, 1895, Lester Provins, son of Mr. Alexander Provins, of Deseronto, aged 27 years.

OWNEY—At Summerton, on the 9th inst., Ritchie Stuart, son of William and Sarah Gowan, of Deseronto, aged 5 years and 9 months.

McKINNEY—At Deseronto, on Jan. 4th, 1895, Margaret Jamieson, relict of the late George McKinney, aged 91 years, and 6 months and 17 days.

ANDERSON—Entered into rest, on Saturday morning, the 5th of Jan., 1895, S. Francis Hamilton Anderson, youngest daughter of the Rev. G. A. Anderson, M. A., in her 27th year.

WHALEN HOUSE.

JOHN WHALEN, PROPRIETOR.
Good accommodation. Liquor in connection.
Good Sample Rooms. One dollar a day.
ENTERPRISE, ONT.

HOUSE TO LET.

IN A PLEASANT AND CONVENIENT part of the town. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.

BERRISFORD AND POLAND CHINA
Boat Pigs for sale and for service at the Tyndinaga Stock Farm, Road P. O. 4m3 J. C. HANLEY.

HOUSE TO LET.

TO LET, THE HOUSE ON THE North-East corner of Dundas and Mill Streets.—Apply to
THE LATHURN COMPANY.
Deseronto, 13th, 1894.

Deseronto Cemetery Company,
DESERONTO, ONT.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of Shareholders for election of officers for the ensuing year, and transaction of other business, will be held in the Classroom of the Mechanics' Institute at 10 o'clock, Monday evening, January 21st, 1895.

T. H. NASHMITH, E. W. RATHBUN,
Sec.-Treas. President.

Now that the
Xmas Rush
is somewhat over I am now prepared to give special attention to the repair work.

F. C. Davey,
St. George Jeweller,
Deseronto.

Leasing of Indian Lands

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the present tenants of lands on the Tyndinaga Indian Reserve who may desire a renewal of their leases, and to any desirable farmers who may wish to become tenants of Indian lands on the said Reserve, that the undersigned is at the Deseronto House, in the Town of Deseronto, prepared, in conjunction with the Agent and the Chiefs of the Mohawk Band, to receive and consider applications with the view to the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs leasing the lands belonging to Indians whose occupations interfere with their cultivating land, and of sick, infirm or aged Indians, and of widows and orphans, or neglected children. Those tenants who have made application for a renewal of their leases are requested to come without further delay and execute new leases, which they are to be leased to the first desirable tenants who may apply.

A. DINGMAN,
Inspector of Indian Agencies and Reserves.
Deseronto, Dec. 20, 1894.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

WATERS LIME, PORTLAND CEMENT AND
Plaster Paris for sale and for use.
Write for prices to THE TRIBUNE CO.

The Holidays and Elections are over and we now commence Our Bargains again With Greater Attractions than ever.

On Friday forenoon only we will sell our large pound bundles of Cotton Batting, Crescent brand, at 10 cents, and our half pound bundles at 5 cents each.

We will sell a useful yard of Grey Cotton at 2c. a yard, We will sell a yard wide Factory Cotton at 3c. a yard Remember that the best bargains can always be got in the forenoon. All day on Friday we will sell our fine 40-inch Grey Cotton at 6c. a yard. We will sell our Children's Heavy Cloth Mantles at half price, 75c. each, that we sold at \$1.50.

We will sell any of our Men's fine Beaver and Melton Overcoats at half price, as follows: We will sell our \$7.00 Overcoats at \$3.50. We will sell our \$8.75 Overcoats at \$4.38. We will sell our \$9.00 Overcoats at \$4.50. We will sell our \$11.00 Overcoats at \$5.50 each. We will sell our Men's Checked Overcoats, velvet collar, for \$3.00 each. We will sell our Youth's Diagonal Overcoats, velvet collar, at \$3.00 each.

We will spread out about 100 remnants on the table and sell them on FRIDAY at less than cost price.

There will be remnants of Mantle Cloths, remnants of Dress Goods, remnants of Tweeds, remnants of Silks, remnants of Prints, remnants of Factory Cotton, and many other kinds. We do not get hand-bills printed every week because it is hard to get them distributed properly, but every Friday is a bargain day with us.

No Goods charged on Friday to any person.

P. SLAVEN & CO.'Y.

A Lady from Toronto,

Toronto, mind you, recently visiting at one of the abodes of wealth and fashion in our city paid a very flattering compliment to our confectionery the other day. She and her hostess were in the store when the latter was purchasing some of our choicest confections. We overheard her remark to her hostess "What delicious confectionery they have here, I am going to send here for mine when I return home."

The foregoing is but one of the many complimentary remarks passed upon, not only our Bon Bons, but also our Ice Cream, Chocolates, etc., in fact everything we turn out.

H. C. Dickens & Son,
Belleville.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE SOUTH WEST HALF OF LOT 35, in the 1st concession of the Township of Sophiasburgh, in the County of Prince Edward, about seven miles from Picton, 100 acres, 80 cleared, the balance small timber. On the premises are a 1 1/2 story frame house, 18x24, nearly new, and a frame barn 24x44. The soil of the farm is good and there are no stumps.

For terms of sale, which are very easy, apply at the law office of the undersigned at Deseronto.

16th HENRY R. BEDFORD.

WONDERFUL !!

Prof. O. H. de Lamont's French System of Dress Cutting is working wonders. Everyone is learning it. It combines SIMPLICITY and PERFECTION. Send your name at once and receive the New Instruction Book containing numerous styles of seamless garments and garments with seams.

High class Dress and Mantle Making in charge of Miss SIRR, of Toronto. All the latest styles. Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

—Bargains in—

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

Special value in CHINA and TEA SETS. Nice Xmas Presents almost given away. Full Stock of Fancy Goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Full Rate blocked over in any Style. Orders taken for the Artistic Health Corset.

MISS BYRNES,
Main St., Napanee, Opp. Campbell House.

COAL.

FOR HOUSE USE OR BLACKSMITH SHOPS AT lowest market rates. Write for prices. THE TRIBUNE CO.

All the English Illustrated Xmas number on sale at THE TRIBUNE CO. Call mine daily.

Sale of Farm Stock and Implements

ON MONDAY, JAN. 14th, Mr. James O'Neil will offer his entire stock and implements, comprising a fine stock of horses and milch cows, etc., at his residence, on Lot No. 39, of the north range of the 3rd concession of Tyndinaga. Sale begins at noon. B. C. McCargar will conduct the sale. See large Posters.

JAS. GORDON.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of Charles Joseph Henstridge, deceased:

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statute in that behalf to all persons having claims against the estate of Charles Joseph Henstridge, late of the Town of Deseronto, who died there on the fourth day of December, A. D. 1894, are hereby notified and required to send into Geo. A. Cole and Fred. H. Sims, Deseronto, Ont., claimants of or before the first day of February, A. D. 1895, in writing, their full names, addresses, and the particulars of their claims, so that the said executors may proceed to distribute the assets of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims which they shall then present, and will not be liable for or for any others.

GEO. A. COLE, Executors.

FRED. H. SIMS, Executors.

Dated Deseronto, Dec. 27th, 1894. 15-4

Stone That is Flexible.

It may be safely said that no specimen in a geological collection is more curious than the bar of flexible sandstone, which can be bent with less pressure than that required to bend a piece of wet leather of the same size. In an article upon the subject in the Mineral Collector we are told that "when a thin slice of the stone is held in the fingers and the ends are fixed, but only loosely. The simplest way of explaining how this stone was formed is to say that grains of sand were once cemented truly together by another material, which has been partly dissolved, leaving countless natural ball-and-socket joints of jagged shape behind."

Church Bats.

It is a queer fact that the Moslem of a certain Levantine church live bats that never go out, but exist upon the mice they can catch there. The janitor says that dozens of them will watch for a mouse, and when he appears swoop down upon him, and after a lively battle he is conquered. If any of the bats are overdone, they are eaten, too. The basement was recently freed from them once. The furnace would have been a fine place for them, and then close it while the bats were outside, and they had to find another place.

Dared Not Face the Test.

Voice at the top of the stairs—George, George—No'm.
Voice—What for a moment—I'm drunk, m' dear!—Sympathetic Post.

GOOD-NIGHT.

Good-night, I have to say good-night to such a host of pleasant things. Good-night, unto that fragile hand which gently holds the pillow. Good-night to chestnut brown hair. Good-night unto the perfect month. And all the sweetest nestled there. I'll have to say good-night again.

But there will come a time, my love, When, if I read our stars aright, I shall not linger by the night. We'll meet again, I'll then say good-night. You wish the time were now? And I. You do not wish to wish it so? You would have dashed yourself to death To own as much a year ago.

I'll have to say good-night again.

—THOMAS BAILEY ALEXANDER.

FRUIT.

The Family Doctor Tells of Its Healthfulness as a Food. If English people would only realize the immense importance and value of fruit as an article of diet in the early morning, we should find its appearance far more general on the ordinary breakfast table. Of this there can be no question whatever, and more fruit and less animal food would undoubtedly conduce to a much healthier condition of body. In the morning there is an acid state of the secretions, and nothing is as well calculated to correct this as cooling, subacid fruits, such as peaches, apples and pears. The apple is one of the best of fruits, oranges also are generally acceptable to most people; but the juice alone should be taken and not the pulp, and the same may be said of lemons and pomegranates. Tomatoes act on the liver and bowels, and blackberries, figs, raspberries, currants and strawberries may be classed among the best foods and medicines. The sugar in them is nutritious, the acid is cooling and purifying and the seeds are laxative.

Fruits are the natural correctives for disordered digestion, but the way in which many persons eat them converts them into a curse rather than a blessing. Instead of being taken on an empty stomach, or in combination with simple grain preparations, such as bread, they are frequently eaten with oily foods or they are taken at the end of the meal, after the stomach is already full, and perhaps after an empty stomach has been with tea, coffee, or other liquid. Fruits to do their best work should be eaten either on an empty stomach, or simply with bread—never with vegetables. In the morning, before the fast of the night has been broken, they are not only exceedingly refreshing, but they serve as a natural stimulus to the digestive organs. And to produce their fullest, finest effect, they should be ripe, sound, and of good quality. In our climate fresh fruit should constitute not the finishing, but the beginning of the meal, particularly the breakfast, for at least six months in the year. The good effects that would follow the abundant use of fruits are often more than counterbalanced by the pernicious habits of saturating them with sugar. Very few fruits, if thoroughly ripe and at their best, require any artificial sweetening if eaten in the raw state, but it unfortunately is a fact that what is intended and desired by us as a great good in the matter of diet should be transformed into exactly the reverse—London Family Doctor.

IN MEMORIAM.

It was with feelings of the deepest regret that the community heard last Saturday of the death of Mr. Stephen Anderson, young son of Rev. J. C. Anderson, M. A., the venerable rector of Tyndinaga Reserve. The death of the young man, who was a severe attack of influenza, from which he recovered. Though not strong she attended to the usual preparations for Christmas in connection with the church, and in the choir, decorating, etc. As a result she again contracted illness and (typical fever) fever followed, and though the disease had been subdued, but owing to delicate her enfeebled constitution could not bear the strain and death ensued from heart failure at seven o'clock on Saturday morning, 5th inst. The deceased, who was born on the Reserve and would have been 27 years of age on the 28th of this month, was always of a cheerful and amiable disposition. She was a young lady of superior talent; this being evidenced by the good taste and skill which she invariably showed in the decoration of Christ Church on different occasions. The church at present exemplified her taste in this respect. To the venerable incumbent of Tyndinaga the death of his daughter will be an irreparable loss, as she was his constant attendant and assistant in the work of his extensive parish. She was active in the Sunday School in which she conducted the infant class, while at the same time an active member of the choir and other organizations connected with church work. The funeral, which was conducted by Mr. John Dalton, of Deseronto, took place on Monday forenoon, a very large number of people from the Reserve, Deseronto, and other parts of the district being present to pay the last tribute of respect. The casket, decorated with floral offerings was removed to Christ Church, where the beautiful service of the Church of England was conducted. The following clergymen were present upon the occasion and took part in the services: Rev. Rural Dean Dalton and Rev. H. B. Patton, B. A., of Deseronto; Rev. T. J. Den, of Shannonville; and Rev. Canon Burke and Rev. A. L. Green, of Belleville. The choir of St. Mark's, who were very kindly aided by Christ church in the musical part of the service. A long procession accompanied the remains to the vault of Deseronto cemetery. The funeral was a host of friends in extending its sympathy to the bereaved family.

PRESBYTERY OF KINGSTON.

A *pro tem* meeting of the Presbytery of Kingston was held in the Church of the Redeemer, Deseronto, on the afternoon and evening of Monday, Jan. 7th. In the absence of Rev. S. Childers, Moderator, J. J. George, of Belleville, was elected Moderator *pro tem*. The chief business before the Presbytery was in connection with the resignation by Rev. J. Craig, M. A., of the pastoral charge of the Church of the Redeemer, Deseronto. Mr. Craig's letter of resignation was read. The chief citing the Session and Congregation to support his request was returned certified as having been duly served. Messrs. E. W. Rathbun and F. H. Sims appeared as commissioners on behalf of the Session and Congregation, and stated that while the Session and Congregation still entertain the same feelings of personal attachment to Mr. Craig and appreciation of his services as performed during so many years, and while regretting the severance of the pastoral tie; yet in view of the difficulties of making suitable arrangements for carrying out the pastoral work during a protracted absence, they would not oppose but acquiesce in the action of the Presbytery should it, in its wisdom, see fit to accept his resignation. The Presbytery accordingly resolved to accept Mr. Craig's resignation and to accede to his request to place his name upon the agenda to be read at the next General Assembly to sanction their action. At the evening meeting, the edict citing the congregation to hold a meeting for the purpose of a Free vote on vacation, and for moderating in a call if necessary, was read by Rev. W. T. Wilkins, Presbytery Clerk. The Moderator conducted a diet of public worship, and an eloquent sermon from the text, 1 Chron. 25:5. At the close of the sermon the Moderator formerly declared the pulpit vacant. The Presbytery then proceeded to read a visitation, the session and office bearers being asked the usual questions prescribed for such occasions. The congregation being asked whether they were prepared to moderate in a call stated their readiness. The Rev. Alexander McMillan, of Mimico, was duly nominated. One of the nominations were called for by the Moderator but none were made and the congregation, a vote being taken, decided to extend a call to Mr. McMillan. The call was then duly signed by a large number of members and adherents. Rev. S. Houston M. A., was appointed a commissioner from the Presbytery of Toronto and craved the translation of Mr. McMillan. The members of Presbytery present were appointed a commission to go on vacation to arrange for and complete the induction of Mr. McMillan in the event of his acceptance of the call. The members of Presbytery congratulated the congregation on the harmony and interest manifested by the congregation during all the proceedings.

NO SENSE IN IT.

This is the time of the year that a great many stores advertise sales, "Clearing Sales, January Sales, Discount Sales, etc. Now, I don't believe in this kind of thing. At this season of the year we certainly have a great many lines of suits and overcoats. One who is true to his word, and who is not afraid to advertise everything at half price, and all that kind of rot, well, we are not in it.

The advice of a bishop to a young preacher applies equally well to an advertiser: "Have something to say. Say it. Stop."

When you fall and go down in oblivion belong to the class who never advertise, advertise occasionally or only as they think their trade will warrant.

There may be a double meaning in the misspelled sign in South Brooklyn: "For Sale—A large yacht for five tons. Apply to owner, Third Avenue, Bay Ridge."

An advertisement should tell the whole story in the least number of words, carefully selected and easily comprehended. The display should be adapted to the medium used.

To catch the eye is the first requisite in an advertisement; what follows should be so well put together as to excite the reader's interest and attract his attention to the end—Printer's Ink.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH NOTES.

Last Sunday was the feast of the Epiphany, or the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles—in the person of the Magi, who, following the guiding eastern star, were led to His birth place in Bethlehem, of Judaea.

The rector officiated alone at the morning service, the assistance being supplied by taking duty at Christ Church (Tyndinaga). There will be four Sundays after Epiphany this year, and then, after three Sundays more, the Lenten season. Ash Wednesday falls on Feb. 27, and Easter Day on the last of April.

The clergyman who drove out to Kingsford through the storm last Sunday to keep the afternoon appointment, was much disappointed to find that for some unknown reason no preparations had been made for Divine service. Not even "the church key attended." Evidently some mistake!

The deep sympathy of St. Mark's congregation for the venerable missionary of the Reserve and his family in their bereavement was shown by their presence at the funeral service at Christ Church, Monday, Jan. 7th, and by the fact that the remains to the cemetery vaults.

The handsome memorial window given by the family of the deceased, and placed in position last week at the west end of the choir, is a beautiful and striking feature of the interior. In loving memory of Cornelius Oliver—Died Sept. 13, 1893—is much allured by the beauty of the window, the faces and figures, particularly striking, while the coloring and general artistic effect is all that could be desired. The entire window contains four smaller windows of the appropriate emblem—Cresset and Crown. Four smaller windows of the appropriate emblem, with medallion centres, were at the same time placed in the alternate openings on the north side of the church. The emblems employed are the double triangle or star, the Cross, the Chalice, and the Lily, with suitable texts to accompany each, while the inscriptions at the bottom record that they were given respectively by (1) the Senior Boys' S. of the Church, 1893; (2) The Confirmation Class, 1894; (3) given by Edward G. E. Folkes; (4) given by Agnes A. Folkes. All the windows above described came from the Stained Glass Works of N. T. Lyons and were placed in position by Mr. George Ford.

It must be satisfaction to all concerned to hear such general praise of the late Xmas Cantata. Complete returns should be made by next Sunday.

The Old Car and the New.

Almost the last thought of the late Car was for the theatre employees, who, in a way, would be among the chief to suffer by his death. Opening his eyes with an effort, he signalled to the Carzowitz to approach. "The old Car," he said, "has been the life of the long mourning. I do not wish many people should be reduced to misery on account of my death." The new Emperors of the Carzowitz family were 500,000 roubles toward the support of the actors and actresses during the time that the late Car was in the employ of the theatre. The new Car has received his late father's Ministers with cordial warmth, and when M. De Gien, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, came to the theatre, he was met by his old friend, the late Car, who expressed a hope that they might work together for many years to come. But M. De Gien replied, "Your Majesty, my feet can no longer carry me." "It is not your feet, but your head of which I have need," responded the Car.

Music and the Honeybees.

The bees can hear, and that they find music in sound which to human beings are hideous, is at least as old as Virgil, and probably a good deal older. The bees are described as being not all heard in our childhood—how many can persuade bees to swarm by banging a gong in an intelligent and instantaneous manner. The bees are true to the laws of late years abandoned the practice, but the belief in its efficacy still prevails to a considerable extent. At last, however, Sir John Lubbock comes to knock the illusion on the head. He made some experiments with honey and a musical box, wishing to know whether the tinkling tones would have the same effect upon bees as the sound of the dinner bell has upon a hungry waiter. He found that the bees, however, never rose to associate with the idea of the music with the idea of meals, and he draws the inference that they cannot hear. The argument certainly is not new, but Sir John could hardly have surprised us more if he had told us that bees could not sting.

Agricultural Notes.

What you say by scything in amount of seed you lose in the crop. Trees should not be planted any deeper than they grow in the nursery. Caring for the fruit trees is the most important part of the farm business. Rye is not considered a good grain for poultry. They like it as green food. The corn in this country does not grow enough succulent food for stock. Hay is hay, but the cattle will show you that there are good and bad qualities.

Breaking Even.

The Nurse—"The great event is over, sir, and your wife is getting on nicely. Stranikeli—Dell me tickle—I have a bit more to tell you—is it a boy? The Nurse—Well, to tell the truth, sir, it's twins—a boy and a girl! Stranikeli—Tut, a narrow escape! I lose only one child, but Sir John could hardly have surprised us more if he had told us that bees could not sting.

Duties of Life.

We are apt to mistake our vocation, says Hannah Moore, by looking out of the way for a moment to examine the virtues and by stepping over the ordinary ones which lie directly in the road before us. When we reach the end of the journey, and when we come to acts we cannot bear a provoking word.

The Trial of Strength.

It is trial that proves one thing weak and another strong. A house built on the rock is a fair weather, just as good as if built on a rock. A cobweb is as good as the mightiest web when there is no strain upon it—H. W. Beecher.

Finally Extinguished.

Hope rose again within him. "I can be rid of it," he exclaimed, with a faint but triumphant smile. "I will use it for a coal-burner." Striding to his dressing-case he arranged the mirrors in such a way as to enable him to gaze in the full length at the work on his head which had baffled medical skill to remove.—Detroit Tribune.

The Fate of Guy Darrell.

By R. M. STRONG.

CHAPTER I.

"I beg your pardon, but—you read Latin, do you not?"

And Guy Darrell glanced up from his work in the reading room of the British museum at the dried up fossil of a man who, with high white neckcloth and bloodless, parchment-colored face and a few wisps of pale hair colored hair floating round his head, stood eagerly eying him over the open book he carried in his hand.

"Might almost have strayed in from one of the other departments. One would hardly be surprised to see his ticket pinned to the edge of that curious garment, half dressing gown, half overcoat, he wears," thought Guy as he bowed a courteous assent to the other's inquiry.

"Yes, I thought you did, for I noticed—but it is asking too great—I mean would it take you long to translate this?" And the stranger pointed to a footnote on the open page of what proved to be an ancient treatise on astrology.

"H'm! I should have thought Titian's 'Sonnets,' or 'Early Fathers' more in his line, but one never knows." And thus reflecting Guy jotted down the translation desired, the older man regarding him half enviously the while.

"How quickly you seem to make it out!" he said wistfully. "I wish—but there, it is too late—now, I suppose."

And he sighed.

"To learn Latin?" interposed Guy, glancing at him again. "Not a bit of it! Why, some old fellow started to learn Greek—or was it the fiddle, by the way?"

"—after he was 80, while you are—"

"Barely 65. But I had not your advantages when I was young, and, it is a misfortune I feel more and more every day." And he sighed again.

"But I am taking up far too much of your time when you are so busy."

"Not at all," replied Guy easily. "I had almost finished for the day."

"Ah! I envy you, I must say. Whenever I fancy I am finding out what I want, one of these passages in Latin comes to block my way as with a great high wall."

"Must be awkward, very. And you can't well buy a translation."

"No, I suppose not," assented the stranger figure. Then more diffidently he began:

"Would you care to undertake it, letting me pay you for your time and trouble?"

Guy stared, slightly inclined to laugh and even more to feel sorry for the old man, who was plainly half crazy to propose any such thing, but whose manner was so naive and attractive that he hesitated to show either his contempt or pity openly. Taking up the book again, he turned over the leaves.

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me how you come to figure so agreeably in his will."

Whereupon Guy told of his first and in fact only interview with his unknown benefactor, finishing by asking, "But had he no relations, no one belonging to him?"

"After his wife died, none. He was quite alone, his son—"

"Oh! Then there is a son?"

"No, there was. They could not agree as to the custody of the child, the whole after the death of a rover, went abroad, where he, too, died."

"So then the old fellow was left quite alone?"

"Quite, and that no doubt is why he thought of you. Originally the money was settled on the wife, so that had the son lived—"

"It would have gone to him, I see?"

"Yes. And what makes it the more pitiful is that the son left home under suspicion of no matter what now—it was a sad case altogether."

The two men conversed the news of discovery of the son's innocence and his recall, and the other the account of his death—crossed the ocean on their opposite ways at one and the same time."

"Poor old boy! and poor young one, too—for it must have been hard to die so young—an exile and in disgrace—"

knowing one's self innocent of all crime, one might almost be afraid of such a heritage of woe—afraid lest some of the ill might not cling to the old fellow's gold."

"Why, my dear sir, you are almost as fanciful as Varley himself. He certainly was unlucky, while you—well, you must allow your luck in the as candidate, for you will have the spending of life on \$3,000 a year."

"Yes, one might get something out of life with \$2,500 a year." And Guy got up excitedly to pace the room. "How cramped and narrow has my life been up to now! The wonder is that I have seen it so far!"

"It is a pity that you should be so poor young Varley—this should all have been his and he is dead!"

"Yes, it is an ill wind," and the solicitor coughed, afraid lest the other should suppose he was joking.

Guy Darrell was not callous. He was only human. But to a poor, hardworking scribe, by courtesy a barrister, the promise of an assured income and the freedom from all save voluntary labor could not but seem delightful in the extreme. Already his toil bent shoulders straightened themselves, and he began to take a fuller survey of all that lay within his reach.

Now, he hoped, he might venture to marry—a step he had never dared seriously to contemplate as meaning ruin to a poor man's social and professional career. But first he would take a trip to Australia just to freshen himself up and blow away the dust of musty studies.

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"Varley—Gabriel Varley. Not a common name, is it? Nor is he a common fellow; one can see, spite of his rough clothes, but bless you we've all sorts over here. And the better the class the worse the individual nine times out of ten."

"No, it is not a common name," answered Guy. "What was his story?" he asked, ignoring the rest.

"Oh, the usual thing, I believe. Left home under a cloud. Been up country and did well until he was sick, when his manager robbed him of his pile, and weak and low he had to tramp down here, where he finds this letter, five years old, waiting to tell him the cloud had burst and to come home."

But Guy had groped his way blindly to the door, feeling suddenly sick and faint for want of air.

There would be a certain amount of risk, he allowed, in discussing it with Guy, but he did not mind that. What he did mind was having to go back after all these years as a prodigal son and submit "to be provided for."

"But how if you never come back at all?" and Guy's face whitened with the terrible subtlety of the temptation and the suddenness with which, spite of his long debate, his decision must be made.

The expedition would be full of peril, look at it how he might. Malaria, fever, poisoned arrows, snakes and almost every sanitary and climatic condition would be against them. Of those who would set out so bravely and never return. How then could he let him go—go in ignorance that the necessity no longer existed for jeopardizing his life for the gold, of which, by rights, he should have plenty and to spare?

Oh, it was horrible! It was so easy to stand aside, to do nothing. He had merely not to interfere, and the chances were that this menace to his new found peace would remove itself never to trouble him again. And yet—oh, it was indeed horrible! He had played with temptation, had let himself drift, until now his will was paralyzed, and he could not do it.

Easy to see the right, but how fatally impossible to act! To let the man go was little short of murder, while, to let the truth, in his present mood, the opposite course would be suicide downright.

For he could not tell the old life where he had laid it down—could not, in short, give up possession of the other's goods.

And full of self pity Guy Darrell saw that the truth he had been told of right whatever. Almost he could believe in a mocking devil seeking thus subtly to destroy him. Twelve months before and he would have laughed at the idea of such a situation, regarding him as a man of the plain part of duty.

Now he turned and twisted and wavered, while his companion filled in the details of the proposed exploration. Once, but weakly, he urged him to reconsider.

"Why not reconsidered here? You have had no narrow speak for life. Surely you need not!"

"But you forget the inducement, the splendid stake for which we play. A man must be a fool not to risk all on that."

"Always supposing you do come back," objected Guy, "I need thus far by his uneasy conscience."

Then out of the dreadful supposition drew an inspiration, whereby, from his good or bad angel, he said not to inquire. That he was driven to such straits was no fault of his. He had fallen innocently into the pit. So far they were on equal terms. The stake they played for was the same. Let him but win, and he knew. Then why not leave the issue to its initiator—fate? Why not play out the game?

CHAPTER III.

They were back again at Sydney, staying at one of the large hotels, and had dinner served in a private room. It was a quiet, comfortable place, and Guy had arrived at this very partial decision. Varley waxed more and more eloquent as the wine he drank so freely lent to his rosy glow to the scheme. He had quite made up his mind, should take the chance and either come back a millionaire or leave his bones to rot, unburied and unmourned. One could but die once.

Thus did he ramble on, while Guy sat gloomily silent, but resolved. Yes, he would submit the argument to fate. He, too, would go with the expedition, and, well—they should see. If only one survived, then was the end simplified and clear. That one should enjoy the life of a millionaire, that was the chance, but they might find gold. He might win enough to replace the lost bet. He could then tell Varley the whole truth. There was nothing in what he had said to lead him to suspect that he was not to blame for the situation in which the two were placed. The old astrologer had left him the money freely. There had been no deception, no wheedling, no treachery to absent ones, such as one hears of so often in connection with disputed bequests or contested wills. Yes, when both had made their pile in the diggings he could tell Varley up to the hilt of the truth that his father had left, as well as make restitution of the comparatively small portion which had been expended upon his preparations for and trip to Sydney. And if Varley would not do that, then he would need be said—or so he thought—the unconscious Varley prattled on.

Soon, however, Guy saw the true meaning of his choice, and—no, he found it you.

How could he go, taking his life in his hands, knowing that through him the other's life was jeopardized as well. No good thinking the fact over and over. Varley did not care. He would have been his murderer, just as surely as though he were to shoot him with his sword.

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penalties. After so many years where they had been lighted and together burned. Fate should decide it after all. The one that went out first should settle it—whether for life or death—for him or against. And straightaway, by solemn oath, he bound himself to abide by the decision. If the right hand light went first, then would he own the truth, he swore by it he held most dear, and himself be the only one to go. If the left, then must Varley take his chance, and full of a new fever of impatience he waited for the end.

How long it lasted, he wondered, this new, self imposed torture! There was a full inch yet, he noticed, and how slowly, how very slowly, they waited in the still night air. And his nerves grew tense and crisp. The room, too, felt close, horribly, unbearably close, or was it himself, he wondered next, as he listened to the labored beating of his heart.

Nor dare he stir to open door or window nor to fan himself lest he should affect the issue—though now he would have battered the entire fortune for a single breath of air. But already one—the fatal one—his strained eyes seemed gaining on its fellow, and through all his agony of preoccupation he could hear the mantel clock tick loudly and remorselessly on as the lights sank lower and lower.

Presently Varley, whom he had almost forgotten, fidgeted and began to move about. Oh, how he longed to bid him to go, to leave him alone! Yes, he must ring the bell and order fresh light. He would do the old ones last until the new ones came! Brooded the fascinated Guy, watching on as one possessed, forgetting to speak, to move, almost to breathe, as in came the waiter bearing the lighted candles on a tray.

Ought he to call out or interfere—or would that imperil the true fairness of the ordeal? And for a moment or two he sat on in an agony of suspense.

"There, put them down, man, can't you?" cried Varley to the waiter, whereupon the stupefied Guy awoke to the necessity for prompt decision.

"No, no, leave them alone!"—he was beginning, but—too late, for already the man had laid his sacrilegious hand on the fatal light, and—puff! it was gone.

Yes, the right hand light had disappeared, and at the right Guy groaned aloud as from a blow, then turned his eyes to the left, when—wonder of wonders!—it must have been the draft—but that, too, was gone! And the twin spirals of light blue smoke curling up as though in mockery were all that was left after half an hour's long drawn agony of suspense—a suspense not even then. For which had been extinguished first—

And in the face of this new disaster Guy grew desperate and ashamed. All that was manly within him, and his whole future at the mercy of every chance wind that blew, to let his whole life be made or marred by a pure accident such as this! No, a thousand times no! Fate would not settle it. Then he would, once for all, would be his own fate, as every man, whether consciously or not, sooner or later, must.

And he would own up, would wash his hands of this horrible, blistering, soul destroying wealth that was poisoning all of good there ever had been in him; would tell Varley the truth—the whole truth, then and there.

To him the other did he turn at once, for he dared not trust himself to delay.

"Varley!" he cried hoarsely, "Varley!" he repeated, for the man was not attending, but was busy lighting a cigar.

"There is something I have to say."

CHAPTER III.

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TREMENDOUS CLEARING SALE AT Cheapside, Napanee.

As we take stock on 1st February we must reduce every department. The short season will otherwise leave us too heavy a stock.

We are determined that prices will not keep them on the shelves, and so have put on

THIS GREAT SALE from now to 1st February. Prices cut to the quick as the goods must be sold—NO MATTER WHAT THE SACRIFICE.

HINCH & CO.,

CHEAPSIDE, NAPANEE

The Great Dry Goods, Millinery and Fur Emporium of the Central District.

SUGAR.

Now is the time to buy that barrel of sugar. We never were in a position to quote prices so low.

FISH.

We have a limited stock of Upper Lake Herrings, Upper Lake Whitefish, Salmon Trout, Which we are offering close.

J. C. HANLEY & CO.,
Grocers, Feed and Seed Merchants,
BELLEVILLE, - ONTARIO.

NAPANEE ROAD.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Last Sunday being very stormy very few of our road people attended church.
As election day is over once more, our arms will get a rest as we won't have any one to shake hands with or to ask us about our families. One begins to think he is getting up in society about election times.
Saturday was a fine winter day and people, both old and young, enjoyed a sleigh ride. Three or four big loads from Deseronto and Napanee passed taking what is called a straw ride.
Miss Shertiff, who has been teaching at No. 1 school house for the past four years, has returned home. We cannot say when the school will reopen as the trustees have not hired a teacher yet, from last report.
Our fishermen say that fish is very scarce but muskrats are plenty.
Mr. Alfred Keech has gone to the shanty near Flinton, where he will haul for his brother-in-law, Wesley Kimmerly.
Mr. Man. Conger is hauling wood from back of Lonsdale to his home.

Haines & Lockett, Napanee, have commenced an immense clearing sale of boots and shoes from 20 to 50 per cent reduction on new goods. The fire in Belleville has left the Napanee stock with a number of small lots of three or four pairs each, all perfect goods but which must be sold before spring stock comes in. Their store was closed on Wednesday while marking down the prices for their great remnant sale of boots and shoes.
Their bargains are immense.

NORTHPORT.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Mr. D. Johnson started his saw mill last Saturday. Already several logs have come in. We wish him a successful season.
Mr. Martin Foster has sold a large quantity of oak timber to the Gilmour Company for a fancy price.
It is about time for another chess meeting. We have had two already; three times and out.
Miss Jenny Morley, of Westbrooke, is visiting at Mr. Ira David's.
Rev. Mr. McQuig, of Roblin's Mills, preached a very interesting sermon here last Sunday evening.
Miss Lillie Anderson and Miss Kelly, of Pictou, are the guests of Miss Ida Anderson.
A complaint has been laid before H. K. Smith, game warden, of Belleville, against several parties killing muskrats. Boys, beware.
Still they go. One of our young men has joined the happy band, that being the marriage of Mr. E. Thompson to Miss Palmer, of Deseronto. Ernest was in earnest.

SKATING COATS.

The Oak Hall, Belleville, have a nice assortment of men's and boys' skating coats. We suppose you are aware of the fact that it is good hard work to skate in a long overcoat. If you intend putting in a good season's sport, you want one of these coats.
To remove worms of all kinds from children or adults Dr. Low's Worm Syrup is a safe and sure remedy.

DEMORESTVILLE.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Times seem very prosperous just now around here.
Mr. Ernest Thompson and Miss Frank Palmer were joined in holy wedlock last week.
Dame rumor says another this week, what say you, Fred?
Mr. R. V. Miller's little boy came home to live with him last week on account of his grandmother's ill health.
The Farmer's Institute held three meetings here on Monday. There was a good house each time.
Mr. A. Way, of Bethel, was a caller in town on Sunday.
Barton Palmer, of North Port, attended services here on Sunday.
The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church purpose giving a Chicken Pie Dinner on the eve of the 23rd inst.
Miss Minnie Livingston is spending a few days visiting friends at Bethel.

PRICES ARE RIGHT.

It is no trouble to sell clothing when the prices are right. The Oak Hall, Belleville, have the prices more than right just now. Overcoats and suits in winter weights have been greatly reduced in price. The greater part of the cold weather is ahead of you and our winter clothing is too cheap for you to be freezing yourself. Come to the Oak Hall and get comfort and satisfaction.
The best cough cure is Hagyard's Pectoral Balm. It heals the lungs and cures Coughs and Colds.
Cold in the head—Nasal Balm gives instant relief; speedily cures. Never fails.

PICTON.

From Our Own Correspondent.
On Friday last occurred the death of Lydia Cunningham, in the 64th year of her age, at the residence of Mr. W. B. Cooper, East Main St. Funeral services were held at the Upper Friends' church, Bloomfield, on Sunday.
The Oddfellows gave a very elaborate supper at the Globe Hotel on Wednesday evening, Jan. 9th. Mr. W. H. Vandalstine did the honors of 'mine host'. The dining room was nicely decorated and about 170 ladies and gentlemen sat down to the well loaded table. There were a number of visiting brethren present ten of whom were from Belleville. The supper was preceded by an installation of the officers of the Encampment, J. Ross Robertson, of Toronto, Grand E. of Grand Chapter R. A. M. of Canada, paid an official visit to Prince Edward Chapter No. 31 on Tuesday evening, Jan. 8th. This was followed by a quiet oyster supper at the Temperance House.
The ladies of the Main street Methodist church will give a social in the basement of the church on Friday evening Jan. 18.
Grand Past Master Workman John Milne, Grand Organizer of the A. O. U. W. spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday in town. A mass meeting was held in the opera house Monday evening, addressed by Mr. Milne. Seven new members were gained for this popular fraternity.
Mr. O. L. Daily is so far improved as to be able to be out.
Business on the C. O. R. is said to be very dull.
The old skating rink lot has been surrounded by a high fence, flooded, and is now open to the public.
On Wednesday of last week, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Jamieson, King St., occurred the marriage of their daughter Helen to Mr. Chas. F. Vandusen, also of Pictou. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. McPhail of St. Andrew's church. The happy couple left on the afternoon train for a tour in the west. Among the guests were Mr. & Mrs. A. M. Moon, of Chicago.
In naming the councillors last week E. Williams should have been James Williams. Mr. H. T. Hopkins, of the John Allen Seed Co., has returned from New York.
There was quite a cooking accident in town one day last week, by which several young men were quite seriously, but not dangerously hurt. We hope all are doing well.

READ.

From Our Own Correspondent.
By all appearances your correspondent was riding the high horse during holidays, but then he must defend himself by saying he was only sleigh riding and taking in some of the season's sport and will promise to be more punctual in future.
Winter has fairly set in and the farmers are busily engaged with their teams hauling wood to market, besides making ready their season's supply of firewood.
Mr. J. C. Hanley, president of the Farmer's Institute Association for East Hastings, presided over a convention held in Shannonville during last week.
Parties are in full progress now and up to the mark in attendance.
Quite a gathering of young people met at Mr. P. Badgley's on Wednesday evening and as they only tripped the 'light fantastic' to the lively strains of the 6th Concession orchestra, not one seemed to notice the fleeting hours until early dawn, when all took their departure, thinking how soon we will meet again.
Dan, when you go west again be sure to have your Sunday suit on or Ed may get the start of you as he did on Friday evening. Sorry you were so slow.
Miss Hogan, of Stoco, was united in marriage to Mr. Frank Brennan on Monday.
Miss Hart, of Deseronto, spent a week at her uncle's, Mr. Michael Hart.
Miss Donovan, of Canifiton, was the guest of Miss Lucy Coffey last week.
Mr. Walter Ross, of Belleville, spent Friday and Saturday at Mr. P. Badgley's.
Rev. Maurice McCarthy, of Harrisburg, Penn., is spending a few days with his brother, Rev. Thos. McCarthy.
Coffee is a fine stimulant at crowded parties. Don't you think so, Joe?

DORLAND.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Miss Zella Thompson, of Belleville Business College, is home, having completed the course in shorthand.
Miss Belle Pollard, of Napanee, was visiting in Adolphustown last week.
Miss Edith Gurren, of Sandhurst, is teaching the Third Concession school this term.
Quite a number from Adolphustown and Dorland attended the ball held New Year's night in Bath.
Miss Bert Brown, of Parma, was the guest of Miss Annie Allison last week.
D. W. Allison, Esq., spent New Year's in Kingston.
Mr. F. Buck, of Hay Bay, is improving in health under Prof. Bennett's treatment.
The Methodists are anticipating a large room to the anniversary to be held on Monday evening, Jan. 21st. A good programme and a good dinner will be given.
The polling at Adolphustown election passed off quietly. Reblin and Chalmers tied for Reeve; the councillors are the same as last year, Messrs. Dorland, Davis, Rutan, Chalmers.
Mr. Giles Mearns, of Toronto, returned home last week.

STILL ANOTHER SHIPMENT.

The Oak Hall, Belleville, have received another large shipment of those celebrated 50 slaters for men. This will positively be the last lot we will receive this year, as the firm that make this line have notified us that they are unable to get another yard of the cloth for this season's business. If you want one of these bachelors, don't wait long.
LOOK OUT FOR IT.
If you are troubled with a cold or cough, to fight the attack, look out for it. Do not allow it to settle on the lungs; break up the cough by loosening the tough phlegm with Hagyard's Pectoral Balm.
Cold in the head—Nasal Balm gives instant relief; speedily cures. Never fails.



DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT.

WATSON MCDAM. SAVED BY DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT.
"Have doctored for two years with four different doctors for pain in my right lung, which prevented my doing anything. Had bad cough night and day, also suffered great pain. I grew very thin and was getting worse; the pain and suffering increased; hearing of such remarkable cures made by Douglas' Egyptian Liniment I determined to try it to remove the pain. I received immediate relief. I followed directions, pain decreased, cough loosened and before six bottles were used I felt a sound man. It is now exactly three years this spring and I have had no relapse. As soon as I began to use the Liniment I stopped taking any medicine whatever, and I do believe that Douglas' Egyptian Liniment has prolonged my life. People said I was dying from consumption. I am firm in my statement and trust that other people when first taken with heavy cold on lungs will immediately do as I did as last resort, and save dollars. Yours truly, WATSON MCDAM.
Tamworth, May 23d, 1894.

SOLMESVILLE.

From Our Own Correspondent.
The folk are taking advantage of the good sleighing to draw wood and do other necessary work.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Solmes left this week for Montreal to visit friends in that city.
Mr. Barlingham, of Point Petre, is visiting at Mr. James Gross's.
Mrs. Parks, of Stirling, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Kennedy.
Mr. Wm. Jamieson has three teams of horses engaged hauling wood to Deseronto.
Mr. S. J. Doney, of Bethel, our deputy Reeve, is visiting his brother, Mr. F. Doney.
Mr. Henry Black's.
Mr. Milne, organizer for the A. O. U. W., visited the lodge at Northport last Tuesday evening.
Mr. George Amans is getting out lumber to build a henry and hog house.
Mr. Raney, of Deseronto, has bought a quantity of oak from Martin Foster.
Mr. C. Palmer has sold three or four fine beavers to Mr. E. S. Westwood.
Mr. Sam Spry has been engaged to run Johnston's engine at Northport. He is a handy man and will prove the right man for the job.
Rev. I. B. Aylsworth, of Port Stanley, passed through here last week and visited at Mr. Ira David's.
One of our young men is said to be earnestly contemplating matrimony; the young lady resides in another part of the country.

CARMANVILLE.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Mr. Rob. Brown has returned from the west.
Miss May Evans was the guest of Miss Jennie Ryan on Saturday last.
Mr. and Mrs. John Reid and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Scanlin spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. Brown.
Mr. John A. Scanlin spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. D. McKown.
Messrs. Hugh Carroll, Michael Hinch and John Scanlin and Misses Maggie Hinch and Jennie Ryan were the guests of Miss Ethel Brown on Monday evening last.
Mrs. Black continues very poorly.
Miss Eliza Carroll is visiting her cousin Miss Maggie Carroll, of Hinchinbrook.
A lecture will be given in the R. C. church on Wednesday evening, 22nd inst., by Rev. Father Twomey, of Westport.
Mr. and Mrs. R. Reid, of Reidville, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Brown, of Tamworth, spent Thursday of last week with Mr. and Mrs. J. Reid.
Say, boys, did you see the dandy fine ten cent cut Saturday night?

HILLIER.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Miss Lafontaine, of Pictou, has taken charge of our school.
Joseph Stapleton intends removing soon to his new home in Pictou. He has let his farm to Mr. Butler, of East Hillier.
While Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Palmer were at church some parties entered their house and carried off \$17 and a revolver.
Andrew Holmes has removed to the Sam Jones' farm.
A council of Chosen Friends is being organized at Wellington.

COME TO BELLEVILLE FOR CLOTHING.

Do you think it worth while to make a trip to Belleville to buy your suit and overcoat? It certainly is if you go to the Oak Hall. Most stores that handle clothing are "just sold out" of nearly everything you ask for at this season of the year. The Oak Hall has such a large demand that the stock is right at all seasons of the year.
Catarrh is a constitutional disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catarrh. Give it a trial.
THE PAST guarantees the future. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Remember HOOD'S CURES.

BATTLE SCARRED.

THE EXCITING STORY OF A SOLDIER'S STORMY CAREER.

General Pulgar, of Venezuela, who has been shot to pieces and killed heroically—his chest carried away by a cannon shot.

Warrior, statesman and philanthropist. Such is the triple title of General Venancio Pulgar, who, next to President Crespo, of whom he is a close personal friend and a staunch supporter, ranks as the foremost citizen of the Republic of Venezuela. While fighting the battles of his native land the general has been literally shot to pieces, sustaining such fearful injuries as it is doubtful whether any other man ever recovered from; as a legislator and diplomat he has served with the highest distinction at home and abroad, and as one who, though terrible in war, has in time of peace devoted time and fortune to the establishment of institutions for the relief of human suffering, he will ever be remembered with respect and gratitude as a benefactor of his race.

With the exception of the chief magistracy, Venezuela has bestowed every honor upon her distinguished son. He is a member of the grand military council of the Republic and has been envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to France, president at various times of most of the states of the republic, senator for many terms, governor of the federal district and admiral of the national navy.

A STRIKING PERSONALITY.

His appearance is as striking as his career. A trifle above the medium height and straight as an Indian, he has the head, though sturdy as a column, seem disproportionately short. With his huge bulk above the hips,

San Carlos by assault. But for the terrible wounds he received on that occasion the assault would probably have been successful, in spite of the fact that the fort was armed with eighty-four pieces of cannon, and was strongly fortified.

FROM THE CANNON'S MOUTH.

General Pulgar and his men had charged across the glacis, in the face of a withering fire, and were attempting to scale the ramparts. They were hurled from the assault, and were driven directly in front of the general, and scarcely twenty feet away. The shot missed him by a few inches, and he was hurled through the ranks of his followers, but the blast of the gun took effect full on the general's chest, shattering and mangleing away his breastbone, and leaving the pleura on the left side entirely exposed.

The shock produced insensibility, but on recovering the general caused some rags, stripped from a corpse near by, to be tied tightly across his chest to protect the lung and stop the hemorrhage, and in this condition he urged his followers again to the assault, and continued fighting for three quarters of an hour.

Then, just as victory was within his grasp, an eight-inch shell exploded at right angles to his feet, hurling him into the air, to fall apparently lifeless and bleeding from four mortal wounds.

Believing his beloved leader to be killed, the troops dashed forward, furious to avenge him, and it was only when his body was held up to the men could see he still breathed that the general's liege, General Rafael Pulgar, and General Antonio Zuleta, on whom the command devolved, agreed to a truce, and the general's further useless slaughter. Although the assault was repulsed the general was in no humor to pursue, and after General Pulgar had been carried up in an old boat full of his followers retreated unmolested.

DESPERATELY WOUNDED.

As he was, the general was obliged to remain six days without medical attention, and when a surgeon was finally procured mortification had set in to such extent as to forbid almost all hope of recovery. He rallied so rapidly, however, that in a few weeks he was again ready for active service.

The fort at Puerto Cabello, in which the general was confined, in 1870, was the scene of one of his most daring exploits. When a close prisoner in one of the strongest castles in the world he succeeded in enlisting the sympathy of his guards to such an extent that he was enabled to follow him in an attempt to capture the fort, garrisoned as it was with 350 regular troops.

A surprise was planned, and the general and his desperate handful fell upon the garrison so fiercely that large numbers of the soldiers, overcome by the rapidity of their valor, came over to their side. A sanguinary hand to hand struggle continued for nearly two hours, when the remainder of the garrison, vanquished as by magic by the prestige of the name of Pulgar as by the arms of his followers, surrendereed at discretion.

During his imprisonment the general had allowed his hair to grow down to his shoulders, and after the fighting his friends declared that the fring was such that his hair was actually cut short by the rain of bullets. General Pulgar laughingly told me that this was not to be taken too literally.

"A look," said he, "may have been cut here and there, but I had to go to a barber to get it trimmed."

As general, in command of the army of the right, General Pulgar made the famous campaign of Coro, in which he added to his list of wounds and victories.

A CONSCIENTIOUS DOG.

Jack's master was a painter, and fellow, being a lively and spirited little fellow, on a few occasions tipped over a pair of paint in the course of his gambols. Whenever this happened his master called him up, gave him a lecture, and made him improve on his mind, rubbed his nose in the paint—much to Jack's discomfort.

One day, however, Jack was playing about the paint-pail all alone. Suddenly he ran against a paint-pail and over it. He looked sadly around for a moment, and then he perceived that he was not there to inflict the usual punishment, he walked slowly up to the paint, plunged in, and came out with a satisfied, and a whimpering wail.

THE MODERN HOMEBODY.

He—"And you are willing to become the wife of a poor man?"

She—"Oh yes; I am truly domestic in my tastes. I belong to only nine clubs."

WISDOM IN HER GENERATION.

Dearest Dottie—"Why do you always hang the melletoe on the chandelier in the middle of the room?"

Sweetest Susan—"It isn't necessary to hang it in the dark corners, my dear."

Don't contradict people even if you are sure you are right.

Joseph Hoffman, the phenomenal boy pianist, is fulfilling his early promise. Although he is only 17 he is a great pianist, and even painfully familiar music becomes his fascinating beneath his fingers. The boy is young, but his mind is old—uncannily old where it is applied to music, and he is a whirling dervish.

Reports from Gibraltar say that owing to a threatened revolt the one-eyed elder brother of the Sultan of Morocco had been walled up in his prison at Wladah. The Sultan, who is only a small speck in the world of power, is passing him.

A singular reason for deciding to end his life was found in Charles Jenkins, whose body was found in the Hunter River, New South Wales. In a letter to a friend, he stated that he had a fixed opinion that a man over 50 had no right to be in the labor market with younger men and he had determined to quit life. He asked that he be buried in the Hunter River.

The jury returned a verdict of "Found drowned."

PERSONALS.

It was at a court ball in the palace at Rome, and King Humbert was surrounded by a group of well-known editors. After referring with expressions of admiration to the work which was done by the press, and the conscientious manner in which they were responsible for the conduct of the various papers carried out their arduous and difficult duties, he added: "Gentlemen, I have often said that I should like to be a journalist. I was not a king."

Henry Irving's second son, Lawrence Irving, who is now about 22 years of age, will soon publish a book called "Godefrid and Yolande." It will be something in the style of a medieval play. Aubrey Leardley has made three illustrations for the book.

When then writes a new drama he goes about it so secretly that not even the members of his own family know what the subject is. He hopes his manuscript will be so successful that he will be able to himself, and it is said that a printer has never received nearer copy.

Vernier, the young French mathematical prodigy, is only 18 years of age.

M. Jules Simon will have to undergo a second operation for catarrh.

A search is being made for the burial place of the great English tenor, Brahms, who died in London in 1858.

Herbert Von, the court painter of Holland, has been summoned to The Hague to paint the portrait of the little Queen of the Netherlands.

Prince Poniatowski, who recently married Miss Sperry, of California, in Paris, will return to New York early in the year to establish an international magazine, which has several times been prematurely announced, and about which considerable complimentary epistles somewhat embarrassing have been sent and written.

James Whitcomb Riley, whose poetry has made the children extremely fond of him, is constantly in receipt of letters from admirers, who ask him for pictures of children in return for photographs of their own. As Riley is a bachelor he finds these complimentary epistles somewhat embarrassing.

Captain McClure, the new vice admiral of the Chinese fleet, has had a long experience of eastern waters. He took the Kow Kong from England to China, and at the opening of the present war his assistance was secured by the celestials for dispatch and transport work.

Dr. Zakharin, the late Czar's physician, has lately devised a new method of attaching the flow of blood. Steam is injected into the wound through a catheter for a minute or two. The patient, under chloroform, feels neither pain nor any evil effect from the steam. Experiments on animals show that portions of the liver, spleen, kidneys, lungs, and, to a certain extent, of the brain, may be removed without loss of blood and without any ill effects.

Paintings and designs by Bartman Hiles an armless artist, are now on exhibition in London. Mr. Hiles lost his arms, close to the shoulder, when a child, by being run over by a horse, and is obliged to paint, holding the brush between his lips. He has obtained a first prize for modeling in clay, and was awarded a national scholarship of \$500 a year. South Kensington.

PEOPLE WE READ ABOUT.

The Queen never allows a horse that has been in her service to be shot.

The Prince of Wales will spend three weeks in January in the Riviera. His yacht Britannia will take part in the regatta.

M. Rhanagbe, the Greek Ambassador at Berlin, has translated the play "Charley's Aunt" into Greek. It will be played in Athens this winter.

The highest price Oliver Wendell Holmes ever received for a single poem was \$500.

He received this price for his verses eulogizing President Garfield.

Florence Marryat intends to lecture in America. The subjects of her lectures will be "The Mistakes of Marriage," "The New Woman," and "Can the Dead Retort."

Prof. Neumann, of the University of Koenigsberg, is ninety-six years of age, and for sixty-six years has been lecturing continuously on physics and mineralogy. He is the oldest professor in active work in Germany.

Oscar Wilde, who has long been credited with having written "The Green Carnation," denies it emphatically, and it now transpires that it is the work of an innocent, Mr. Hitchens, who is a sort of literary rascal.

The Czar of Russia promises to be one of the most popular monarchs in Europe. He has completely won the St. Petersburg populace by his lack of fear in going about the streets of the capital unattended—a great contrast to the manner of his father, the late Emperor Alexander.

The Pope recently gave orders for the construction of his tomb. Prof. Luchetti is to attend to the architectural part, and Eugenio Macagnoli will be the sculptor. The tomb will be in the basilica, Santa Maria Maggiore, Pius VI. was the last Pope buried there.

HE REACHES WINNIPEG.

An Island Trial of Equinox Found on the Kew River.

A despatch from Winnipeg says—J. B. Tyrrell, Dominion Government Geological Surveyor, reached this city late on Tuesday night, after an absence of six months on a journey to the shores of Hudson Bay. The surveyors left for the Churchill forty days ago and walked almost the whole distance to Winnipeg, nearly 200 miles.

Tyrrell, who is a member of the New Territory survey, Mr. Tyrrell said that he had not been able to locate several timber areas and noted the existence of many "interesting rocks," but he would not say whether or not he had discovered any minerals. On the Kew River, Tyrrell fell in with a tribe of Equinoxes. These people have separated from their brethren on the Kew River, and are now living in a long, and have become an inland tribe. They subsist mainly on reindeer meat, and are very poor, and are in constant supply with but little effort, as reindeer run through the region in vast numbers.

If you would recollect yourself, you must be seeing—J. B. Tyrrell, who is a member of the New Territory survey, Mr. Tyrrell said that he had not been able to locate several timber areas and noted the existence of many "interesting rocks," but he would not say whether or not he had discovered any minerals. On the Kew River, Tyrrell fell in with a tribe of Equinoxes. These people have separated from their brethren on the Kew River, and are now living in a long, and have become an inland tribe. They subsist mainly on reindeer meat, and are very poor, and are in constant supply with but little effort, as reindeer run through the region in vast numbers.

Night refugees in Paris shelter the arts. The nine establishments last year were visited by 137 actors, 43 singers, 71 musicians, 12 painters, 10 architects, 308 artists (painters), 14 authors, and 25 journalists.

A Swedish musician had a violin made of aluminum.

PRACTICAL FARMING.

An Improved Shingling Stage.

The old-fashioned stage for shingling a roof, in which brackets, nailed to the shingles already laid, supported a number of lengths of board, was unsatisfactory because taking too much time and too much labor.

SECURE STAGE FOR SHINGLING.

To build, but particularly because it leaves nail holes in the shingles which are very apt to occasion leaks. A simple plan is suggested in the illustration. A piece of two by three stuff has the butt end of shingles nailed to its under surface as shown. The ends of the shingles are then nailed securely upon the last course of shingles laid, the next course being laid right over these staging shingles, which at the end of the job are simply knocked out of place. The nails that held their tips splitting the stuff and remaining under the course of shingles are thus made in the roof. No nail piece of two by three stuff should have a number of these shingles attached, and the points of the latter should be firmly nailed when this kind of stage is put down.

The Farm Where a Profit is Made.

From the figures of dairymen all over the country, says H.S. Matteson in Country Gentleman, we find that the cost of keeping a cow for a year, at liberal prices for pasture, hay and grain, is from \$32 to \$35. Now, taking this to be a fair estimate, the cow that makes only 300 pounds of butter per year, to say nothing of any other product, produces the butter, which makes a fair percentage of her cash value, which we will average at \$25, costing say \$35 to keep her a year; and receiving \$30 for her butter alone will give a profit of \$15 on a capital of \$25.

Of course we have not taken into account of any other product from the butter, but that can offer the labor necessary to cut hay or harvest crops of any kind. But we must, if we are to compare the profit of 25-cent butter with that of buying fertilizers and growing hay, consider the value of the manure from the cows, and of the skim-milk, which will add largely to the profit of the dairy.

Out from the cow we have 300 pounds of butter, a cow (as they reckon the milk at creameries) must give at least 5,000 pounds of milk, and to take 40 per cent. out from the cream leaves 3,000 pounds of skim-milk, which is worth, at a low estimate, 10 cents per 100 pounds.

Now, if we take \$10 on a butter, would make \$18, which is not a bad showing for an investment of \$25.

The man who can tell just what it costs to produce a pound of butter, and to say yet, and we can only get an approximate profit. But the day is past when a dairymen is satisfied with the cow that can make only 200 pounds of butter, and to-day there are in New York state whole townships where the average of the whole number of cows in the town makes more than 300 pounds, and the limit is not reached.

A few weeks since Mr. Matteson says he drove through a section where the whole business of the farm was that of buying hay, and of all the desolate, we-be-gone looking farms he has seen in years they were those—fences all down, no signs of life, no other crops, and nothing in the way of business except now and then a hay press at work. Location, natural advantages, ability, etc., must govern largely in the way of business except now and then a hay press at work.

But to take the country at large, the greatest prosperity is found where the dairies are—where the cows are kept in good health and general appearance of the dairy farms are always far superior to that of those where other branches such as hay and grain-raising are principally followed.

Salt for the Dairy.

Salt is one of the most important matters of the dairy yet is largely treated with indifference after selecting what is considered the best. Salt is susceptible to odors and should be as much protected from contamination as the cream; many a lot of fine butter has been greatly reduced in value from bad or tainted salt.

It should be kept in a dry place and where the air is perfectly pure and sweet. It should be kept in air tight cans. Dairymen should order it direct from the salt works, who should in turn use every care to secure the purity of the salt, and shipped that it does not come in contact with other cargo emitting odors.

There are brands of salt on the market that are as unsuitable for the dairy, in matter of flavor, as kerosene oil would be for flavoring a pudding. There are brands of foreign salt almost as good as those produced in this country and for years were far better. Now we produce the finest salt in the world for dairy purposes.

The longer in using foreign salt is in the matter of their being exposed to odors in the ship transporting them.

Don't forget that salt is a flavoring matter, that increased quantities used will not preserve butter if air is accessible to it. Salt may be employed, as an auxiliary, in certain ways for the purpose of making a brine to submerge butter in, or in pasting the tops of butter in tubs. Both of these uses require the use of the butter, but the same butter salted one quarter ounce to the pound and put in an airtight package, with an enameled surface, will keep much longer.

Don't imagine that butter absorbs salt. You may mix a pound of butter with a pound of salt and wash the product in fresh water, remove every particle of salt.

It is a good butter-maker that can produce butter with only ten per cent. of moisture, the average is 15 per cent. In selling one-half ounce to the pound this percentage of moisture will reduce the quantity of salt to a brine. Any excess of this quantity of salt, any one ounce to the pound, results in part being dissolved but leaving sufficient to make the butter gritty from the undissolved portion.

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A Swedish musician had a violin made of aluminum.

CANTON'S EXECUTION GROUND.

Hunts of Criminals Kept in Pickle in Earthen Jars.

We arrived at a place where a lot of rough, unbacked pickles covered the ground. It was a narrow strip of land, twenty or twenty-five feet wide, and seventy or eighty long, the only path of ground not built upon in the neighborhood.

"This is the place," said the guide; "it is one of the sights."

"It was not much of a sight, I thought, after a hurried glance, and I did not incline for deeper investigation. Hitherto it had seemed as if nothing could upset me, but that afternoon I was doubly affected. The middle, where the pickles were not so close together, the ground was discolored.

"What is that?" said I. "Some more," he answered. "Would you like to see their heads?" They are in these large jars standing near the wall. But I declined.

Some half-dozen T-shaped crosses were stacked against the wall. I inquired the most ordinary information. "They are for tying people to, to keep them in position for the lynchings," he replied. "I had heard the word before, so I asked about it."

"Oh," said the guide, as if imparting the most ordinary information, "the lynchings are cutting by pieces while alive."

This form of execution often carried out. "I asked," he replied, "frequently, points of the latter should be firmly nailed when this kind of stage is put down."

TRADE OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Increase of Imports and Decrease of Exports.

A despatch from London says—The total value of the imports into Great Britain during the year 1894 was £408,505,718 and of the exports £216,194,239, being an increase in the value of imports of £3,817,510 and a decrease in value of exports of £1,900,626, as compared with those of 1893.

George Ebers has gone into a new field for his latest novel, which is just completed. He has deserted Egypt, with its scorching and scorching sun, and is now pre-eminently the town of Toya, but, anciently the city of knights and rich merchants and minnesingers. The new novel is called "Im Schmiedehammer," and deals with two pairs of lovers.

SOLD IN DESERONTO BY W. G. EAGER.

BAD SCHOOLBOYS.

A Stabbing Affair at Grand Rapids Which May Result Fatally.

A despatch from Grand Rapids says—It was Vandell, a 16-year-old boy, died, Bart Cameron, a boy still in kindergarten, will be tried for murder. Young Vandell and Maynard Vandemere were returning from work on Thursday night, when they were beset by a crowd of bad schoolboys. Stones were thrown and the most offensive epithets applied. Finally Vandell lost his patience, and dropping his pen, he grappled with the leader of the mob. Another boy thrust a knife into Vandell's abdomen and died. The wounded lad rushed to a drug store with the knife sticking in the wound, and intestines protruding, and was afterwards sent to the hospital. It is feared he cannot live. Bart Cameron, who is somewhat smaller than Vandell, was arrested and identified as the guilty boy, and finally made a confession. He is said to belong to a gang of boys who pride themselves on their toughness and make careful study of blood-curdling romances.

Black Silk.

A good many housekeepers keep what they call a "black box" and into that goes every bit of black velvet, lace, ribbon or jet which is not in use. Such odds and ends are piled up in a corner, and when occasional application has since kept the hair in good condition."—Mrs. H. F. FENWICK, Digby, N. S.

Growth of Hair.

"Eight years ago, I had the various kinds of hair, which previously was quite abundant. I tried a variety of preparations, but without beneficial result, till I began to use it. In a short time, my hair began to appear, and there is now every prospect of as thick a growth of hair as before my illness."—Mrs. A. WEBER, Polymonia St., New Orleans, La.

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ayer's Pills cure Sick Headache.

ITCHING AND PIN WORMS.

No More Misery.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

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No More Misery.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

7c. STORE. XMAS

We have a large variety of Goods suitable for presents.

DOLLS, TOYS,
WORK BOXES,
WRITING DESKS,
XMAS CARDS,
ALBUMS.

TEA SETS, ETC.

Japanese Cuff and Handkerchief Boxes.
Splendid line of Fancy China Cups and Saucers, cheap.

C. J. ADAMS,

St. George Street, Deseronto.

UNDERTAKING.

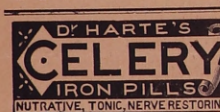


We desire to inform the people of Deseronto that we have started an

Undertaking

Department in connection with our business. Elegant Hearses and beautiful coffins. Embalming done free of charge. Prices so low as to be within the reach of all persons. All parties needing our services should remember the place, GIBBARD Warehouse, St. George Street, Deseronto.

T.W.OKE,



The longest and happiest lives are enjoyed by those having by inheritance what is called the Iron Nerve. This is a quality, not a substance, and may be surprisingly present in the most delicate structure. It may be acquired when lacking, or restored when lost by using Celery Iron Pills. Druggists, grocers, or mail. Price 50 cts, or by post \$2.50. The Celery Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

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Belleville Business College

It is the Model Business College of Canada.

The courses are so arranged as to enable the graduates to efficiently fill important and lucrative positions in Canada and the United States.

Send for free circular.

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BELLEVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE,

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ROBERT BOGLE,

MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR

FIRE INSURANCE.

We beg to advise those desiring fire insurance that we are the agents for

Royal Insurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.
RESERVE, \$35,000,000.

Western Assurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$1,200,000.
CASH ASSETS OVER \$1,500,000.

Commercial Union Insurance Co.,
CAPITAL AND ASSETS, \$25,000,000.

British America Assurance Co.,
CAPITAL, \$500,000.
NET SURPLUS, \$42,772.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company
CAPITAL, \$1,200,000.
SURPLUS, \$2,612,300.

Alliance Assurance Company,
CAPITAL, \$25,000,000.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company Incorporated 1836.
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.
INVESTED FUNDS OVER \$44,500,000.00

The standing of these Companies is such that all may be satisfied that in case of loss the settlement will be prompt and equitable.

Farmer will find it to their interest to insure with us.

Record kept of all Policies and Notices sent out before expiration of same.

THE RATHBUN COMPANY,

Deseronto, Ont.

The Tribune

FRIDAY, JAN. 18, 1895

DISTRICT ITEMS.

Belleville is talking of a summer carnival.

Cornwall will have a poultry fair on the 24th.

John Danford, Sidney, died on Dec. 28th, aged 80 years.

The C. R. shops at Carleton Place are working full time.

Rev. G. Hayne, of Pembroke, has been called to Hamilton.

Miss Olive Weaver, Trenton, is teacher of the Lime Lake school.

The trustees of the Arden school will appoint a trustee officer.

Mrs. W. P. Kerr, of Madoc, died on the 6th inst., aged 40 years.

The Knights of Almonde will start an encampment at Almonde.

Wm. F. Brough of Huntington, died on the 8th, aged 62 years.

There was a heavy shock of earthquake in Renfrew County last week.

Diphtheria of a mild type is prevalent in some townships of Renfrew.

Bridge street Methodist Church Sunday school had 100 scholars last week.

A Sabbath school association will be held in Madoc on the 16th and 17th.

Thos. Rath and Jane Davis, of Hungerford, were married on the 9th.

A new Presbyterian church will be dedicated at Elphinstone next Sunday.

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THE BARBER'S STORY.

LONG HOURS AND CONSTANT STANDING BROUGHT ON KIDNEY TROUBLE.

FORCED TO QUIT WORK AND FEARED THAT HE WOULD HAVE TO RESIGN HIS TRADE—HOW HE AT LAST FOUND A CURE.

Among the residents of Stratford there is probably none better known or more highly respected than Mr. James E. Smith, the Ontario street cleaning artist.

Smith is also well known in Toronto, in which city he worked for several years in a Young street cleaner shop. To a reporter of the Beacon, who is a former of his, the affable barber recently told of his recovery from a late very severe illness. He had, he said, for some years been afflicted with a weak back, so that at times if he stooped he could not retain an upright position unassisted, and as for lifting anything that was out of the question. "For years," to use Mr. Smith's own words, "I could not carry a single tin of coal."

He had so much trouble with the physicians when he consulted told him, disease of the kidneys, but they failed to cure him. He grew weak at length and rapidly lost flesh. Quite frequently he would be obliged to give up work for a week and take to his bed. He lost his appetite, was pale and so unsteady that he could not possibly hope to continue longer at his trade.

"Customers of the barber shop," he remarked, "did not care to be shaved by a man whose hand trembles." He had been in bed for some time undergoing treatment when one morning his wife said to him, "Jim, I've got a new medicine I want you to try. It was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills she had. He objected to more medicine, as invalids usually are, but at length he consented to use it as he was guided by his wife. "But mind you," he said, "I had no faith in the pills; I only took them to please my wife."

It was fortunate for him, for he was soon back at work and after taking several boxes of the medicine was stronger than he had been for several years. Within two months after beginning to take Pink Pills he felt like a new man and had gained over twenty pounds in weight. There is certainly no healthier looking man in the city today than Mr. Smith. Since his restoration to health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills he has recommended the remedy to many of his friends and has got to hear of a case where the remedy faithfully tried was found wanting. In cases like that of Mr. Smith, Pink Pills furnish a sure and effective cure, as indeed they do in all cases dependent upon a poor or watery condition of the blood or impaired nervous forces. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure other medicinal pills. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail post-paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y.

Under no circumstances are the genuine Pink Pills sold in bulk, but only in boxes, the wrapper around which is printed in red ink and bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Pills offered in any other form, no matter what color, are worthless imitations.

DOCTORS WAKE UP.

MEDICAL MEN INVESTIGATING THE DISCOVERY OF AN ASSURED REMEDY FOR DIABETES.

TORONTO, Dec. 17.—Medical men are on the alert just now when the subject of kidney disease comes up for discussion. Diabetes has always been looked upon as a sure death by the profession, but lately the doctors have had their eyes opened to the possibility of a cure by Dr. E. A. Roe, of Portland, Ore. He is the first to say that he was cured by this disease after being pronounced "in extremis" by six medical brethren, and his cure was effected by means of the Hood's Kidney Pills. This remedy has attracted much attention from the medical profession because of its success in the cure of kidney disease, and many physicians are to be seen prescribing it in affections of these organs.

Some horses going to the shambles come from the fact that they are not properly treated. When they are reached Renfrew it was found that two teams were killed and one badly injured.

GOOD ROADS CONVENTION.

Every municipal council in Ontario will be asked to send a delegate to the annual convention of the Ontario Good Roads Association to be held in Toronto on the 7th and 8th of February. The question of good roads is important to every community. The result of the present system is not satisfactory except in a few municipalities where the roads have been maintained under efficient supervision.

AFTER LA GRIPPE.

After a Grippe obstinate cough, lung troubles, etc., frequently follow. There is no remedy so prompt, and at the same time so effective, as Mitchell's God Liver Oil Emulsion with Wild Cherry and Hypophosphates, which is the latest and best combination of anti-consumptive remedies. Price 50c and \$1 per bottle.

To move drainage, keep the scalp moist, clean, and healthy, and give vitality and color to the hair, faded, and gray hair. Ayer's Hair Vigor. It has no equal in merit as a hair dressing and for the prevention of baldness, scalp humors and dandruff.

I WAYS TO GET RICH.

The road to fortune is paved with printer's ink. Shells and sense are necessary in successful advertising.

Get something people want, advertise wisely and it is sure to pay. The best advertising will not create a demand for that which is not wanted.

Success in business is paved by the type-setter and made smooth by the printing press.

Brevity is the soul of defeat in some advertising. Get into the groove of fruitfulness and the way is plain.

To Kill the Snail of Ostia.

Please remember before sowing oats in the spring that snail can be killed by holding the seed in hot water of the temperature of 135°.

It is to be spread and dried, the spreading being done at once. The water must be kept at substantially this temperature. Five minutes will answer for a temperature from 135° while a double time is required if the temperature falls four or five degrees.—Mirror and Farmer.

NOT WHAT WE SAY, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla Does, that tells the story of its merit and success. Remember HOOD'S CURES.

A NEW BEAR TRAP.

A man living in the rear part of North Augusta constructed a novel trap for capturing bears. He got an old liquor barrel and made a hole in one end about a foot in diameter. Around this he drove spikes from the outside so that they slanted downward like the old fashioned rat trap, so that when the bear ran his head down into the barrel to sniff a savory piece of pork, securely nailed inside the trap he could not withdraw his head, and so either walked about with the barrel in front of him or rolled it on the ground on the spot until the trapper came and finished him. This fall so far the man has secured fourteen bears in this manner.

The sugar-coating, which makes Ayer's Pills so easy to take, dissolves immediately on reaching the stomach, and so permits the full strength and benefit of the medicine to be promptly communicated. Ask of your druggist for Ayer's Almasan, just out.

I AM DYEING.

I am dyeing, Edith, dyeing. Tints of crimson, bright and fast; Shades, too, dark as Pluto's regions, And they cannot help but last.

Let me whisper in your ear, Diamond Dyes is all my secret; You can do the same, my dear.

Though my clothes are worn and dingy And with stains are spotted o'er, Though they look as fit for nothing, I can make them good once more.

To expend on garments new, I can dress as well as any, And I have no need to say, too, Let not fashion's servile minions Score the garments thus made o'er; I was no dyer's hand that made them, I have done it with my own.

I, who took my last year's dresses, Washed and dyed, and pressed and turned, Made them o'er for this year's wearing—Gowns for which the heart has yearned.

Yes, I'm dyeing, Edith, dyeing; No, you do not need to go; You need not hinder me a moment; 'Tis not hard to do you know, Now, no more one needs to wonder How to make their dresses do.

When with such a little trouble "Diamond" makes them good as new.

THE PLAIN TRUTH TELLS.

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness and Blood are promptly cured by Burdock Blood Bitters, which acts upon the stomach, liver, bowels, and blood, curing all their diseases.

ARE YOU DEAF?

Or do you suffer from noises in the head? Then send 3 cent stamp and I will send a valuable treatise containing full particulars of home cure, with complete directions, nothing. A splendid work on deafness and the ear. Address, PROF. G. CHASE, Montreal.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children, while teething. It disturbed at night and soothes them by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth, send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, soothes the throat, relieves the inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Beware of cheap imitations throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

In the treatment of croup and whooping cough, Ayer's Cherry Syrup has a most marvelous effect. Thousands of lives are saved annually by the use of this medicine. It frees the obstructed air passages, allays inflammation, and controls the desire to cough.

SKIN DISEASES.

Skin diseases are more or less occasioned by the blood. B. B. cures the following Skin Diseases: Shingles, Erysipelas, Itching Rash, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eruptions, Pimples and Blisters, by removing impurities from the blood from a common Pimple to the worst Scrofulous Sores.

BEYOND DISPUTE.

There is no better, safer, or more pleasant cough remedy made than Hagar's Pectoral Balsam. It cures Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleaning, healing.

BOILED DOWN.

Nearly every human race has been mound builders at some stage of their history.

The preparation of the human hair for the market gives employment to seven thousand Parisians.

Research shows that there is not a particle of vegetation in the green part of the North Sea. It is one great watery waste.

The Dyak head hunting has a religious origin. The Dyak believes that everything he kills in this world will be his slave in the next.

In olden times screws were made by hand, and five minutes were spent in making one. Now a machine rattles out sixty in a minute.

A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING.

The rock of Gibraltar resembles in outline a lion in a resting posture. The mean and fire mountain temperature of the Arctic regions is below thirty degrees Fahrenheit.

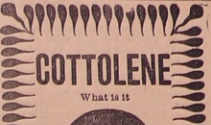
A humming bird was said to have been stung to death by a bee at Columbia, Wis.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she became teething, she took Castoria. When she became Mamma, she gave her Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Dr. C. Donnelly, proprietor of the well known and popular Windsor Hotel, Alliston, Ont., was troubled for years with Itching Piles. He was cured by Jas. C. Givens, of Alliston, living man, to use Chase's Ointment, which he did, and had no return of them and highly recommends this Ointment as a sovereign cure for Piles.

Dr. A. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup removes worms of all kinds from children or adults.



J. M. ANDERSON.

Practical Tinsmith.

Eavetroughing,
Dairy Supplies,
Steam and
Gas Fitting

All Tinware that I sell is made in my own shop No factory goods handled.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

Two pairs Hose for 25c, worth 40c.
Two pairs good, heavy wool Socks for 25c.
Five yards good, heavy Flannelette for 25c.
Men's all-wool Gansie Suits for \$1, worth \$1.50.
Men's all-wool Tweed Pants for \$1,
A few overcoats to clear at wholesale price.
A few all-wool Pea-jackets for men and boys. See them.

Blankets, Flannels, Dress Goods, Shirts, Sheets, Tickings, Furs, Hats, Caps, Clothing, everything in the store reduced in price for cash.

TERMS CASH.

WIMS & Co.

SALE OF JACKETS

We are offering for Sale a large lot of Ladies' and Children's Cloth Jackets, many of them at less than half the former price.

Don't miss this opportunity to secure a good Coat at a very low price.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Belleville.

THE RIGHT PLACE

It is a well known fact that the right place to get your Christmas photos is at Fairbairn's popular art studio. For a short time they are giving 14 cabinet and one \$10 photo for only \$3.00. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Studio in Geddis Block.

What can be appreciated by an elderly person as a gift more than an elegant pair of properly fitted and adjusted gold spectacles? Remember that we afterward change lenses or frames if desirable free of charge. A competent Optician has charge of our complete stock. Mail orders promptly attended to.—ANSWERS McEER & Co. Belleville.

CLEARING SALE

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY of next week we will offer at greatly reduced prices our very large stock of Horse Blankets, Mink, Ox, Goat and Buffalo Robes and 40 of the finest Cutters in Canada. Also our large stock of Harness, Belts, Cigars, Whips, Combs, Brushes, etc. Then we have 1 Remington, 13 Remington, 1 Democrat, 2 Road Cart, 1 Lumber Wagon that we will clear out at actual cost. We go on a principle of clearing out all unseasonable goods at cost or under, hence our stock is always fresh. This is your opportunity. It's a snap. Remember this sale continues three days only. Bring along your cash and we will save you big money.

H. FOWELL, Belleville.
P.S.—2 buggies and 2 cutters, second and, for sale cheap. Coal Oil water down.

Pressed Hay For Sale

—AT—
BRUTON'S.

Lots of new customers constantly coming for Bruton's Tea is sufficient proof of its superior quality. Be sure and get a pound, it will make you want more.

We just received a new lot of those fine Valencia Oranges, and we are still selling them at 15c. per doz. We have lots of pretty Candy Toys for the children very cheap, and our New Figs are beautiful fruit. See them.

OYSTERS.

Remember we are still handling those fine-flavored Baltimore Oysters, and parties wanting quantities can be supplied on short notice.

Wishing everybody the compliments of the season,
Yours Truly,
W. H. BRUTON,

The town council meets for organization on Monday forenoon.

Liverymen are reaping a golden harvest as a result of the sleighing.

The Rathbun Company shipped last week to the South Shore Railway a fine dumper for use on that road.

Mr. William Hatch, Oriental Hotel, attended division court at Belleville last Friday and returned triumphantly.

A leading dry goods firm in New York city has purchased \$70,000 worth of advertising for this year in one newspaper of that city.

The annual meeting of the Lennox Farmers' Institute will be held in the town hall, Napanee, on Saturday, 19th inst., at 1:30 p. m.

During the burning of the Presbyterian church at Madoc, Mr. Alex. Morrice, of that town, had a leg broken by a falling timber.

Rev. D. McEachern, minister of the Presbyterian congregation, Napanee, has been compelled to resign his charge on account of ill health.

Crows are becoming quite plentiful, flocks of them having been seen last week in this vicinity. Does this mean an early spring?

A large party of ladies, fifteen or eighteen in number, drove down to Napanee last Sunday in one of T. Gault's big sleighs. They had a royal time.

The Central Ontario Railway was completely blocked by snow last Tuesday and traffic was suspended. It was brought into working order again next day.

A grand event will be held in Finkle's hall, Newburgh, on the evening of Wednesday, Jan. 22d. Miss Sara Lord Bailey, the popular elocutionist, will assist.

A young man who makes frequent visits to Deseronto Junction always carries an umbrella to shield himself from the rays of the sun or moon, as the case may be.

The travelling public have their attention directed to the hotels of Mr. M. Ryan Shannonville, and Mr. Whalen, Enterprise, whose cards appear in another column.

The following will have been probated: that of the late Lord Ross, of Tyndinaga estate \$4,400; Thos. Stewart, Springfield, estate \$2,500; Julia Sopar, estate \$8,000.

A few complaints have been lodged in this office concerning the neglect of certain citizens who fail to remove the snow from the boardwalks adjoining their properties.

The spring settings of the High Court of Justice will be held at Belleville as follows: with jury, March 5th, Justice Boyd presiding without jury, April 10th, Justice Robertson.

Once a month is often enough to black a stove, if it be kept clean in the meantime. Rub the stove over with an old chamois skin after blacking, to remove the dry carburet of iron.

Elsewhere will be found an extended report of the proceedings of the Farmers' Institute held at Shannonville last week. Farmers and townspeople as well will gain great deal of interesting information by its perusal.

Among those who passed in all subjects at the Christmas examinations at Guelph Agricultural college are: E. V. Christy, Bloomfield; J. J. Yull, Carleton Place; D. Robin, D. H. Allison, Adolphstown; J. W. Knight, Elginburg.

Mr. C. C. Judd, of Merton, delivered a most interesting address on "good roads" at the Farmers' Institute in Shannonville last week. Mr. Judd is a pleasing speaker and it was fortunate that his services were obtained for this meeting.

Mr. B. Osborne, deputy reeve of Tyndinaga, was in town on Wednesday. Mr. Osborne, who resides west of Lansdale, is a young man and must be congratulated on his success in the recent election, it being his first contest for municipal honors.

The Lieutenant-Governor-in-council has made the following among other appointments:—P. J. M. Anderson, of Belleville, commissioner for Deed, Pot. for the county of Hastings; H. W. Harris, of Stirling, bailiff of the 5th division court of Hastings county.

Mr. C. H. Mortimer, with characteristic enterprise, has commenced the regular publication of a weekly edition of the *Canada Lumberman*, which will be supplemental to the monthly edition of the *Lumberman*. Those engaged in the lumber business will appreciate this new venture.

Persons troubled with the difficulty of French pronunciation may now buy for about a dollar a phonograph cylinder containing test words and phrases done with the most beautiful phonetic accent. The cylinder will fit any phonograph and the pupil may continue his French lesson at will. So says the *New York Sun*.

The Rathbun Co. are now shipping from their mill yards in Campbellford between three and four thousand railway ties daily, clearing out the large accumulation of last summer's work amounting to scores of thousands. They are being shipped to all divisions of the Grand Trunk Railway between Toronto and Montreal. Some will be deposited at St. Anne, several thousand along the Madoc division, and a quantity on the Peterboro division.

The Presbyterian church at Madoc was destroyed by fire on Sunday evening. The fire started about five o'clock but in spite of all efforts on the part of the fire brigade, the handsome edifice, one of the finest rural churches in Ontario, was destroyed. The building was a stone structure with a slate roof. It is thought that the walls may be saved and used for rebuilding. The church originally cost \$17,000; there is an insurance of \$6,000. It was found that as far as fire appliances and water supply was concerned, Madoc was about as bad off as Toronto.

The President of France has resigned and there is much excitement in that country.

Mr. Feden, the "Scotch" traveller, has been in town this week taking extensive orders for the Big Store.

Messrs. George Anderson, Harrison Phillips and Sidney Way have been appointed license commissioners for East Hastings.

Rev. G. A. Anderson, M. A., being indisposed, Rev. A. L. Green, of Belleville, will conduct the services in the churches of the Reserve next Sunday.

Miss Sanderson, of the Public school, who has been ill during the past few weeks, is recovering and hopes to take charge of her department next Monday.

E. Pringle, of Napanee, has secured the contract for constructing the wagon to convey George Burtch's New Senatorial. Mr. Pringle says the designs are new and will present a handsome street display when completed.

At this festive season it may be as well to let it be known that all proprietors of public halls the open doors of which open inward are liable to be assessed fifty dollars, and incorporated towns the chief of police is liable to a penalty if this law is infringed upon.

Mrs. Geo. J. Carter, Mrs. F. Northmore and Mrs. Jas. E. Waters, of Madoc, Ernest Dryden returned home yesterday after two weeks' absence, having been in attendance upon the death and burial of their father, Mr. Joseph Watson, of Proton township, Grey Co.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* came out on Monday with a new dress of type which gives it a very fresh and attractive appearance. In this way it celebrated its entrance upon its sixty-first year. We extend congratulations on this evidence of vigorous enterprise. The *Intelligencer* has always been one of our most welcome and valued exchanges.

Mr. James Gordon's auction sale at Kingsford last Monday was a great success. People were present from all parts of the district including a large contingent from Deseronto. Prices were very good and Auctioneer McCargar reported everything as quite satisfactory. A few household effects including tables, bedsteads, a good set of Gurney scales, etc., will be sold by private sale.

The Supreme Court of Canada by three to two has decided that the prohibition of the liquor traffic is a matter solely of Dominion control. It also states that the local governments have no power to pass local option laws. As the decisions of the supreme court on constitutional questions were generally wrong, an appeal will be made to the Privy Council of England on both these points of law.

An awful catastrophe is reported from Butte City, Montana. An alarm fire was given on Tuesday night. While the fire brigade were busy coping with the flames, an explosion of giant powder occurred; this was followed soon after by the explosion of a car of powder on the railroad track and another in a second warehouse. All the firemen but three were killed. The number of dead is 45, and will probably reach 50, while 150 people are seriously injured. The loss of property is placed at \$1,000,000, though it is impossible as yet to make a correct estimate.

An exciting billiard tournament is in progress at the Deseronto Club between sides captained by Mr. F. J. Rogers and Dr. Dulmage, respectively.

The Steady Cleaners of the West End Mission hold a social this evening in the Mission hall. An excellent programme. Cake and coffee. Admission 15 cents or two for 25 cents.

Supt. Hampton has placed telephones in Mr. John McCollough's new office and in the Deseronto cheese factory. He has also placed an electric watchman detector in the Rathbun Company's large barn on the Boundary road.

R. W. Bro. John Shaw, D. G. M. for Prince Edward district, will pay an official visit to Craig Lodge, No. 402, A. F. & A. M. on the evening of Friday, 25th inst. Craig Lodge recently changed its night of meeting to the last Friday of each month.

The members of the public school board met on Wednesday evening and organized for the current year by electing Mr. A. A. Richardson chairman, and Mr. W. J. Malley secretary. Mr. E. J. Edwards was chosen as their representative on the High school board.

The annual meeting of the Deseronto Branch of the Upper Canada Bible Society will be held in the lecture room of the Presbyterian church on the evening of Monday, Jan. 28th. The public are cordially invited. Rev. Alex. Leslie, agent of the Society, will be present and deliver an address.

A pleasant social event took place at 9 a. m. on Monday, 15th inst., when Frank Brown, of Albert, and Miss Annie Hogan, of Riverview, were united in holy wedlock. The ceremony was solemnized by Rev. Father Kehoe at St. Joseph's memorial chapel in Kingston. The bride looked very pretty and was very becomingly attired; she was attended by Miss Annie Brennan sister of the groom. Mr. E. J. Hogan, brother of the bride, was best man. The happy couple were subsequently left by train for Montreal, where they will spend a week or two. They have the best wishes of a very wide circle of friends in this new departure.

Salvation Army

On Tuesday evening, 22nd inst., there will be a special meeting at the Albert barracks. The brass bands from Pictou and Bloomfield will take part. Capt. Reid and Cadet Kelly of Pictou, and Capt. Yerex and Capt. Betts, of Bloomfield, will be present. The last two named have been engaged in French work and will give addresses and sing hymns in the French language. The meeting will commence at 8 o'clock; admission, 5c.

I. O. O. F.

At a late meeting of Deseronto Lodge, No. 102, I. O. O. F., the following officers were installed by Bro. E. A. Paul, D. D. G. M., of Napanee:—G. A. Cole, N. G.; H. Aylesworth, V. G.; E. W. Scott, Treas.; T. J. Naylor, Secy.; H. N. Travis, Tréas.; H. Holmes, Warden; Rev. R. Taylor, Chap.; Wm. Stuart, Con.; R. H. Bogart, R. S. N.; G. A. Kimmerly, L. S. N.; G. Alex. Smyth, O. G.; W. Thomas, L. G.; R. Carroll, R. S. S.; Geo. Ross, L. S.; Thos. Johnson, R. S. V. G.; and Thos. Scrimshaw, L. S. V. G.

Come Again.

Mr. W. Ramsay presented his "A Trip Around the World" to the Naylor's opera house on Wednesday evening. There was only a small house but Mr. Ramsay did not appear to notice the fact for he entered into the entertainment with as much zest as if there were a thousand present. The entertainment was exceedingly good in every particular. The series of views were perfect in every detail, and Mr. Ramsay's descriptions were concise and deeply interesting. Mr. Ramsay has an excellent presence and attractive personality which commands attention. He sang a number of comic songs with great effect and was loudly applauded. We hope Mr. Naylor will invite him back to Deseronto before many months fly by.

HYMENEAL.

At All Saints church, Scarborough, England, on the 10th of November last, Rev. Dr. Baker, the rector, united in holy matrimony Mr. Newark Hunt, of Rotherham, England, and Miss Annie J. Baker, daughter of Mr. R. Baker, of Birmingham, N. Y., formerly of Deseronto. The bride who was attended by a great number of friends, was attended by her cousin, Miss Jennie Kitchen, Mary Hayden, Edith Hepples and Mary Hepples. They and the bride all carried bouquets of myrsine and thyme. Mr. B. Hunt, brother of the groom, acted as best man. As they passed out of the church they passed through a shower of rice and flowers. After the ceremony the bride and party returned to the residence of Mrs. T. Williamson, 23 Gladstone street, where they partook of breakfast. A happy couple left on the five o'clock train for Rotherham. The groom is one of the rising young business men of the City of Rotherham. The bride received an unusual number of costly and useful wedding presents, including a cheque for \$250 from the groom and one for \$100 from her own family, a handsome silver tea service, china sets, pictures, etc. The *TRIBUNE* joins with many friends of the bride in Deseronto in extending hearty congratulations.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH NOTES.

The morning congregation last Sunday in consequence of the stormy weather, was a small one. The rector, in the evening, was assisted by Mr. Green.

Mr. Patten was engaged last Sunday in Adolphstown, Ontario, taking part in the annual Diocesan Missionary meetings. Owing to the storm and subsequent road blockade, only one meeting was held, viz. in the beautiful and unique memorial church, where a congregation of seventy had assembled. A valuable stained glass window has recently been placed in the church in memory of the late Rector Hardwick, who also among other Parish improvements was the addition of a much needed vestry to the church at Fredericksburg (Sandhurst) also privately given as a memorial. Such useful gifts to be commended and appear more appropriate to perpetuate departed worth than the erection of granite shafts or obelisks.

The Epiphany-day appeal from the Missionary society is to be read next Sunday and the accustomed offerings for Foreign Missions will be collected on Wednesday.

Holy Communion next Sunday morning. The meetings of the Senior Bible Class on Tuesdays at 8 and Sundays at 2:20 continue to prove most interesting. There should be a larger attendance. All welcome.

ENTERTAINMENT AT MARYSVILLE

On Tuesday evening the 11th inst. the young men of St. Mary's congregation, Marysville, held their annual entertainment. They were assisted by the ladies of the parish who provided choice refreshments for the occasion. The officers of the evening were, Messrs. James McNeil, James Brickley, Thos. O'Callaghan, James O'Sullivan, James McAlpine, and Daniel Murphy. No gentlemen could acquire themselves better. The refreshments, under the skilled management of Miss McNeil, and assisted by Misses M. A. Deasy, Katie and Annie McGurn, Annie O'Callaghan, Mary and Nellie Murphy, were all that could be desired, and were served with such promptness as called forth universal praise. The same young men had the hall tastefully decorated. The gift banner of Father Matthew was displayed at the rear of the hall and produced a very pleasing effect. It was presented one year ago by the ladies of the congregation to the Temperance Association and cost \$100. During the course of the evening Mr. W. B. Northrup, M. P. for East Hastings, expressed the thanks of the promoters of the entertainment for the large attendance, and concluded by stating that if every one enjoyed himself as he had then he was amply repaid for coming to the hall that evening. The net receipts after deducting all expenses were \$105. The promoters of the entertainment are to be congratulated on the great success which rewarded their efforts.

SEVEN GRAND JURORS WILL DO.

During the last session of parliament an amendment to the law was passed enacting that "notwithstanding any law, usage or custom to the contrary, seven grand jurors, instead of twelve as heretofore, may be summoned by writ or by process where the number of grand jurors is not more than thirteen, provided that this amendment shall not apply to any writ or process to be named by the governor but by proclamation." The amendment has been declared in force from Jan. 1st by proclamation in the "Official Gazette."

PERSONALS.

Mr. M. Corrigan, of Albert, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. Bennie Martin has been visiting at West Point.

Mr. Peter Lasher, Thomas street, has moved to Lime Lake.

Mr. Henry Joyce, Richmond, was in Deseronto last Tuesday.

Mrs. J. T. Greatrix has been seriously ill during the week.

Miss Wood, of Kingston, is the guest of Miss Lowe, Maple avenue.

Mr. John Givern, Gravel road, was in Deseronto on Wednesday.

Mr. C. B. Dougherty, of Ottawa, was in town this week on business.

Miss Kingsley, of Pictou, is the guest of Miss Rorke, Dundas street.

Miss Miller, of Prescott, is the guest of Mrs. S. Anderson, Mill street.

Mr. W. W. Carter was in town on Sunday as the guest of Councilor Carter.

Miss Maud Anderson was visiting friends in Kingston during the past week.

Miss Lillie Preston, of Trenton, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. E. Watson.

Miss Dalton returned last week to Ottawa to resume her studies at Colly College.

Miss Gowen, of Kingston, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Gamble, Thomas street.

Mr. T. Roach, Jr., of Gananoque, spent a day or two in town during the past week.

Mr. W. B. McMurrich, of Toronto, was the guest of Mr. F. S. Rathbun last Sunday.

Mr. Franklin Joyce, of Dorland, was in town on Tuesday and favored us with a call.

Mrs. T. F. Bell, of Napanee, was the guest of her son Mr. F. C. H. Bell, for a few days this week.

Miss Rathbun returned to Toronto this week to resume her studies at Miss Vezel's school in that city.

Mr. & Mrs. Frank Solmes, of Solmesville, left on Tuesday on a few weeks' visit to friends in Montreal.

Mr. Frank McMaster returned last week to Toronto to pursue his studies at the College of Pharmacy.

Miss Jennie Fraser, of Pictou, has been visiting in town as the guest of Mr. & Mrs. J. J. Kerr, Mill street.

Mr. Walter Northcott, of Belleville, was in town on Wednesday. He leaves tomorrow for Lynn, Mass.

Conductor Whiting, of the B. & Q. Ry., has been troubled with a very sore eye caused by inflammation.

Miss Alethea Jamieson left last week for Hamilton to take a course of study in the Young Ladies' College in that city.

Miss Simcoe, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. B. Chapman, during the past week, has returned home to Frankford.

Miss Louise Daly, school in St. James' Methodist church, Montreal, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. H. Bennett, for a few days.

Mrs. T. W. Asselstine, while visiting friends in Kingston, was taken with a severe illness which lasted for several weeks. She returned home on Saturday.

Mr. Wm. Ald, of Milwaukee, spent the past week in town as the guest of Mr. James Gannon. Mr. Ald who is a successful steamboat engineer, came on Saturday from New York for Belfast, Ireland, where he will spend a few months visiting his parents and other friends.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER.

Rev. T. J. Thompson, of Queen's College, conducted the services very acceptably last Sunday.

Rev. Geo. Rollins will occupy the pulpit next Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. G. A. Grant recently entered on duties as Secretary of the Sunday school.

The Ladies' Missionary Association held its annual meeting on Wednesday. The new officers were elected and other business transacted. Mrs. W. B. McMurrich, of Toronto, gave an interesting address.

The senior division of the Mission Band meets in the church parlor this evening at 7:15; the junior division in the same place to-morrow at 8 p. m.

THE CITY GROCERY
Main St., Deseronto.
Honest Goods,
Honest Values,
Honest Treatment.

THE WORKINGMAN'S AND FARMER'S FRIEND.
COAL.
FOR HOUSE USE OR BLACKSMITH SHOPS AT lowest market rates. Write for prices. THE RATHBUN CO.
NO EQUAL TO IT.
As a cure for Frost Bites, Chills, Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Hayward's Yellow Oil is the most reliable remedy on the market.

DESERONTO MARKET.

Deseronto, Jan. 17, 1896
Beets, 10 cents per bushel.
Beans \$1.00 per bushel.
Reef, for quarter, 4 to 5 cts. per pound.
Reef, hindquarter, 4 to 5 cts. per pound.
Barley, 35 to 40 cents per bushel.
Butter, 20 cents per pound.
Blackhead, 40 cents per bushel.
Celery, 5 cents per bunch.
Carrots, 45 cts. per bag.
Cheese, 10 to 12 cents per pound.
Chickens, 45 to 50 cents per pair.
Cabbages, 50 cents per dozen.
Duck, 20 cents.
Ducks, 65 to 70 cents per pair.
Eggs, 16 to 17 cents per dozen.
Geese, 50 to 60 cents each.
Ham, smoked, 10 to 11 cents per pound.
Hog, 8 dollars per head.
Honey, 10 cents per pound.
Hides, 31 cents.
Mutton, 8 cents.
Sheepskins, 50 to 60 cents.
Lard, 10 to 12 cents per pound.
Onions, 60 to 75 cents per bag.
Oats, 30 cents per bushel.
Potatoes, 50 to 55 cts. per bag.
Pork, 5 to 6 cents per pound.
Pork, cut, 5 to 6 cents per pound.
Pork by quarter from 5 to 5 1/2 cts.
Rye, 45 cents per bushel.
Straw, \$2 per load.
Steak, 10 cents.
Tallow, in rough 25 cents per pound.
Tallow, rendered, 5 to 6 cents per pound.
Turkey, 40 cents to 75 cts.
Turnips, 45 cts. per bag.
Wool, 8 to 10 cents.
Wheat, 55 to 60 cts. per bushel.

BIRTHS.

WESTMORELAND—At Deseronto, on the 5th inst., the wife of Mr. E. S. Westmoreland, of a son.

RIXEN—At Deseronto, on the 13th inst., the wife of Mr. E. A. Rixen, of a daughter.

GOODMAN—At Tyndings, on the 10th inst., the wife of Mr. Harry Goodman, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BRENNAN—HOGAN—At St. Joseph's Memorial Chapel, Kingston, on Jan. 14th, 1896, by Rev. Father Kehoe, Mr. Frank Brennan, of Albert, and Miss Annie Hogan, of Brimfield.

YOUNG—COVATY—At the residence of the bride's parents, Rawdon, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. W. H. Smythe, Mr. Benjamin Young, of Napane, and Miss Helen Covaty, daughter of Mr. Newton Conley.

HENSON—BAKER—At All Saints Church, Scarborough, England, Nov. 10th, 1894, by Rev. Dr. Baker, Rector, Mr. Newton Henson, of Scarborough, England, and Miss Annie J. Baker, of Binghamton, N. Y., formerly of Deseronto, Ont.

CAMPBELL—LOCKHART—At Brighton on the 1st inst., by Rev. A. Campbell, assisted by Rev. B. R. Strangways and Rev. W. C. Watson, J. S. Campbell, M. D., of Ontario, N. Y., and Rose Jean Lockhart, daughter of J. J. Lockhart, Esq., of Brighton.

DEATHS.

HUNT—At Deseronto, on Jan. 17th, 1896, Michael Vincent, oldest son of John and Alice Hunt, aged 5 years and 6 months.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR sale his desirable farm situated on lot 32, south range of the 3rd concession of Tyndings, about half a mile from the village of Lonsdale. It consists of 100 acres, of which 25 are cleared. There is a good orchard and an excellent supply of water. There is a good house, barns and other buildings, all in good order. One half mile from school and convenient to churches and grist mill. Terms of sale easy. Apply to
JOHN McCARRON, Lonsdale P. O.
Jan. 15th, 1896.

HOUSE TO LET.

IN A PLEASANT AND CONVENIENT part of the town. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.

BERKSHIRE AND POLAND CHINA Boar Pigs for sale and for service at the Tyndings Stock Farm, Road P. 4m3 J. C. HANLEY.

Your Clock Stopped did it with the Cold?

TAKE IT TO

F. C. Davey,

The St. George St. Jeweller.

REMEMBER

Repairing of all kinds a specialty.

Leasing of Indian Lands

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the present treaty of land on the Tyndings Indian Reserve who may desire a renewal of their leases, and to become tenants of Indian lands on the said Reserve, that the undersigned is at the Deseronto House, in the Town of Deseronto, prepared, in conjunction with the Agent and the Chiefs of the Mohawk Band, to receive and consider applications with the view to the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs leasing the land belonging to Indians whose occupations interfere with their cultivating land, and of sick, infirm or aged Indians, and of widows and orphans, or neglected children. Those tenants who have made application for a renewal of their leases are requested to come without further delay and execute new leases, or the lands they occupy will be leased to the first desirable tenants who may apply.

A. DINGMAN, Inspector of Indian Agencies and Reserves, Deseronto, Dec. 20, 1894.

Last Friday was too Stormy for People to get out, so we will offer the same bargains this week.

On Friday forenoon only we will sell our large pound bundles of Cotton atting, Crescent brand, at 10 cents, and our half pound bundles at 5 cents each.

On Friday forenoon only we will sell all our large Glass Towels with a blue border, at 5 cents each.

All day on Friday we will sell a useful Factory Cotton at 2c, a yard. We will sell a yard wide Factory Cotton at 3c, a yard. Remember that the best bargains can always be got in the forenoon. All day on Friday we will sell our fine 40-inch Grey Cotton at 6c, a yard. We will sell our Children's Heavy Cloth Mantles at half price, 75c. each, that we sold at \$1.50.

We will sell any of our Men's fine Beaver and Melton Overcoats at half price, as follows: We will sell our \$7.00 Overcoats at \$3.50. We will sell our \$8.75 Overcoats at \$4.38. We will sell our \$9.00 Overcoats at \$4.50. We will sell our \$11.00 Overcoats at \$5.50 each. We will sell our Men's Checked Overcoats, velvet collar, for \$3.00 each. We will sell our Youth's Diagonal Overcoats, velvet collar, at \$3.00 each.

We will spread out about 100 remnants on the table and sell them on FRIDAY at less than cost price.

There will be remnants of Mantle Cloths, remnants of Dress Goods, remnants of Tweeds, remnants of Silks, remnants of Prints, remnants of Factory Cotton, and many other kinds. We do not get hand-bills printed every week because it is hard to get them distributed properly, but every Friday is a bargain day with us.

No Goods charged on Friday to any person.

P. SLAVEN & CO.'Y.

A Lady from Toronto,

Toronto, mind you, recently visiting at one of the bodies of wealth and fashion in our city paid a very flattering compliment to our confectionery the other day.

She said her hostess was in the store when the latter was purchasing some of our choicest confections. "What delicious confectionery they have here, I am going to send here for mine when I return home."

The foregoing is but one of the many complimentary remarks passed upon not only our Bon Bons, but also our Ice Cream, Chocolates, etc., in fact everything we turn out.

H. C. Dickens & Son, Bellville.

FARM FOR SALE

THE SOUTH WEST HALF OF LOT 35, in the 1st concession of the Township of Spadina, in the County of Prince Edward, about seven miles from Deseronto, is for sale. It contains 100 acres, of which 25 are cleared. There is a good orchard and an excellent supply of water. There is a good house, barns and other buildings, all in good order. One half mile from school and convenient to churches and grist mill. Terms of sale easy. Apply to
JOHN McCARRON, Lonsdale P. O.
Jan. 15th, 1896.

For terms of sale, which are very easy, apply at the law office of the undersigned at Deseronto,
161 HENRY R. BEDFORD.

WONDERFUL!!

Prof. O. H. de Lamort's French System of Dress Cutting is working wonders. Fashion is learning it. It contains 514 PLICITY AND PERFECTION. Send in your name at once and receive the New Instruction Book containing numerous styles of seamless garments and garments with seams.

High class Dress and Mantle Making in charge of Miss RIFE, of Toronto. All the latest styles. Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

—Bargains in—

FANCY GOODS.

Special value in CHINA and TEA SETS. Nice Presents almost given away. Full Stock of Fancy Goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Fell Hais blocked over in any Style. Orders taken for the Artistic Hair Corset.

MISS BYRNES.

Main St., Napane, Opp. Campbell House.

HOUSE TO LET.

TO LET THE HOUSE ON THE North-East corner of Dundas and Mill Streets. Apply to
THE RATHBURN COMPANY, Deseronto, 15th, 1894.

Deseronto Cemetery Company, DESERONTO, ONT.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of Share holders for election of officers for the ensuing year, and transaction of other business, will be held in the Classroom of the Mechanics' Institute at 8 o'clock, Monday evening, January 21st, 1896.

T. H. NASMITH, E. W. RATHBURN, Sec.-Treas. President.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of Charles Josephus Henstridge, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the statute in that behalf that all persons having claims against the estate of Charles Josephus Henstridge, late of the Town of Deseronto, who died there on the fourth day of December, A. D. 1894, are hereby notified and required to send into Geo. A. Cole and Fred. H. Sims, Deseronto, Ont., executors of the will of said Charles Josephus Henstridge, on or before the first day of February, A. D. 1896, writing, setting forth full names, addresses, and the particulars of their claims; and after said date said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and will not be liable to or for any others.

Geo. A. COLE, Executors, FRED. H. SIMS, J. Dated Deseronto, Dec. 27th, 1894. 15-4

A Man With a Long Head.

A Texas military company were out to the range recently, practicing at rifle-shooting. The lieutenant in command suddenly became exasperated at the poor shooting, and seizing a gun from one of the privates, cried angrily, "I'll show you fellows how to shoot!" Taking a long aim, and a strong aim, and an aim altogether, he missed. Coolly turning to the private who owned the gun, he said, "That's the way you shoot." He again loaded his weapon and missed. Turning to the second man in the ranks he remarked, "That's the way you shoot." In this way he continued to shoot fifty or sixty times illustrating to each soldier his personal incapacity, and finally he accidentally hit the target. "And that," he ejaculated, handing the gun back to the private, "is the way I shoot."

Actors, Go to Russia.

Russia has few stranded actors. When a manager takes a troupe on the road he must make a deposit with the Government to pay the way home for the members in case they become stranded.—Dramatic News.

New South Wales owns two thousand eight hundred and eighty-two miles of rail, and New Zealand in 1892 owned six hundred and seventy-two miles.

MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

A BRIGHT CHAPTER CONTAINING 30 MINUTES OF FUN.

The Amiable couple indulge in a Spelling Match That Causes Trouble—Some of the "Examples"—He Only Spells "Three Out of Four."

"Well, by George, but what a man that was," exclaimed Mr. Bowser as he looked up from his paper the other evening. "What is it, dear?" queried Mrs. Bowser.

"Why, a husband and wife living in Iowa attended a spelling school. It seems that she spelled him down, and he was so mad about it that after he got home he killed her."

"If I'd been a neighbor of that man, do you know what I'd have done? I'd have seen that he was strung up to a limb before the officers of the law got of him. Where's the dictionary?"

"On the lower shelf of the bookrack in the library. What word is it you want to find?"

"I just thought of something. Wait a minute. Now you take the book and give me a lot of words to spell. I don't claim to be way up in orthography, but I scrape along with most of 'em."

"Please let it go till some other evening," replied Mrs. Bowser, fully realizing what would be the result.

"Never mind about some other evening. I feel particularly good to-night, and I'll bet you two to one that you don't catch me on any common word."

"But if I do, won't you—"

"What's the matter with you? It's come to a pretty pass when you and I can't sit together for half an hour without a row. Hold on. I'll give you 20 words, and then you may give me 20. I shall bet you won't get it right, but we'll only laugh over it. Already now. As a starter I'll give you 'castrinity.'"

Mrs. Bowser spelled the word correctly, and he skipped about to "feldaspas," "spagrist," "rondane," "quantative" and various other words he could catch in them. When he had finished with the 20 words, she had missed three, but he patted her on the shoulder and said:

"You needn't be ashamed of that record, my dear. Now you take the book and give me some regular old school lagers, and if I don't make old Noah Webster look pale then I'm a goat."

Mrs. Bowser looked all around in a helpless way, but as there was no escape she turned over the leaves and gave out the word "primordially." Mr. Bowser looked it up, and then he gave himself confidence, but missed, she then gave him "plenitential," and he missed again. He hit "maneuver" all right, but went all to pieces on "inexplicability."

"You have missed three out of four," she said, "but if you wish to—"

"Three out of four," he shouted as he struck the floor with his cane. "Mrs. Bowser, don't try to make out that I'm a dolt. I may have got slightly mixed upon that first word, as I hadn't seen it for three or four days, but I know I spelled the others correctly."

"She has been right, but she let it go and gave him 'humuncation,' 'fossiliferous' and 'catylasm.'"

"You missed them all," she said as she closed the book.

"What! I missed every one?"

"Yes, you missed every one out of seven words, but you needn't feel—"

"Six out of seven words? Never! He shouted as his ears grew fiery red. I may have mixed that first word, but as for the others I know I had 'em right. Why, woman, do you suppose I was born in a swamp and brought up in a barn? That's the way with you. If we ever start out to have a pleasant evening, you hunt for some excuse to spoil it."

"You don't want me to say you spelled the words right when you didn't, do you?" she asked.

"But I did spell 'em right," he persisted. "You were simply determined to come out ahead on the record. Mrs. Bowser, I am thankful that the Lord did not make me with your disposition."

"I have to decide according to Webster," she quietly replied.

"And who is Webster?" he loudly demanded. "Beats me. Noah Webster went out and collected a lot of words and spelled them to please himself, does it follow that his spelling is correct? Have the rest of us got to follow him like a flock of sheep? I say I spelled six of those right, Webster or no Webster."

"But you said I missed three. Why don't I claim I spelled the whole 20 correctly?"

"As a fact, Mr. Bowser, as a matter of truth and fact, you missed about 14 words, but I didn't want to hurt your feelings. If you hadn't betrayed your jealous feeling, I shouldn't have said a word about it. I know, and you know, that I can't spell a word but what you miss it. But we'll end the matter right here."

"You might try again. I think you were a little excited."

"Not another try. When you saw me feeling good, natural and happy, you went and spoiled it by coming in and spoiling the evening. You have succeeded. I take back what I said about that loush husband. I can now understand that some sort of a low-down trick was played on him, and the man struck home. Excuse me, Mrs. Bowser, but I have some writing to do in the library. If I shouldn't see you and old Noah Webster again this evening, bid you good-night and pleasant dreams."

M. QUAD.

The Mother, of Course.

First Judge (bawling who)—Who is the mother of that squally brat?

Second Judge—Mrs. Uppish, I think. I heard her speak of him as "cunning."

First and "sweet"—New York Weekly.

WHAT THE DRAMA COST

RUNNING A THEATRE IN THE EARLY YEARS OF THE CENTURY.

When Kemble Lived \$4,000 a Week Was Required to Run Drury Lane—The Salary Paid to the Stars of Long Ago—A Profitable Investment.

If you were asked off handed, to express an opinion in regard to the relative cost of running a theatre during the early years of this century and to-day it is safe to predict that, unless he had just looked up the matter, even an experienced manager would say at once that the amount of money spent and handled in a first-class playhouse to-day would far exceed that spent a century ago. Just as many students of the theatre to-day as it seemed, after all, the expense of running a theatre bears the same relative proportion to the community in each age. A very excellent proof of this was found the other day in a book published nearly a century ago, long since out of print, and never very widely circulated, on the "Life of the Duchess of St. Albans," whose first husband was the proprietor of Sadler's Wells Theatre, there was a full list of the expenses of running Drury Lane in 1802, when John Philip Kemble was the manager, is published.

Mr. Kemble, as leading actor of the company, received a salary of \$200 a week, with an additional \$70 as stage manager. The latter was paid all the year round, the former during the theatrical season; it made an average income during his control there of \$10,000 a year. Mrs. Siddons received \$300 a week during the season, or about \$4,000 a year. Leading men like Banister, "Handsome Jack," alike devoted to Garrick and to Edmund Kean, drew a salary of \$85 a week. Thomas King, the original Sir Peter Teazle, drew \$80. Alexander Pope, whose first wife was the beautiful Miss Young, and who is better known as a gourmand than an actor, received \$65. Wroughton, who was for years proprietor of Sadler's Wells Theatre, had \$75. Charles Kemble, \$50, the ballet master, \$40; John Palmer, the original Joseph Barlow, \$45; Powell, the prompter, had \$20, with many emoluments; the famous Grimaldi had but \$20.

The Drury Lane company was quite large—it numbered forty-five people besides the extras—so that the salary list footed up to the weekly amount of \$2,000, fully equal to the largest salary lists of to-day. The extra people received from \$10 to \$15 a week, which compares well with the price paid to-day. Indeed, the above figures compare more than favorably with the salaries in England to-day. English leading men in the provinces receive salaries to-day ranging from \$17.50 to \$23.50 a week, the larger of course in London, and in this country the price ranges all the way from \$50 to \$300, with notable exceptions, usually paid to English actors, like the \$750 that was paid Charles Coghlan when he came here last year, and the \$500 that was paid Leonard Byrne last year, when he staged "The Prodigal Daughter," and played the hero. Byrne's salary in London was \$125.

Leading women in England, get from \$30 to \$40 in the provinces, and in London, English comedians get from \$12 to \$30 a week, sonnettes from \$12.50 to \$30, heavy men about the same figure as sonnettes, but heavy women receive from \$20 to \$40 a week.

Agreeing to this, it is difficult to compare the expenses to-day with those of Drury Lane at the time mentioned, as so few playhouses have a stock company, but \$2,000 would cover most of the salary lists to-day, simply because salaries then were so few in number, while the expense of a well-known theatre in town, of a position ranking with Drury Lane, are outside of the salaries, \$3,000 a week. Some years ago, when the Bowser went out and collected a lot of words and spelled them to please himself, the expenses were \$800 a day, or, rather, a performance, or \$4,300 a week.

It is interesting to note that the valuation of the Drury Lane property was \$600,000, and that it was a profitable property. The rent was figured at only 5 per cent on the investment, instead of 10 per cent, as is done in these days. The season was only 32 weeks, so that the rental was about \$1,900 a week.

Of course it is only fair to note that there was but one other licensed theatre, Covent Garden, at the time, and that, of course, rather overbalanced things, in making comparisons of this sort. Still, it may surprise many to find that, though the expense of big money in the theatre is concerned, we are not in advance of our great-grandfathers, especially when it is considered that this does not include any money for scenery or costumes, and that the bills of Drury Lane were \$200 a week, but were very pretty considerable at that time, as many original plays were produced.

The expense of lighting the theatres—candles were used—of heating it, of securing the bills of Drury Lane, was \$200 a week, but were very pretty considerable at that time, as many original plays were produced.

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A TROPICAL TORNADO.

EXPERIENCE OF AN ORCHID HUNTER
IN SOUTH AMERICA.A Few Hours of Terror in the Neighbor-
hood of the Humirida Mountains—Scenes
and Nights Never to Be Forgotten by
Their Victim.

[Special Vienna Letter.]

Beyond the general physical facts, and these, but incompletely, we know very little of the geographical conditions that obtain in the great continent that lies southward of the Caribbean sea; and in place of the vast amount of interesting and important information which we have not got, false impressions prevail that



WHEN QUIET REIGNS.

complement the too ancient concep-
tions of Africa.

Amongst these is one to the effect that the southern part of the continent is absolutely free from the visitations of tornadoes. Nothing could be more untrue. The southern or equatorial cyclonic tempests have not, but perhaps they make up for this in the most unthinkable fury with which they literally obliterate vast tracks of criminal forests when they do occur.

The present season of northern storms reminds me of a fearful experience that I went through some years ago in the back wilderness of the Guianas. I have the most vivid recollection of it for the sufficient reason that it was the one incident in my long South American experience when I completely "lost nerve."

My wanderings as an orchid hunter had carried me far into the interior, in the neighborhood of the Humirida mountains. Before reaching the level of the great Roraima savanna, the trail ran through a belt of virgin forest that must have been there when Columbus contracted "life's fever." It surprised in Bolivia anything I had yet seen in Brazil, Bolivia, Guatemala or anywhere else. Below the stems stood isolated, as it were, each a giant monarch in his own domain. The slimmest we saw measuring fifteen feet around, whilst some of the larger were more than double that size. They rose like columns, unbranched to the height of some sixty or seventy feet, where their mighty spreading branches, laden with dense foliage, formed a canopy almost impenetrable to rain. Through which the sunlight could never pierce.

Our camp at the time of which I write was amongst the foot hills of the Humirida, across a belt of the great savanna which divided the mountains from this forest. One morning while collecting in the hills where the forest was stalwart enough, but far from dense, a warm squall on my face broke the enthusiast's spell, for I was in a paradise of orchids. Preoccupation had blinded me to the fact that the sky had become heavily overcast, presaging a tropical downpour. So gathering up my treasures I made a bead for camp.

Now I noticed that a death-like stillness reigned. Not a leaf trembled nor was there a sound but of my own tread. An indescribable oppression, a sort of instinctive apprehension, came over me, and I caught myself listening for I knew not what. Swayed by an unconscious impulse I broke into a mad run for the camp. For



I SEIZED THE STEM OF A SMALL TREE. At the moment I was the victim of a totally unaccountable terror. Panic-stricken, yet there was a distinct consciousness of horrible expectancy. I think I felt like the victim of an unscrupulous hypnotic experimentalist must feel.

I knew when what I instinctively watched for had come. It was nothing but the faint patter of distant rain on foliage, but it broke the spell and I was myself again. But not for long. Let me try and describe just what followed.

Soon another and totally unknown sound blent with and overwhelmed the familiar patter. Twice a weird, uncanny moaning, and rose and fell from a whisper to a howl; then with it blent a mighty artillery, like the distant crash of distant artillery. What could it be? As I paused to think, apprehending rather an earthquake than a storm—for of the latter I had no experience—the darkness of the forest deepened and the sound rose till earth shook and the crack of doom seemed at hand.

I stood rooted to the spot, paralyzed by absolute terror, for through the darkness a vivid gleam of lightning revealed what was happening. I had been in the crest of a hill spur beneath which lay our camp, beyond that the tongue of Savannah land, and half a mile further the great forest. The trees about me were dark and in that reeled and bent low beneath the impetuous stress of a mighty blast, whilst the foliage of the tall forest was being torn and buffeted like the billows of the raging sea—then darkness again that might be felt were not sensation dead! I now fully realized what the matter was at this thing less than a cyclone was tearing along, sweeping everything before it!

Throwing myself prostrate, for it was becoming impossible to stand, I sought the stem of a small tree and clasped it for life.

On came the tempest, and again and again till the heavens seemed flaming flashed the lightning. In a few minutes, finding that I was not swept away, I recovered sufficient calmness to raise my eyes and look around. The smaller trees, those about me on the crest, made no struggle at all, but bent over like fishing rods, their tops wildly sweeping the ground. Under one of the arches I lay, realizing the momentary danger of being torn and ground to shreds by the birthing branches of other trees. But really the trees stood wide apart, and so intense was the stress of the pressure that the movement of wind then appeared to my excited fancy. The giants on the higher declivities, being unable to yield, yielded in a different way, and were torn away as one might twist and snap a twig!

All this I was there watching in the now continuous glare of the situation, and the swift movement of the atmosphere, I could scarcely breathe and felt continued life, once more looked across the Savannah. Ah, what a sight! Through that tempestuous sea of foliage, into which tongues of lightning continually shot, rose ever and anon like a mightier wave than the rest the canopy of some weaker giant the massive trunk would not shoot sloping upward, and away—away like a stupendous balloon would it be whirled into the darkness of the south!

I realized at length that so far I was but on the edge of the storm, but oh! the terror of the thought that it might sweep our way! Suddenly the lightning ceased and all was dark. The pressure of the wind sensibly relaxed and the tortures of the still storm, which weakness had been their safety, recovered their positions but clashed their swaying boughs together horribly. Then down came the rain, it torrents such as only the tropics can produce.

How I reached the site of our camp I scarcely knew. The camp itself was a temporary habitation. Fortunately, my white companion and the Indians had been in the vicinity of four belated and themselves in a small cave in the hillside. They had given me up for lost. Singularly, when all danger was over my nerves completely gave way and I became positively hysterical.

The next day when I had recovered from the shock, accompanied by my companion, I crossed the Savannah to the forest. What

complement the too ancient concep-
tions of Africa.

Amongst these is one to the effect that the southern part of the continent is absolutely free from the visitations of tornadoes. Nothing could be more untrue. The southern or equatorial cyclonic tempests have not, but perhaps they make up for this in the most unthinkable fury with which they literally obliterate vast tracks of criminal forests when they do occur.

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RED, WHITE AND BLUE.

Full off the red of vengeance blazed
Up the sky the white of peace was raised,
And then the sky's own blue was raised,
The white of justice came,
And then the blue of peace was raised,
And then the blue of peace was raised,
The precious gift to man.

UP IN A BALLOON.

It was not only the glorious First of July, but our town had a circus and a balloon ascension as well. The three exultant boys had talked around me until everybody for twenty miles around made arrangements to come in and enjoy the day. I was a lad of 16, and my father, a printer's apprentice, was in a printing office, and of course everybody connected with The Weekly Journal had a holiday and a dead-end ticket to the circus. The balloon ascensions were not a regular feature of the circus, but had been lacking on "this day only" to help draw the crowds. How the circus people got hold of the ascension I do not know, but it was afterwards learned that he knew little or nothing of the business and was sadly lacking in nerve as well. He had himself Professor James, and he arrived in town with his balloon several days before the circus. The Journal published a notice written by him to the effect that he would be glad of company on his trip among the clouds, but that the weight of the volunteer must not be over 135 pounds. It was a very curious thing that almost every man in all that country expressed a strong desire to make the ascension, but when the time came, each and every one of them tipped the beam at about ten pounds too much. Our local editor had never been able to pull down more than 120 pounds in his life, but on this occasion his weight suddenly increased to 132. But for this unfortunate circumstance he would have taken his seat in the car and given the 472 weekly readers of the leading newspaper in the county a three column article on the sensation of a trip through space. Some people suggested that the editor himself, who was a lightweight and full of enterprise, should take advantage of the occasion to distinguish himself, but unfortunately his weight increased ten pounds while they were talking about it. The pressman had no ambition to soar, and the foreman of the office said he would be so busy looking at the animals in the menagerie that he would have no time to spare for the balloon.

In this emergency I determined to go myself. I didn't declare my intentions around the office, as I didn't care to receive an graceful thanks of the staff, and I kept very quiet at home, because the father had a notion that a boy 15 years old ought to stay down on the ground with both feet, and a quiet talk with the professor and settled things. I was to take my seat in the basket at the last moment, and his only caution to me was not to get frightened and to obey any orders he gave me. Dolgers were printed and handed around to announce that a person had volunteered, and at 5 o'clock on the day of the ascension, the circus performance, the crowd assembled to witness the ascension was said to number 15,000. While I hung about the spot ready for the critical moment no one had the least suspicion of my intentions. The editor and the local editor came around and bemoaned their fate, and got down to weight, and ten minutes before the start my father came along and stopped to say: "Boy, you keep clear of the ropes when he makes his start and don't get yourself carried off."

When all was ready, the professor gave me the wink. It was a wink which assured thousands of people. I was in the basket, and the start was made. Before any one could stop me, and as the crowd looked up and cheered we seemed to jump half a mile high. It was not a hot air balloon, but a trip of three or four miles, but it had been filled with natural gas, and was expected to make a voyage of perhaps a hundred miles. As I lay in my seat, I was told that the town was a south wind blowing as we rose. As to the sensation, there was none. It was like sitting on a bench in a park. The balloon was moving, but we couldn't realize that it was unless looking over the side of the car.

The breeze below was a gentle one, but a thousand feet above the earth it blew at the rate of fifteen miles an hour. We traveled steadily to the north for two hours with scarcely a motion to the car, but then we met a current of air from the east which spun us round and round like a top for five minutes and then sent us to the northward. In that spinning around the balloon received an injury, and the professor seemed to lose his nerve all at once. What the injury was I could not make out, but he did not tell me. It seemed to me that we dropped several hundred feet like a stone, and I expected we should have brought up in a twinkling in some wheat field if the professor had not heaved over several sand bags. We jumped again in the twilight I could no longer distinguish the earth, but the balloon did not sail along as steadily as before. Its motion was like that of a ship sailing over a stormy sea. Seeing that the professor was frightened frightened me, but yet I am sure I was the cooler of the two. He tugged away at the ropes which had been jammed open over the car and up at the swelling silk, and as we began to sink again he knelt down in the car and cried out: "May I have mercy on us, but we are lost!"

We went down, down, down till we seemed to scrape the housetops of the town of Dundas, and then we took a shock like the flight of a bullet. As we did so I grasped at a rope dangling from my seat and pulled, and I distinctly felt a movement at the upper end. When we met that eastern current, the escape valve was in some manner opened and the balloon opened. That was what rattled the professor. In pulling on the rope I had closed it. I still had the rope in my hand when I looked around and found the professor missing. As it afterward appeared, the balloon had dipped down till it brushed the tops of the trees in an orchard, and in that fright he had leaped out and left me to my fate.

I wasn't frightened as you may imagine, because the balloon sailed away steadily, and I didn't understand the situation. Relieved of his weight and my sinking, the professor was at that moment about the balloon to an immense height—so high that I was soon shooting with the cold air, ignorant as I was. I did not make matters worse by handling any of the ropes. Had I been posted I could have opened the

valve and caused the balloon to descend to earth, though I might have been dashed to pieces in the landing. Realizing that I could do nothing in the matter, I lay down in the bottom of the car, pulled a blanket over me and was soon sound asleep. There was a lighted candle, and a small lantern, and people traced the balloon by that during the night. I woke just at sunrise, and the balloon was then driving along at a distance of about 500 feet above the earth. The silk had become weighted with the dampness and caused a gradual descent. But very few people were to be seen as I slowly approached the town, but my shouts soon routed out 100. It seemed as if every different man called to me to jump, but a man who stood at his back door in his shirt sleeves gave me the right sort of a pointer. He called to me to throw out the anchor, and for the first time I suspected the use of the coil of stout rope with a curious piece of iron attached to one end. The balloon was not traveling faster than five miles an hour and was gradually descending when I threw the coil of rope over. Down I went till the anchor raked along the roofs of the houses. Once it caught in the telegraph wires, but broke away and I floated across the commons the iron bumped a cow and turned her around. In my fright, for the car was now being dashed about, I threw over two bags of ballast and the roll of blankets. Up shot the balloon to a height of half a mile and began to fly the silk, and I kept rising until I could no longer distinguish the earth.

A full hour afterwards I caught sight of the town, and I had then meddled with the ropes at all, but there had been an escape of gas, and the balloon was slowly settling down. By and by the car was within a few hundred feet of the water, but I lightened it of the professor's overcoat, such food as was left and the last bag of sand, and again I sailed among the clouds. Not for long, in the course of fifteen minutes the balloon began to drop. I cut away the anchor, and then I saw the fall of a few minutes. I took notice of two steamers, a tug and two or three sailing vessels as I came down, but when I was only about a hundred feet above the water I shut my eyes and got a grasp with both hands and held on for the crash. I expected to strike the water, and as a matter of fact the car did descend within five feet of the surface. A puff of wind then lifted it a few feet and drove it along in a horizontal direction until there came a sudden crash, and I heard half a dozen men shouting. Balloon and basket had driven against the sails and rigging of a schooner under sail, and while I was bumping about some of the sailors came up and made things fast and assisted me to descend. After a bit my feet were again on the ground, and I was cured, and then a funny thing took place. The captain was a hard-headed old chap, with a good deal of quarter deck dignity, and he squared off at me with:

"Young man, what do you call that thing?"

"A balloon, sir."

"And what were you doing up in the air?"

"Making an ascension, sir."

"What for, young man?"

"Why, just to go up in a balloon."

"Young man, you are a fool! Who gave you leave to board my schooner?"

"No one."

"I'd have you know, sir, that I'm captain of this craft, and that I'm not to be boarded in this fashion without reason! You come in to have your jacket tanned for your impudence, and I'm the man to tan it!"

And he might have done it but for the interference of the mate, who suggested that it was a case which I could not help myself. However, I had to be the captain's forgiveness and promise never to be caught in the same scrape again before he would give me a bite to eat. The craft was bound for Port Dalhousie, and thither I was carried, but the man could not quite forgive me. As I stepped ashore he said:

"Boy, when you want to play the fool again, go out and jump into the well or try to fly the devil or do something else, but don't give me a good looking before we get in!"

That was hard to bear, but worse was coming. When got home I had discovered a hole and a doughhead and added he'd like to wear out three or four gads on me, and the local editor of the Journal took me with:

"Well, smarty, you think you've done it, I suppose! I was just getting into the car when you pushed me away, and if I had been in the car I would have been a week I'll walk out myself."

However, I'd been up in a balloon and come down again all right, and as no other "printer's devil" had done the same I found something to console me in the knowledge of the fact.

A Summer Tea-Table.

It was two weeks after Bettina had announced her weariness and disgust with the tea-table that the new one appeared. It was the same table in point of fact, but its furnishings were so different that its most intimate friends would not have recognized it.

It stood in a corner of the broad hall, where it was easy for the tennis players to reach it, and where it was so near the piazza that it seemed almost out of doors. The reason it was not quite out was that Bettina had a prosaic objection to the new table, and she had discovered that they fairly swarmed to it unless wire screens interposed between them and it. The linen cover was removed and one of Mademoiselle's was substituted. It had a more picnic-like air, Bettina thought. The kettle was an unobtrusively black iron one, and a fair swinging over three crossed iron sticks. About this forbidding looking object the daintiest set of pale pink cups, shaped like pond lilies and set in broad green leaves of saucers, were effectively grouped. The cracker jar was a mammoth pink pond lily, and the teapot was a sort of conventionalized pond lily, with a stem twisting around it and forming the handle. Altogether it was most sumptuous looking affair.

Nature's Cure.

Jimpton—So you feel sure that Dr. Slab saved your life?

"Yes, sir, I'm certain of it."

Jimpton—What was his treatment?

"He left for his vacation as soon as I was taken sick."

He Knew.

Fisk—Is there any money in the business you are now engaged in?

Cawker—Oh, yes. I've dropped \$5,000 into it myself.

At a Lunch Counter.

Lady—Can you use a glass of sarsaparilla and one of those fried cakes?

Waiter (calling)—One sarsaparilla and one fried cake.

F. W. HART,

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Karn Pianos and Organs

Organs, \$35 and upwards,

Warranted for seven years. Terms to suit purchasers.

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WAREROOMS, MARKET SQUARE, - - NAPANEE.

Good Things for Everybody!

We are now through with our stock-taking operations, and, as we have plenty of time, will direct our energies to the public good.

From Saturday morning, the 12th inst., until February 1st, we will sell at the following prices for cash:—

30 lb.	Bright Yellow Sugar for	\$1.00
24 lb.	Best Granulated "	\$1.00
6 lb.	Raisins	25c
6 lb.	Currants	25c
6 lb.	Rice	25c
1 lb.	40c Tea	25c

ALL LINES OF

Dress Goods, Silks and Satins, Ladies' Jackets
— and all Fancy Dry Goods, —

At a discount of 10 per cent.

Our Boots and Shoes are marked at a lower price than the same makes can be bought for elsewhere, but during this Sale we will give our customers an additional advantage of 5 per cent discount.

Market prices will be paid for fresh Pork and Beef, Dried Apples, Butter, &c.

We thank you for past favors, and trust you will participate in the bargains which we place at your disposal during the remainder of January.

Yours very truly,

The Rathbun Company,

per A. A. RICHARDSON,

Manager.

THE BABCOCK & WILCOX

WATER TUBE STEAMBOILER

IS NOW BUILT IN CANADA.

OVER ONE MILLION HORSE POWER IN USE.

ECONOMY, DRY STEAM, HIGH PRESSURE, ABSOLUTE SAFETY FROM EXPLOSION.

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Offer special facilities for the rebuilding and repairing of all kinds of Machinery, Engines, and Boilers.

Repairs completed with despatch.

Workmanship unsurpassed.

Terms reasonable.

The Rathbun Co.

STARS.

At evening when I go to bed
I see the stars shine overhead,
They are the little stars of the night
That dot the meadow of the night.

WELL WON.

Nantucket Jack was in a melancholy mood because there seemed to be no chance that he would ever win May Blossom, the captain's daughter. The preferred suitor was the mate, Boles, who had made a record as a whaler and stood high in favor.

So Jack longed for an opportunity to distinguish himself and this is how it came. The crew of the ship, a whale of great value and almost killed it, when they saw a small coming on.

All the boats at once cut away to seek the ship, but Jack, holding on, and refused to lose such a prize. His crew deserted him and left him to cope with the monster alone.

And now a truly desperate combat took place. Alternately working the light craft with skillful hand, and plying his lance with the spray all around him—with the whale's flukes whipping the air about his head, and the white scroll of the jaw occasionally almost grasping the boat, Jack fought desperately with this "old king of the sea."

So close to him all the time that the whale, the boat, the young man, seemed almost blended into one. Aboard the ship of war crew and officers were excited witnesses of this combat.

The shrouds, the booms and all the sails were alive with blue jackets, while even those still, stowing canvas to prepare for the squall, kept an eye upon the combat.

The spectacle of this brave man struggling with so mighty an antagonist.

All at once a ringing cheer rose from the seamen as Jack, planting his lance near the "life spot," caused the levitation to spout blood. The movements of the monster now were more feeble; he swam round, his spout being the coming lower every moment, and finally, with one last, desperate flury, he rolled over stone dead.

An officer—the first lieutenant—now sprang upon the ship's horseback and roared through his trumpet:

"Leave your whale and come aboard here, live, my man," pointing with one hand, as he spoke, to the black rack of the roaring, screaming squall close aboard.

But Jack shook his head, for, having obtained his prize he was resolved not to run the risk of losing it.

"Ay, ay," roared an old fore-castle man, did you ever see the like of that chap's pluck? But Davy Jones will be sure to swallow the lad in his maw, though he's as good as dead of Johnny White."

A moment later again came the squall, booming, shrieking and shrouding Jack and his whale from sight in the whirling rack.

The man-of-war was hurled far from the spot, with the ends of her masts and fore-ribs, almost lifting her in the seething, hissing foam, and for a quarter of an hour, the wind blew so hard that the water was beaten down.

At last, when the squall had passed far to leeward Captain Blossom and his crew watched in vain for the daring young harpooner, who instead of returning to his ship, as Boles and the others had done, had refused to cut and kept on after the whale.

With pale cheeks and streaming eyes May Blossom was among the watchers. A mist lay upon the ocean in the direction where her lover was last seen. The signal, as the Meteor kept on Jack's broken steering oar and the red woolen cap he had worn were discovered and picked up.

"This tells the story," said the captain sadly.

"Poor May gave a despairing cry, but just then a shout was heard coming from the mist, and the girl, with flashing eyes, arched her neck and reared her head like a young colt.

"That was Jack!" she said.

And she was right. As the ship forged on the wind partly blew aside the misty curtain, revealing the gallant fellow standing bareheaded in the stern sheets of his boat. By lashing the latter securely on the leeward side of the whale, he had stuck to the body of the monster, he had prevented the craft from swamping in the signal. He was soon picked up, and the captain, in his joy at securing so valuable a whale after he had thought it was lost, fairly embraced the young harpooner.

"See now," said the skipper, "that I mistake your character; that a quiet man—a man of few words—should have as much energy and pluck as a noisy one, and sometimes more. Boles was for cutting from the whale, but you held on, even in the face of death. You deserve a reward. Here it is."

To the side of the young man he drew his hand. May Blossom, who spoke more than words can express, and placed her hand in that of brave Nantucket Jack.

CATHARTIC RELIEVES IN 10 TO 60 MINUTES. One start upon the breath of Dr. Agnew's Cathartic Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the small passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness, 60 cents. At W. G. Eggar's.



SHOP AND TOOLHOUSE.

Two Plans Suggested That Offer Special Advantages to Farmers.

There is no trying to keep tools if you have no place to put them. When they are scattered around barn, wood-house or driving shed, they soon become rusty from rust. It does not require an expert blacksmith to do much of the blacksmithing or a carpenter to do many of the jobs about the farm; hence many progressive farmers advocate a small shop and toolhouse.

The accompanying diagram, furnished by Ohio Farmer, illustrates in a rough way a substantial but inexpensive structure. The man who owns it says:

"We did all the building ourselves in a slack time of year; hence we did not lay out much money on it. It is built

of concrete wall 11 inches thick and 6 feet high. It has eight sides; therefore it is very near round. The advantages of having it octagonal shape are, there is no waste room in it from square corners; besides, the roof you will have on it is the strongest that you can build, and it requires no gables or stays in any way, as it is braced in itself, and it is impossible for it to spread, as the sheeting makes it impossible; besides, the wall is much stronger and will do much thinner, it being braced or bound all around. The sides are each 10 feet long on the outside, and being 11 inches thick make it about 22 feet from side to opposite side (diameter) inside. The main expense is in the roof, which required six squares of shingles.

Fig. 1 represents the floor of the shop; D, the door; W, windows; I, carpenter's bench; 2, blacksmith's bench; 3, carpenter's vise; 4, blacksmith's vise; 5, the bellows; 6, the fireplace, which is built of solid masonry 3 feet square, with a hollow in the top, 7 is the anvil.

In the second cut is shown a tool and implement shed that has given satisfaction. It is 14 by 18 feet, and is thus described by an Ohio Farmer corresponding to the ground plan: "This is a space for the binder, mowing machine, corn planter, three stubble plows and two square harrows. The space for the binder is 8 by 14, without a floor overhead. The rest of the shed has a floor above, 6 feet from the ground. Floor for small implements, such as one or two persons can lift handily. This shed is 13 feet high in front and 8 feet at the rear. It has double doors, one (F) 8 feet wide to let in the binder; A, plows; B, corn planter; C, mower; D and E, miscellaneous.

Up stairs, over the 10 foot door, there is a small door 4 by 5, and this part (G) is for small plows and other tools. This

Substitute Light Gates For Bars.

The sliding gate depicted in the cut is especially adapted as a substitute for bars. A farmer who has replaced the bars on his farm with gates claims that

he made six gates similar to the one here depicted, with the aid of a hired man, in one afternoon, and that 10 years' trial will not convince him to enhance their value as a time and labor saving device.

This gate, which was originally illustrated in The Farm Journal, is made of dry pine 1 by 5 inches; it is light, and any boy enough to drive pigs can handle it. To open the gate, the pig is backed until the ends of the top and bottom rails come out of the mortises of the left hand post, and then carry it around as far as needed. The two right hand posts should be set far enough apart so that the gate will slide freely between them. As there is no strain on the posts, as in ordinary hinged gates, they may be light.

Best Food For Wintering Bees.

A Michigan apiarist tells in The Country Gentleman that there is no better food for wintering bees than pure cane sugar. Granulated is probably the cheapest, as it is also almost certain to be pure. A certain number of pounds of water may be brought to a boil, then twice the number of pounds of sugar gradually stirred in and the sirup brought to a boil, when it will be ready to use as soon as cool enough. If there is any trouble from the granulation of the sirup in the feeders or there is fear that it may crystallize in the combs, a little (say one-fifth) of honey may be added.

Of course some sort of a feeder is needed, but it matters little what it is so long as it allows the bees to reach the food and extends outside bees. A tin pan set in the upper story and a cloth laid over the pan to keep the bees from drowning as they sip the feed will answer every purpose.

On the Country Road.

Hard shelled varieties of squashes may be stored for winter use in a warm, dry cellar.

A New Jersey farmer recommends as protection for an iron fence painting it with earthy red iron ore and creosote. It is cheap, pleasing in color, preservative, but slow to dry on iron.

Texas is at the head of the cattle-producing states, having about 7,300,000 next comes Iowa with nearly 4,000,000. The next five range from 2,600,000 to 2,000,000. Eight states and one territory range from 1,700,000 to 1,000,000; 14 states and one territory have less than 1,000,000 each, while 15 states and one territory have less than 500,000 each; Rhode Island and Delaware have each less than 100,000.

The Farm Journal tells that many farmers who work beyond an average of 10 hours per day are lessening their capacity for effective labor. The trouble with excessive hours is that the keenness of the mind is dulled, and the muscular energy is exhausted, and the work that where the brain is not fatigued.

Encouragement for Sociologists.

St. John Lubbock, addressing the Sociological congress at Paris recently, said that in London since 1870 the number of children in England had increased 4,000,000, and that in the same time the number of persons in prison had fallen from 12,000 to 5,000. He pointed out the total and sufficient cause for the present for the worst crimes has declined from 3,000 to 800.—New York Tribune.

Wear and Tear on Railways.

Taking the length of the globe at nearly 60,000 geographical miles, with a daily average of ten trains, it is estimated that the total surface of the rails is worn each day by the metallic rails of the earth is about 600 tons. The 600 tons are lost in the form of a white powder, and are carried back into the earth in the shape of soluble iron salts.

RAPID PLOWING.

Authorities Express Themselves on the Subject—Some Helpful Statistics.

A good authority on the subject of plowing says that 30 miles an hour is as fast as any team ought to walk in the plow. In clay ground two miles is fast enough, kept up for 10 hours a day. In loose, heavy soil, when the object is simply to stir up the surface, wide furrows can be taken, the team can move off at a rapid walk, and a large area can be plowed over in a day.

A feet walking two miles per hour for 10 hours will plow as follows, according to width of furrow: Furrow 6 inches wide, 1 acre; 6 inches, 1.3 acres; 7 inches, 1.4 acres; 8 inches, 1.6 acres; 9 inches, 1.8 acres; 10 inches, 2 acres, and so on, increasing two-tenths of an acre for each inch increase in width of furrow. With a furrow 5 inches wide a team must walk 14 miles to plow an acre. With a furrow 13 inches wide a team will walk only 8 miles to plow an acre, and in walking 30 miles would plow very nearly 23 acres.

The speed of the team in plowing varies greatly. The Ohio Farmer says that horses naturally fast walkers will travel 20 miles a day in the plow without exhibiting any signs of fatigue than others that walk naturally only half as fast and accomplish only half as much.

With a 9 inch furrow a team that walks 15 miles an hour will plow an acre in 7 hours and 30 minutes, while if it walks 24 miles an hour it will finish the acre in 4 hours and would plow 24 acres in 10 hours. Most of our modern two horse walking plows are made to cut 10 inch furrows, and they will turn 12 inches by breaking 3 inches, but this adds too much to the draft, especially in stiff soil.

At the walking contest on the state fair grounds at Columbus, O., in 1889, the first prize was given to a team of four horses that over five miles an hour, and her owner said she would keep that outfit all day. This would be impracticable in the plow, but 3 or 4 miles would not be impracticable, and the gain over a single team is apparent from above figures.

The time lost in turning is considerable. The advantage of long plows in this respect is seen from the following figures: With a furrow 24 inches wide, the time lost in turning 10 hours' work is 5 hours 11 minutes; furrow 44 feet long, time lost in turning is 2 hours and 44 minutes; furrow 600 feet, time lost 2 hours and 1 minute; furrow 822 feet, time lost 1 hour and 28 minutes.

Time lost in turning, however, is not all lost time, for the team requires some "let up" from the constant strain that exists in this work.

An English cook-book of the eighteenth century contains the following recipe for something not very different from mince pie: To make 12 mince pies, take a pound and a half of veal, parboiled in water, and a half of a pound of butter, when its cold chop it very small, with two pounds of beef suet and some candied fruit, some sweet herbs, as thyme, sweet marjoram and a handful of spinage. Mix the herbs small before you put them to the other. So chop all together, and mix with butter, and then add a pound or two of grated bread, a pound and a half of currants, washed and dried, some cloves, mace, nutmeg, a little salt, and a little sugar.

The pie, as it has developed in Canada is not so different from the mince pie of England. The fruit or meat is put in a deep dish and the crust spread over it.

When in their turn the Anglo-Saxons were conquered by the Normans, pie did not succumb. Galileized methods of cooking in which pie had been used to advantage, prevailed among the ruling classes, but pie lived on in the homes of the people. It was solidly established there, and gradually it came to be used for a great part of the domestic economy of all classes, from which it has never been dislodged. Mince pie, in various forms, is one of the most characteristic features of old English cookery.

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THE HISTORIC PIE.

AN ANCIENT INSTITUTION POPULARIZED IN ENGLAND.

A Staple Article of Food in This Country

The Various Changes That Have Occurred Since the Present—A Wonderful English Pie.

Pie may, without exaggeration, be called an institution.

The history of the pie has yet to be written in a profound and scholarly way. It is a thing of stupendous antiquity. The word "pie" is derived from a small class in modern English derived from the ancient British or Celtic languages. In medieval times it was used to designate a small class in modern English derived from the ancient British or Celtic languages. In medieval times it was used to designate a small class in modern English derived from the ancient British or Celtic languages.

This fact alone, it will be perceived, is full of the life and customs of the people, has not attempted to give us a sympathetic description of an ancient British or Celtic language.

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HELD BY PIRATES.

THE MISSING WILL OF CAPTAIN PARMENTIER.

An Adventurous Expedition, the Facts of which are Authentic, and which Relates the Lively Creation of a Romantic Brain.

Stranger than any creation of a fiction writer, is the history of the Parmentier will case which has an additional interest to Canadians in as much as the chief actor, Captain John L. Parmentier, was a Canadian by birth, but an American citizen, and lived in Boston. In the early part of the century sea captains had a lucrative occupation, and Parmentier in addition to a fortune made by himself inherited \$300,000 from his brother. He married twice, and by his first wife had one child, a son. In an ante-nuptial agreement the second wife resigned all interest in her husband's estate, and this left the son, Richard, sole heir.



THE OLD PIRATE CAME OUT.

In the Spring of 1820 Captain Parmentier sailed on his ship, the *Cashmere*, with a valuable cargo for Port Royal, Jamaica, and illustrated the sail of superstition about the fatality attending last voyages, for a year passed away and no tidings of the *Cashmere* were received. As there had been no exceptionally bad weather it was conjectured that the ship had been taken by pirates, as the gulf swarmed with desperate free-booters at this time. How common such an occurrence was may be seen by consulting the shipping journals of that date.

THE LOST WILL.

Richard, the son, was a quiet, studious gentleman, about 30 years old, much given to scientific research and averse to business or money making, and it was with distrust that he learned of the intention of his father's relations to begin litigation to get a share of his estate. Captain Parmentier had made a will before sailing on his last voyage, and it was known by the testimony of several witnesses that he had taken the instrument to sea in his cabin, having put it in a secret drawer in his quadrant case. The Captain's two brothers claimed that a promise in writing had been given to them that on the death of their father the estate was to be so settled that the other Parmentiers besides his son should have equitable shares. Richard's lawyers opposed any compromise, and the matter was referred to a committee of the House of Representatives to send out agents to the West Indies to secure if possible some authentic knowledge of the *Cashmere*.

Captain John Sample, of Philadelphia, had been Parmentier's first officer on several voyages and was well known and esteemed by his son, so the latter sent for him to Boston and after long consultation with many of the old shipmasters was furnished with ample means to charter a fast sailing schooner and crew, and these were engaged in the port of Philadelphia. To a landman

IT SEEMED A WILD QUEST.

not feasible enough to an experienced sailor. The *Cashmere*'s course to Jamaica was as straight as from New York to the Cape of Delaware, and no bad weather encountered her loss was due to causes most probable in those times. If taken by pirates her bulk would be lying in some bay or inlet along the Cuban coast, and there was no trouble in getting agents to hunt up some of the old sailors who had been on the coast of these ruffian supplies and took their booty in exchange. So Captain Sample in a 60-ton schooner, the *Dolphin*, with a crew of six men, left on March 3, 1827, in search of a mahogany instrument box with lions' heads to brass on the ends. Everything was done to insure success. The *Dolphin* was very fast and the crew of Delaware Bay seamen of the first class.

DEBVO'S REVELATIONS.

Under a strong north-west breeze the *Dolphin* fairly flew southward, her destination being New Providence. Here the captain resolved to take a well-known and intelligent negro pilot and boat down the old pirate channel, making inquiries among the islands. Peter Benbow, the pilot, knew nearly every reef and shoal along the coast. He advised that there were all more or less afflicted with the lawless sea rovers. A fast-sailing top-sail schooner, the *Shark*, and he was a ruffian that would stop nothing. He was outwitted and the English seamen were looking for him all along the coast.

A DESPERATE BUSINESS.

to venture into the pirate's hold with his men. The Spaniard's old crew might not be dispersed and they would show no mercy to intruders. However, it was the only course left, and the *Dolphin* made her way south among the islands along the east coast of San Domingo. A few fishermen and turtle hunters were met, but they were not communicative, and when *Saona* island was mentioned they shut up quickly, and all efforts to learn anything of the *Cashmere* were futile.

On the 2nd of May the *Dolphin* entered the Mona passage. It was a lovely day and the latest prospect was glorious, the San Domingo Mountains, veiled to the top with luxuriant palms, waving like feathers in the wind. The pilot had indicated the landmark so that there was no difficulty in finding the channel. The lead was used every few minutes and showed thirty fathoms, so there was no danger. For a mile the course lay between dense thickets of mangrove but it began to widen and the anchor was dropped 400 yards from a cluster of low huts on the mainland. Through his glass Captain Sample could see a low parapet from which the muzzle of three guns projected, but not a man could be seen, nor were there any marks of recent habitation.

Directing his men to keep a bright lookout for boats, the captain resolved to go ashore at once, taking with him *Saona*, a fearless and powerful seaman. Fully armed with cutlasses and pistols, they pushed off from the schooner and were soon ashore. Sample noted with satisfaction that the path from the shore was grown over with the lush tropic grass, and as he approached the huts everything was silent. He made his way to the largest. As he turned the corner

and a very tall man, in a red cap, cutlass in hand, came out of the door. He was a giant in build, his hair white, but there was no sign of decay in his massive frame. "What do you want?" in a low growl. "Well, I want to see a man named Macpherson," said the captain, resolutely. "Have ahead; my name's Macpherson, but you're a bold fellow to come here. I am not alone, and I know that Hernandez and his crew are gone. The Yankee gunboats are on the coast, and it won't pay to do me any harm, while I can put you in the way of making a fair sum, without risk and I don't want to injure you or your associates. But I'm going to know what became of the Yankee ship *Cashmere* that Hernandez took last year or there will be trouble. And now I'll tell you just what I am after."

In a few words Sample told Macpherson all that was necessary. He would give \$200 for the quadrant case and then leave, keep his own counsel and make no further inquiry. The old pirate deliberated a moment and said, "Come in."

A long, handsomely carved table filled the low room and a hideous negro brought bottles and glasses. Brandy was poured out, and then Macpherson began: "I am 90 years old and I need money, as you speak fair, so I'll tell you of the Yankee ship. Hernandez took her in the windward passage. The captain and his men fought and were all killed. She was then brought down to the windward side of the island, beached, stripped and burned. There was \$20,000 in specie on board, and this Hernandez tried to keep. A fight commenced right in the room. He and his youngest son were killed and a dozen more. Then the graves in front of the door. The rest seized the shack and the money and left, and the next day ran into an English cruiser and

NOT ONE ESCAPED.

Hernandez left two sons, Henrique and Pedro. They have a plantation in Porto Rico, right across the leeward passage. They came here and took all the land, and most likely have the box yet after. Two men never don't live, and if you shot one, I'll give you the money you've promised me. There is one way to get the box to-morrow morning, you'll have the breeze to-night. The warehouse with the plunder is near the shore. Go in and take what you want. It's your only chance. Now, my information is worth \$100 paid.

The aged pirate was paid at once, and the captain left with the determination to give no chance to send word across to Porto Rico that he was coming. It was now just tipping the waves with a ruddy light as the schooner came up in the wind, two hundred yards from shore. The barometer indicated by Macpherson was not fifty yards from the beach in a grove of palms. The boat dropped in the water and four men well armed got in with the captain. It was run up on the beach and one sailor remained to guard it. The others

CHARGED THE BARRACON'S OF A RUN.

On one side was a heavy iron bound door, but the three men put their shoulders to it and the frame gave way. It was a long shelf. Old canons were heaped up in muskets and cutlasses and in another, a long swinging shelf crossed the room, and on this was a curious mass of rubbish—old flags, chart cases and cracked boxes—all the remains of a ship's equipment. The captain was turning these over when he heard a shout, and here in the broken light he saw a stout Spaniard, his face livid with passion. "Keep back, you infernal pirates, or I'll cut you down," yelled Sample.

A tall, powerful fellow, armed with a knife made for *Saona*. The big Jersey man grabbed up one of the muskets and brought it down on the black's head. H



"HERE IT IS," he cried, made a clutch for the shelf, it fell on the Spaniard's head and both enemies were powerless for harm. The contents of the shelf were scattered over the floor. Suddenly Mason, the other sailor, made a grab. "Here it is, Cap'n," said the name on the lid and the Spaniard's hand. "Sure enough, there was Captain Parmentier's lost instrument box." "Now, boys, let a leave."

It was just in time. Around the corner of the building came a swarm of blacks, some of them armed. Fortunately their aim was bad, and the *Dolphin*'s men reached the schooner and in a moment were spending through the water. When examined the box was locked, and after being broken up the missing will, ship's manifest and several notes of value were found. In ten days Captain Sample was telling his story in Boston. The will was put aside, and Richard Parmentier relieved from all apprehension as to his inheritance.

HOW THE QUEEN TRAVELS.

The Elaborate Preparations That Are Made by the Railroads When Her Majesty Makes a Journey.

The importance of the Queen's life to the nation renders it necessary that every precaution should be taken to avert any possibility of a collision when she is traveling on the railway. The question has been most thoroughly gone into by her trusted private secretary, Sir Henry Ponsonby, with the assistance of the responsible managers of the various lines over which her Majesty travels, and the result is a system, and an elaborate system has been evolved which practically precludes any possibility of an accident, provided the railway and its subordinate on the railway are properly carried out and no gross error is committed.

The system is now stereotyped; but for all that, whenever the Queen signifies her intention of using the railway Sir Henry Ponsonby puts himself in communication with the managers of the lines concerned several days beforehand, and

THE PRIVATE WIRE.

at the palace is kept in active communication with the very moment when her Majesty is notified by wire to the station, and from the moment of her Majesty's arrival there the responsibility for her safety rests with the manager and his assistants.

That the companies are fully conscious of the responsibility placed on them may be seen from the elaborate system of precautions. All traffic is stopped on the line, and the points are locked in front of the royal train for a certain period before it actually starts. The railway is then guarded by telegraphic messages from various stations announcing the approach of the train. The result is that the line is entirely free of all traffic being stopped at certain stations ahead and run into sidings until the royal train has actually passed. Moreover, a pilot engine runs in front of the royal train to clear the way; so that if by any extraordinary accident any traffic should have escaped on to the line, or any obstacle should have been placed there by malicious mischief, the pilot engine will act as a scout, either to stop and turn back the vagrant engine or to bring the royal procession behind to an immediate standstill by telegraph.

AN ADDITIONAL PRECAUTION for the security of the line itself is found in the guard of pointmen and signalmen who are posted within sight of the train of one another, and whose duty it is to notify from hand to hand on the one side of the line is free within their control, and on the other that the royal train is approaching. Supposing, therefore, that some runaway train escaped the embargo laid at its junctions, and the pilot engine was rendered helpless by running off the line, the safety of the Queen would still be secured by the rule that no signalman is allowed to allow the royal train to pass his box unless it has been signalled from the box immediately ahead of him that the line is clear.

Some fifty copies of a complete work-book, containing full particulars with regard to the times of starting, passing, or arriving at stations, the number of carriages, and the list of the passengers, together with a printed diagram of the gradients, are handed and distributed among the royal officials of the route and the railway officials in charge of the train. A special edition of this, of a less comprehensive character, is printed in purple on satin, adorned with the royal arms and an embossed border of gold, for the use of the Queen and the royal family; so that, at any time, members of the party, by comparing a watch with the way-book, can ascertain exactly where they are, and what will be the next station with every detail of importance. There is further a minute plan of the train with measurements, showing the exact number and dimensions of the carriages and the names of their occupants, so that every body can know exactly where every one else ought to be.

Because.

Boiled water tastes flat and insipid because the gases it contained have been driven off by the heat.

A burning gas jet is unhealthy in a chamber because one gaslight gives out as much carbonic acid gas as two sleepers.

Spontaneous combustion occurs in many substances because during fermentation heat is evolved, and the inflammable gases are engendered.

A plumb line by the side of a very large building inclines a little from the perpendicular because the weight is attracted by the mass of the edifice.

Woolen goods feel warm because wool is a poor conductor of heat, and the goods made of wool contain their substance large quantities of air, also a poor conductor.

The horse's eye has a thick glutinous secretion because, his eye being large and much exposed to dust, the viscid secretion cleanses it more effectually than would a more watery agent.

White spots appear on the nails because the vascular tissue underneath is attached to the substance of the nail, but from some accidental cause, such as a blow, occasionally becomes separated.

Chimneys smoke because the carbon of the coal is disintegrated and drawn off by the heat instead of being consumed in the furnace proper, and the smoke, which is smoke, as all the fuel would be consumed.

A cat is enabled to send out or to retract her claws because the bone to which the claws are attached has a very movable joint on the bone above, and a powerful ligament draws the former down and exhibits the claws.

False Hopes.

Flannigan—"Say, Mike, this won't do. Pape says you are shawte on Mrs. Flaherty, and she's married woman."

Mike—"I'm shawte on a warrel. That's ay, so O'Connell goes on borryin' the baby's eye. He's in hopes O'Connell will 'er."

Temptation relies more on suggestion than exposure.

ROUND THE WHOLE WORLD.

WHAT IS GOING ON IN THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE GLOBE.

Old and New World Events of Interest Chronologically Interesting Happenings of Recent Date.

Trained bullfinches are the Queen's favorite cage birds. The French army is five times as large as it was in 1870. The Methodist now own three heathen temples in Peking, China.

Plates for table use are among the articles dug from the soil of Ireland. The Chinese claim to have specimens of writing dated from B. C. 3,200.

It is said the Czar will visit the courts of Berlin and Vienna in the spring. Six persons out of seven attacked with typhus fever in North China die.

Breastplates inlaid with gold were found in an armorer's shop in Herculaneum. Captain Caprioli had never been active in public life when called to office in 1890.

The population of the German empire is increasing at the rate of 500,000 a year. Self-denial in Australia resulted in a contribution of \$750,000 to the Salvation Army.

The Department of Lot, in France, produces a tobacco with nearly 8 per cent. of opium.

At the Bombay Zoological Gardens the skin of a sea serpent 64 feet in length is on exhibition.

Every year the emperor of Italy receives a letter from the emperor of Austria. A philologist of high repute is a citizen for the statement that there are seventy-two languages spoken in Russia.

Several flutes, still perfect and capable of producing musical tones, have been taken from the Egyptian catacombs.

Of 1,134,813 flat spindles in the United Kingdom, 848,612 are in the north of Ireland and are fully equipped.

The latest estimate is that the Irish evicted tenants, if they are lucky, may get £1,000,000, the Paris fund.

Keys of bronze and iron have been found in Greece and Italy dating from at least the seventh century before Christ.

The surplus of the banks in Scotland is unprecedented, and the prospect is of a further accumulation of the money.

The Emperor of Germany is a proficient drummer, and can give lessons to the best army drummers in beating the tattoo.

In old pastures in England the worms are estimated at 22,000 to 25,000 to the acre; and as many as 54,000 in richly cultivated gardens.

Good pencil cedar is becoming so scarce that the great firm of Faber & Co. have begun to cultivate plantations of cedar in Germany.

The first meerschaum pipe was made and smoked by Kaval Kowats, a shoemaker, in 1823 in Pesth, Hungary. It is still in a museum there.

The Marquis of Bute's new palace at Rothesay, where the main hall is constructed entirely of alabaster, has entailed an outlay of £1,000,000.

The ships of the first division of the English naval reserve are supposed to be ready to go to sea within forty-eight hours after receiving orders.

At a trap in Aylth, Scotland, was found to contain a female rat which was calmly sucking eight little rats. They had been born in captivity.

Berlin is one of the most cosmopolitan of European cities. It is the capital of Germany, only 37 per cent. of its inhabitants are Germans by birth.

The Company General of Manila employs 10,000 hands and turns out 10,000,000 cigars, 40,000,000 cigarettes and 2,500 tons of tobacco.

James Hogg, who died in Edinburgh recently, was the only son of the famous Ettrick Shepherd. He was born in 1821 and spent most of his life in India.

While going to his work a few days ago a Lancashire collier fell down the shaft of a disused mine and clung to a cross beam for twelve hours before he was rescued.



Thomas A. Johns.

A Common Affliction

Permanently Cured by Taking

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

A CAL-DRIVER'S STORY.

"I was afflicted for eight years with Salt Rheum. During that time, I tried a great many remedies, but none gave me relief. I finally purchased a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after using it for a few days, I found it to be the only remedy that gave me any relief. I have now been cured, and I can truly say that it is the best medicine I ever used."

Free from Eruptions

"I never before. My business, which is that of a cal-driver, requires me to be clean and healthy, and I have been cured of my eruptions by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills Cleanse the Bowels.

What is

CASTORIA.

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and alls verminousness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Cud, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Croson, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

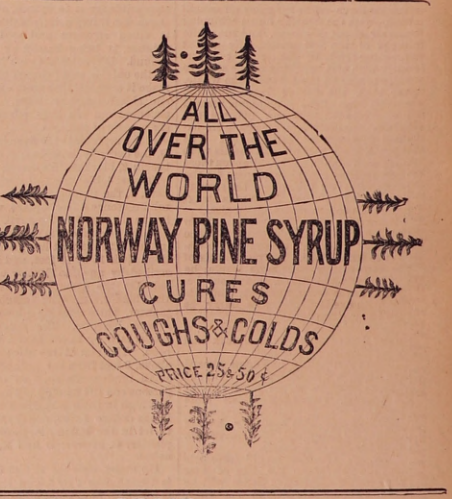
"Castoria is the best remedy for children of whom I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of those poisonous nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup, and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. Kneeland, Conway, Ar.

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

ALL OVER THE WORLD NORWAY PINE SYRUP CURES COUGHS & COLDS PRICE 25c 50c



DON'T DESPAIR

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

WILL CURE YOU

We guarantee Dodd's Kidney Pills to cure any case of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Lumbago, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Female Troubles, Impure Blood, or of any kind of urinary disease. Sold by all druggists, or by mail on receipt of 50c per box, or six boxes \$2.50. DR. L. A. SMITH & CO., Toronto.

What's the time?

If you have a Cough it is time you were taking

GRAY'S RED SYRUP OF SPRUCE GUM

THE OLD STANDARD CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA and ALL LUNG AFFECTIONS.

Gray's Syrup has been a trial for more than 20 years and the verdict is that it is the best remedy for Cough, Croup, and all Lung Affections. Sold by all druggists, or by mail on receipt of 50c per bottle, or six bottles \$2.50. KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS (S) MONTEAL.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had thirty years' experience in the patent business. Communications freely confidential. A full course of instruction concerning Patents and how to obtain them, sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Have you BACK-ACHE

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

WILL CURE YOU

"Backache means the kidneys are in trouble. Dodd's Kidney Pills give prompt relief."

"75 per cent. of disease is first caused by disordered kidneys."

"Might as well try to have a healthy city without sewerage, as good health without Dodd's Kidney Pills are cured."

Sold by all druggists, or by mail on receipt of 50c per box, or six boxes \$2.50. DR. L. A. SMITH & CO., Toronto. Write for book about Kidney Pills.

DIAMOND PILL

CURE

CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, SICK HEADACHE, REGULAR LIVER

PILL AT ALL DRUGGISTS

INSURES GOOD DIGESTION, PRICE 25 CTS. PER BOX. DR. L. A. SMITH & CO., TORONTO.

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January Sale.

We are now preparing for Stock Taking and our stock must be reduced. Our customers will, therefore, be able to derive a great benefit by making every day calls at this store.

Are you in want of any of the following:—

- Mantles, Underwear, Gloves, Hosiery, Flannels, Blankets, Mantle Cloths,
- Boys' Clothing, Fur Caps, Fur Capes, Fur Muff, Fur Collars, Dress Goods,

One dollar will go further here than any other place in town.

R. MILLER,
DESERONTO.

ST. GEORGE ST.,

New Fall and Winter Goods

arriving daily at the

NEW STORE

in Stewart's Block.

New Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

New Boots and Shoes and Rubbers.

New Suits and Overcoats for Men, Youths and Boys.

An inspection of the above lines will well repay intending purchasers.

J. J. KERR.

Main street, Deseronto.

W. STODDART

THE POPULAR TAILOR.

Would respectfully ask the public to call and examine the immense stock of Fall Goods, Overcoats, Suits in great variety. All garments made are of

GUARANTEED TO FIT,

Style and workmanship equal to any city house.

We are carrying too large a stock, and in order to reduce it will from this date make on all garments sold, a reduction of twenty per cent. Buyers make a note of this.

W. STODDART,

THE POPULAR TAILOR

Main street, Deseronto.

P. S.—A few Pea-jackets and over coats at a low price.

Deseronto Tin Shop.

2 Doors East of Post office.

Read this List.

The men are very sensibly investing this season in useful articles for domestic use as presents for their wives and families. Home comforts are in steady demand and here is a sample list which are offered at very low prices:—

- Bolles, dished copper and tin, tea-kettles, dippers, dust pans, milk pails, dish pails, basins, pudding pans, rice cookers, all kinds of oil cans, bread pans, dinner pails, flour sifter, wash bowls, colanders, steamers, tea spoons, jelly pans, pie pans, tea potting bread, cash boxes, lanterns and globes, wire brooms, salverton stove makers, traps, tin and table spoons, lamp burners and chimneys, mullin pans, potato mashers, basket and mince knives, wire vegetable basket, etc., etc.
- Also stove pipes, crimped and square blowers, Joe Pipers, Dangers, Stoves, and a full line of white and grey agate ware.
- All kinds of cutlery and repair work promptly attended to.
- Umbrellas and parasols neatly repaired.

E. T. MILLER,
DESERONTO.

OR-ONTO AGAIN VISITED BY FIRE.

On Tuesday night, 10th, a fire started in the building at the corner of the East Edge of the Globe building. A heavy rain was falling, and the fire spread rapidly. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen of the building. The fire spread to the adjacent building, and the fire department was called. The fire was extinguished after a long struggle. The damage was estimated at \$10,000. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen of the building. The fire spread to the adjacent building, and the fire department was called. The fire was extinguished after a long struggle. The damage was estimated at \$10,000.

DESERONTO'S REPRESENTATIVES IN THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

Mr. John Dalton, Reeve of Deseronto, was born at Wood Hall in the East Riding of Yorkshire, England. Wood Hall is about sixteen miles from the City of York. He learned his trade as a joiner and cabinet maker at the age of 22 left the old country for the United States. After spending two years in that country, chiefly in Chicago and Denver, he came to Canada, settling in Ontario where he remained several years. In 1877 he came to Deseronto, having accepted the position of foreman of the east and door factory of the Baldwin Company. Five years later he was bought out the stock of Mr. C. Good and commenced for himself in the furniture business. He commenced on a limited scale and by prudent and energetic management gradually worked up the business to its present extensive dimensions. His business stand was extended and improved as the years passed by. Last year he found it necessary to enlarge his premises and the result is the present handsome and commodious warehouses on St. George street. Mr. Dalton last year also built a large and well equipped furniture factory in the west end of the town. His business gives employment to quite a number of hands and is a source of pride to the town. Reeve Dalton is a striking example of what pluck and energy can accomplish; from a comparatively humble beginning he has worked his way up to his present position as one of the most prominent business and public men of Deseronto. Mr. Dalton served two years in the Town Council and was a councillor of West W. in the year that Deseronto became a town. He was also for two years a member of the school board. Mr. Dalton is a member of the Presbyterian church, and is at present one of the board of managers. In politics he is a Reformer. He married Miss Robertson, of O'goode, and he has a family of two daughters.

FRIDAY, JAN. 18, 1895

GREEN DOLL.

From Our Own Correspondent.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Carman visited friends in Napanee last week. Miss Jennie Brooks, of Morven, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. E. Carman. Mrs. A. Vandusen is this week visiting friends in Pictou. On Tuesday, Mr. J. E. Carman purchased a couple of dairy cows from Mr. Thompson. James thinks of trying mixed farming in the future. Last week Joseph completed the repairs at the lower farm on Mr. E. Rathbun's farm, Grassy Point, for the prairie chickens brought from Manitoba. On Friday last eight pairs of geese were placed in their new home by Mr. Henry Rathbun, foreman of the said farm. On Sunday morning's early train there arrived in your town a certain government official who tried in vain to secure a prominent hotel. As his raps at the door were not responded to he bethought himself that there was a place in Prince Edward where he could secure shelter. Leaving his baggage in a bye-place he notified a night watchman who agreed to take charge of it, and off he started on donkey's horse in full military style for the promised haven. Trudging along the plains in rear of W. Fowler's place, he enquired at Mr. Fowler's house and was informed by some of the women folk of the proper road which he followed for some distance. He then turned to a road travelled by the stage to Pictou. As the proper road could not be found and the fear of cold a bath was too much for him, he turned back to the place where he left his baggage. He then followed the road which he had been told to follow, and he found it. He then followed the road which he had been told to follow, and he found it. He then followed the road which he had been told to follow, and he found it.

PIANO TUNING.

Maraden Kemp, specialist in piano tuning and tuning has still a number of engagements in this town. He is in Deseronto and Napanee. Mr. Kemp is one of a remarkably few who can play position and tune. He has been for many years in his line, having a perfect knowledge of the piano. He has followed the most skilled men of his profession for twelve years, and he has been in the public eye. He is all he offers eighteen years of the best training a man can get and yet there are few who can play position and tune. He is in Deseronto and Napanee. Mr. Kemp is one of a remarkably few who can play position and tune. He has been for many years in his line, having a perfect knowledge of the piano. He has followed the most skilled men of his profession for twelve years, and he has been in the public eye. He is all he offers eighteen years of the best training a man can get and yet there are few who can play position and tune.

BARGAINS IN OVERCOATS.

In all sizes from the little boy three years old, to the man who wears a 40 in. coat, the Oak Hall are offering bargains in overcoats and suits. All old coats and badly worn suits are being sold at a low price. Still, if you want the lighter weight overcoat, the Oak Hall have lots of them.

QUINTE LODGE, A. O. U. W.

HONORING THE GRAND ORATOR.

Past Grand Master Workman Bro. John Milne, of Essex, who is Grand Orator of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, paid an official visit to Quinte Lodge, No. 20, Deseronto, on the evening of Wednesday, 16th inst. There was a large attendance of the brethren, including visitors from the surrounding lodges. The evening was most pleasing character. A number of new members were initiated the work being done in a most satisfactory manner.

All the business having been transacted the brethren, over fifty in number, adjourned to the evening of Wednesday, 17th inst. The arrangements had been made for dinner. The evening was most pleasing character. A number of new members were initiated the work being done in a most satisfactory manner.

The Independent Order of Foresters will give a grand concert next Wednesday evening, Jan. 23rd. Miss Sara Lord Bailey will be the star of the evening.

THE NEW COUNTY COUNCIL.

The new county council assemblies on Tuesday night and will be made up as follows:—

Deseronto.—John Dalton, and Dr. E. D. Vandervoort.

Sidney.—John Holgate, John S. Dench, J. W. Brooks and Geo. Nicholson.

Thurlow.—Dr. W. S. McFarlane, Dr. W. Faulkner, J. K. McCargue, Geo. M. Caldwell.

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NEWBURN.

From Our Own Correspondent.

The weather has been very stormy during the past week, but now the weather seems to be settling. Sleeting is going on.

On Sunday afternoon last news of the death of Mr. William Grange reached our village. Mr. Grange was in the drug business here for a number of years and proved himself to be a most capable and successful man. He was a member of the local lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen.

On Monday last the meeting of the council of the storm lodge Justice was unable to attend. The Independent Order of Foresters will give a grand concert next Wednesday evening, Jan. 23rd. Miss Sara Lord Bailey will be the star of the evening.

THE NEW COUNTY COUNCIL.

The new county council assemblies on Tuesday night and will be made up as follows:—

Deseronto.—John Dalton, and Dr. E. D. Vandervoort.

Sidney.—John Holgate, John S. Dench, J. W. Brooks and Geo. Nicholson.

Thurlow.—Dr. W. S. McFarlane, Dr. W. Faulkner, J. K. McCargue, Geo. M. Caldwell.

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THE TRIBUNE

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The Tribune.

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Please Refer to our circulars. Water & Cement
this being the best quality.

ROSLIN.

From our own Correspondent.
The business of the late J. G. Latta has come to a close. John Lloyd has administered on what loose property is left. Mr. W. Prentice has bought the farm.

Court Roslin, No. 523, J. O. F., held a concert on November 12th, it was largely attended by every body.

A number of our boys went back to the north for a week's hunting deer. They brought out three large deer one of them weighing about three hundred lbs.

Mr. R. McCannan held the privilege the other day of killing a large bear. It was up a tree. He first shot the bear and brought it to the ground then his dog grabbed it by the throat and saved another shot.

Mr. Williams, of Plainfield circuit, has held a very large revival and Mr. Vermilyea, of Belleville, assisted for a few weeks. They got somewhere in the neighborhood of one hundred and fifty converts.

The sleighing is fine here this winter and the farmers are improving their time.

There is a number of our cheese makers around here who as yet have not got factors. Mr. Jonas Parks has leased one of his farms to Mr. Reed, of Roslin, for the coming season.

Burt Foxin and Miss Woodnut were married on Wednesday last.

Mr. John Chapman has leased his farm on account of bad health and has gone to Tweed and started a feed store.

The Plainfield new cheese factory paid the largest dividend of any factory in the country, but one. They paid twenty-five dollars and seventy three cents per share.

Mr. William Latta and his two sisters went to Melrose for a few days' visit, and on account of the stormy weather they had to stay for nearly a week.

Miss Foster, of Colborne, who has been visiting at Mr. Latta's for a few weeks returned home a few days ago.

A gentleman came out here from Belleville, for a few days fox hunting, he caught four foxes in three days, while other parties tried to get them but they had no success.

Leavy Graham and Wm. Foxin are getting out elm logs and are drawing them into the mill here. They paid twenty-five dollars and seventy three cents per share.

It is suspected that there is a wildcat around through the swamps here, but he can't be seen. But he has been heard, nearly every night. The hunters have been after him but he can't be found.

SHANNONVILLE.

From our own Correspondent.
Miss Cora Reed, of Belleville, is visiting friends in the village.

Miss Frank Graham, of Belleville, was the guest of her cousin Miss Ada Earl, on Sunday last.

Mr. Whitman, of Lonsdale, is the guest of her son, Dr. Whitman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Baldric and Miss Sprague were visiting friends at Stirling last week.

Miss Emma Howland, of Napanee, was the guest of Mrs. Dr. Whitman, for a few days last week.

The following officers were recently installed in the Court of O. F. for the ensuing term:—A. McFarlane, J. P. C. R. C. English, C. R. T. F. Morden, V. C. R. C. L. E. Mills, Chap.; J. W. Liddle, R. S.; W. R. Fenwick, F. H. C. Eard, Treas.; D. Thompson, S. W.; H. Graves, J. W. C. Deans, S. B.; S. Barber, J. B. G. A. Whiteman, Sec.

We are glad to learn that Miss Essie Fullerton, who has been very ill with an attack of quins, is improving.

Willie Stratton, son of Mr. A. Stratton, is quite ill.

Special Services are being conducted in the Methodist Church by the pastor Rev. W. J. Sanders.

Sacramental Service will be held in the Methodist Church on Sunday Feb. 3rd, service beginning at 1:30 p.m.

On Sunday evening last, Mr. J. Sanders, and members of the Shannonville Class welcomed Mr. and Mrs. A. Bartlett to the church.

Mr. Bartlett, who has lately come among us in the capacity of Station Agent, is well and favorably known here.

Mr. C. E. Clark died at his home Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock, of an illness of seven days, from that fatal disease pneumonia. He leaves a widow and one daughter Mrs. H. Taylor, of Belleville, to mourn his loss.

ADOLPHUSTOWN.

From our own Correspondent.
The municipal election on Jan. 7th, passed off quietly although closely contested, the result being the return of J. W. Dorland, T. N. Davis, George Rutten, and Wm. Walmsley as councillors and a tie for the reevehip.

On 9th inst. the returning officer gave the casting vote to J. F. Chalmers thus returning the same council as last year.

The ice is now considered good to drive on from here to Picton.

Mr. Frank Thompson reports having sold his beautiful driving horse to Mr. Fanning, of Belleville.

The Rev. gentlemen, Mr. Woodcock of Camden East and Mr. Patten of Deseronto addressed a missionary meeting in St. Alban's church on Sunday the 13th. The attendance was not large on account of the bad weather but those who were present appreciated the addresses.

Our friend Raymond Allison, youngest son of D. W. Allison, Esq. M. P., is able to be out again after a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

On Monday next Harry Allison and David A. Rubin return to the Agricultural College at Guelph.

The school in section No. 2 has reopened with Miss Johnson as teacher.

Opening anniversary services in the Methodist Central church, Sunday 23rd inst. dinner and entertainment Monday evening following.

BUY GOOD CLOTHING.

When you have a man say, "This is the last ready-made garment I am going to buy" or if he condemns me out of clothing generally, just ask him "if he ever bought any more ready-made clothing." He will always find that those who have been "out" in made-up clothing are not the ones who deal at the O. H. Bell Clothing Store. We handle only the best class of goods.

SYDENHAM.

From our own Correspondent.
Sydenham Jan 21.—The Rathbun Company have again this winter commenced drawing bass wood.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Holand have become the happy possessors of a baby boy.

The ladies aid of St. Paul's Church have rented the building owned by Mr. Beck and next to Mr. Wey's. At that place every Wednesday they will take orders for fancy and necessary articles and will execute them promptly at a low figure.

While Hon. G. W. Ross was in Kingston he gave the teachers of Queen St. School a holiday, they taking advantage of the occasion drove out to this beautiful village of ours.

A load of young people drove from here to the Charity concert at Harrowmuth.

A meeting of the Farmers' Institute is to be held here on Tuesday the 22nd.

Confirmation is to be held here on the 19th of February. It is thought that there will be about forty confirmed.

Mr. John Wood, of the seventh concession, having tied his horse last Saturday at Cataract, left it. The horse however broke away and ran down the road, and came into collision with Mr. Adam Ames's rig, in the struggle that followed Adam Ames was severely injured, the cutter was smashed and the harnesses could not be distinguished.

Mr. Winter has recovered from her attack of La Grippe.

Mr. S. Joyner and Mr. J. Woodliffe are on the sick list.

Mr. Freeman, of Desert Lake, dropped dead on the 9th of this month.

BLESSINGTON.

From our own Correspondent.
Our sleighing is gradually disappearing but we cannot expect the roads to remain always as they have been without some change.

The grand tea-meeting in St. Andrew's last week was much enjoyed by people far and near, and there never has been a programme with more talented speakers, &c., before the public in this vicinity.

Mr. Arthur of Melrose, also Dr. A. D. Walker, of Belleville, being present.

Miss Lizzie Denton, of Gilead and some others spent Sunday last at Mr. J. Robinson's.

Mrs. Wm. Bates and family spent Saturday evening very pleasantly at Mr. Jas. Smith's.

Mr. Willie Rawley and sister visited at Mr. Luffman's of Mathville, on Sabbath.

Mrs. Marvel Ross is spending the week with her mother, Mr. Reid, of Belleville.

Mr. Wm. B. Robinson spent Sunday at Mr. J. R. Haight's.

If a person goes to an entertainment and gets back to the station too late for the train what is the best thing to do? Go to your cousin's next door.

Some friends from Cork who were visiting in this neighborhood returned to the Green Isle last week.

Mr. Frank Sherman and Mrs. Wm. McLaren, of this place left for Detroit last week and will remain with relatives there for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. George Sils spent an evening of last week at Mr. Jas. Ross's.

Mr. Wm. Beatty, of Melrose has been visiting at Mrs. F. Ross's.

CONWAY.

From our own Correspondent.
The annual church meeting was held on Wednesday and there was a good attendance.

The meeting was opened by electing Mr. E. F. Fitch chairman, and Mr. W. H. Wright Secretary.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and adopted when the discussion of business commenced.

All expressed themselves quite freely and showed a great deal of intelligence on the subject discussed. Mr. Jacob Rubin, of Adolphustown, gave his views on dairying which were listened to with much interest.

Mr. E. Phippen dropped 3 1/2 of a cent on making cheese for 1895. The meeting closed by electing Mr. W. T. Ham auditor.

The farmers in this vicinity are taking a greater interest in dairying every year which shows that it must be more profitable than raising so much grain.

Miss Katie Sils left last week to spend the winter with friends in Toronto.

Mr. H. Leachman is the guest of her sister Mrs. C. Sils.

Miss Leamy is the guest of Mrs. S. D. Wright.

Mr. R. Leonard returned to Toronto after spending a week with his sister, Mrs. Wm. McKiever.

Mr. Solomon Wright, stricken with paralysis some weeks ago, are so sorry to say, has not improved much.

Mr. Rose and his mother en route to Watertown drove over the ice from Cressy Monday being the first horse and rig to cross here.

WESTBROOK.

From our own Correspondent.
Westbrook Jan 13th.—On Saturday evening we were pleased to have a call from our former pastor Mr. Campbell now of Montreal.

Miss Brown of Hay returned home on Saturday after spending a week as the guest of Miss Jennie Jones.

Rev. Dr. Aylsworth lectured here on Monday evening, his subject being, "The Payment of religious dues in the home."

Our young people are preparing for a fine winter sport, Annet Ashley has erected a fine double toboggan.

ing the fat for a skating rink. The slide was formally opened on Tuesday; the young people had a merry time.

Mrs. Andrew Howie and Mr. T. Sproule are on the sick list.

Miss Jessie McDonald is spending this week at Acadia Grove.

Miss Lizzie Sheehan is spending a couple of weeks with friends at the Glen.

The ice meeting was a decided success. An orchestra under the leadership of Willie Gales of this place delighted the audience with many excellent selections, the receipts of the evening were over \$25.

Westbrook wishes the Editor all the compliments of the season.

LOOK OUT FOR IT.

If you are troubled with a cold or cough however light the attack, look out for it. Do not allow it to get into the lungs. Break it up the cough by inhaling the tough plughum with Hagar's Patent Balsam.

DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN



LINIMENT

A DREADFUL DISEASE CURED.

Messrs Douglas Bros. & Co.

Gentlemen,—I have much pleasure in offering you testimonial on the cure of Barber's Itch. For over three weeks my face was nothing but a mass of sores, and it was getting worse. It got so bad that I was ashamed to go out on the street. I went to a very prominent doctor of this town, and as you see it would be a few months before I could get rid of it. On a Sunday I saw a notice in the paper of your Liniment. I got so bad that I put it on my face that same day, and inside of three days my face was as smooth as ever. I might as say that I only had a few more sores, and that I consider I have a permanent cure. I cannot recommend your Liniment too highly for the value it has been to me. This I declare to be true and correct.
I remain yours,
A. A. MURDOCH, Painter.
Tamworth, 16th May, 1893.

MELROSE.

From our own Correspondent.

Mr. Jas. English has retired from the teaching profession, and is attending the Belleville Business College.

Miss M. McLaren is spending a couple of months with her sister in Detroit.

Mr. Jas. Dryden is making preparations for repairing his barn and for the building of extensive stone stables.

The annual meeting of the Melrose Branch of the U. C. Bible society will be held in the Presbyterian Church, on Thursday evening Jan. 31st. The Rev. A. Leslie, agent of the society, will address the meeting.

The Trustees of this school have just decided to build a new school house next summer. The building will be erected after the most improved method, and will be furnished with everything necessary for the health and comfort of the pupils.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

Two pairs Hose for 25c, worth 40c.
Two pairs good, heavy wool Socks for 25c.
Five yards good, heavy Flannelette for 25c.
Men's all-wool Gansie Suits for \$1, worth \$1.50.
Men's all-wool Tweed Pants for \$1,
A few overcoats to clear at wholesale price.

A few all-wool Pea-jackets for men and boys. See them.
Blankets, Flannels, Dress Goods, Shirtings, Sheetings,
Tickings, Furs, Hats, Caps, Clothing, everything in the store
reduced in price for cash.

TERMS CASH.

WIMS & Co.

SALE OF JACKET

We are offering for
Sale a large lot of Ladies'
and Children's Cloth
Jackets, many of them
at less than half the
former price.

Don't miss this opportunity
to secure a good
Coat at a very low price.

Geo. Ritchie & Co.
Belleville.

THE RIGHT PLACE

It is a well known fact that the right place to get your Christmas photos is at Fairbairn's popular art studio. For a short time they are giving 14 cabinets and one 8x10 photo for only \$3.00. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Studio in Geddis Block.

What can be appreciated by an elderly person as a gift more than an elegant pair of properly fitted and adjusted Gold Spectacles? Remember that a pair of change lenses or frames if desirable free of charge. A competent Optician has charge of our complete stock. Mail orders promptly attended to.—ASONS McFAR & Co. Belleville.

CLEARING SALE

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY of next week we will offer at greatly reduced prices our very large stock of Hosiery, Blankets, Musk-Ox, Goat and Buffalo Robes and 40 of the finest Cutters in Canada. Also our large stock of Harness, Bells, Circles, Whips, Combs, Brushes, etc. These we have 1 Kensington, 4 Buggies, 1 Demo-cratic, 2 Road Carts, 1 Lumber Wagon that we will clear out at actual cost. We go on a principle of clearing out all unseasonable goods at cost or under, hence our stock is always fresh. This is your opportunity. It's a snap. Remember this sale continues three days only. Bring along your cash and we will save you big money.

H. FOWELL, Belleville.
P.S.—2 buggies and 2 cutters, second and, for sale cheap. Coal Oil away down.

Pressed Hay For Sale

—AT—
BRUTON'S.

Lots of new customers constantly coming for Bruton's Tea is sufficient proof of its superior quality. Be sure and get a pound; it will make you want more.

We just received a new lot of those fine Valencia Oranges, and we are still selling them at 15c. per doz. We have lots of pretty Candy Toys for the children very cheap, and our New Figs are beautiful fruit. See them.

OYSTERS.

Remember we are still handling those fine-flavored Baltimore Oysters, and parties wanting quantities can be supplied on short notice.

Wishing everybody the compliments of the season,
Yours Truly,
W. H. BRUTON.

New moon to-night.
Next Monday is polling day in Kingston and West Algona.
The Legislative Assembly will probably meet on Feb. 20th.

Slates and slate pencils have been banished from the schools of Boston.

During the year 1894 England imported from Canada 28,711 tons of hay.

They are enjoying great floods and snow storms in Great Britain this winter.

The Patrons of Industry have commenced to organize lodges in New Brunswick.

Two ladies selling lottery tickets were in town on Monday looking for subscribers.

The total amount received by the minister of finance for the Lady Thompson fund is \$15,000.

Shighlades of visitors from Napanee drive up to this town nearly every afternoon and evening.

There are now eleven vacancies in the Dominion Senate, but the country is not conscious of the fact.

The young people have been enjoying themselves immensely coasting down hill during the evenings.

Summonses have been issued against three farmers, living in Tyndingsa, for holding raffles on their farms.

Mr. Gladstone announces his intention to take an active part in parliament. He will speak and vote on important questions.

Letters of administration have been granted for the estate of the late Mary Harband, of Deseronto, J. F. Gardiner, administrator.

Forest products are rapidly increasing the traffic on the Bay of Quinte railway. Large quantities of wood are being brought into town.

Messrs. G. A. Butler and W. J. Geddis have been allowed to register as voters in Kingston for the approaching election on Monday.

Mr. Richold, of the B. of Q. Ry. office, is enjoying himself immensely in England this winter. He will be back to Deseronto early in the spring.

M. Francis Felix Faure, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, has been elected President of France to succeed M. Casimir Perier, who resigned last week.

The tea meeting at Mount Pleasant, last Friday, was thoroughly enjoyed by those who participated in the festivities. A really good time was passed by all.

The first eclipse this year is a total eclipse of the moon on March 10th. A partial eclipse of the sun, visible in Eastern Canada, takes place on March 25th.

The billiard tournament at the Deseronto Club is still in progress. Mr. Rogers' side is fifty points ahead. The losing team will donate ten dollars to the Citizens' Band fund.

A certain individual living in the extreme town west end of the town is accused of circulating tales damaging to the character of a young woman living on the same street. She says she will make it interesting for the tale bearer when she gets hold of him.

Four stylish looking young men from Napanee, who drove up from that burg last Sunday to show their store clothes, came to grief on west Thomas street, their rig upsetting and scattering them in ignoble confusion much to the amusement of the passing crowd.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Press Association will be held in the Provincial Legislative building, Toronto, on Thursday and Friday, Jan. 31st and Feb. 1st. All Canadian journalists are invited. Retired journalists will deliver addresses at the banquet which will be held in the Rotunda of the Board of Trade building.

The Liberal-Conservatives of Lennox, at their annual meeting on Thursday, elected their officers: President John C. Carswell, North Fredericksburgh; vice-president, J. Frank Chalmers, Adolphovnton; secretary, W. W. Daley; treasurer, Donald McLeary; advisory committee, W. N. Dollar, Alex. Henry and Allen Oliver.

There has been a small rebellion on the Island of Hawaii, the Royalists having been defeated in a conspiracy to seize the government and restore the Queen to power. A few lives were lost and it is thought that the trouble is at an end. The result will probably be the annexation of the islands to the United States. That country will not permit a return to the monarchical system.

A member of one of the learned professions attempted to pick the pocket of a jovial showman, living not a hundred miles away, whose worsted gloves offered a tempting bait, as they peeped from the overcoat pocket, while the j. s. was writing a letter for the postoffice. The distraction might have been successful, but unfortunately it was not the j. s. but an utter stranger who was in possession of the gloves. Tabless.

The trade returns of the Dominion for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1894, compared with the figures for the previous year show a falling off of \$1,034,403 in exports, of \$5,699,320 in imports, and of \$1,780,888 in duty collected. For the first six months of the current fiscal year, imports show a decrease of \$8,421,687, exports a decrease of \$4,905,253, and duty collected \$1,497,924 as compared with the previous year.

Here's a timely tale, and it will be of interest to the assessors. It is from the Shoe and Leather Reporter. Sullivan bought a goat, for which he paid \$5. Shortly after he received a tax bill on the goat of \$8. He called on Rafferty, the assessor, and said: "Why do you tax me \$8 on my goat when I paid but \$5 for him?" "Well," said Rafferty, "I have carefully read what the statute says, and it reads: 'Whoever owns a building on the street shall be taxed \$2 a running foot.'"

Slighing parties to Napanee and other villages are nightly occurrences.

The funeral of the late Mr. A. M. Smith was one of the largest ever seen in Toronto.

Fishermen along the bay have been making good catches of pickerel through the ice.

Mr. W. A. Rockwell, of Napanee, the well known dealer in pianos, was in town on Wednesday.

Lord Randolph Churchill, the well known English statesman, died yesterday morning.

The members of Deseronto Council, Royal Templars, will pay a fraternal visit to Napanee council this evening.

Mr. J. K. McCargar, of Thorlow, has been elected chairman of the Gravel Roads Committee of the County Council.

In our hotel list will be seen the advt. of The Palmateer, Lake View Hotel, Edinburg.

There is great fishing on Beaver Lake.

There is a great deal of poverty in Montreal this winter. All the charitable agencies in the city are kept busy relieving the prevalent distress.

Reeve Dalton and Deputy-reve Vanderweert are attending the county council this week. An extended report of the proceedings will be given in next week's issue.

Mr. Jas. K. Walsh, an old subscriber of Parkman, Wyoming Ty., renews his subscription for 1895. He finds THE TRIBUNE the best medium for getting the news of his part of Ontario.

Harry Rich and J. H. Cameron, of Toronto, will give one of their popular concerts in Naylor's Opera House on the evening of Thursday, Feb. 7th. Popular prices. No end of fun. Further particulars next week.

An oyster supper will be held at the residence of Mr. John D. Hill, near Mud Creek, on the York Road, on the evening of Thursday, Jan. 31st. An excellent programme will be presented. Admission, only 25c. All invited.

Mr. W. C. B. Rathbun, having sold Bay View Ranch, intends selling household furniture, etc., by auction of which particulars will be given later. In the meantime he is selling a large number of effects by private sale.

The weather during the past week has been variable but on the whole pleasant and seasonable. There were flurries of snow on Friday, Saturday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Rain on Monday. The lowest temperature was on Sunday, 5 degrees below zero.

Mr. Wilbert Woodcock is greatly enjoying his visit at Ypsilanti, Mich. His well known musical abilities have been recognised as is evident by the fact that he has been enrolled as a member of the College orchestra one of the most popular musical organizations in that city.

Mr. C. E. Hubbs, of the Peterboro agency of the Rainbow Company, was in town last week on matters of business. Mr. Hubbs is looking well. It is said that he shed tears as he looked out upon the bay the scene of so many successful fishing expeditions and aquatic adventures.

On Tuesday evening Bro. A. M. Ketchum, of Belleville, district deputy, paid an official visit to Victoria Lodge, No. 9, 'Prentice Boys. He was accompanied by several brethren from the Belleville lodge. The visitors were hospitably entertained by the members of Victoria lodge.

Marden Kemp, specialist in piano treatment and tuning, expects to be here the first of next week and will attend to any orders left at Mr. Eggar's drug store or by card to P. O. Napanee later. People are imposed upon so much by canvassers who are untrained Mr. Kemp only calls upon his patrons or those who notify him. Regular prices. No cheap work.

The following gentlemen are wardens of their respective counties:—Hastings, W. S. Martin, reeve of Stirling; Prince Edward, G. N. Rose, reeve of North Marysburgh; Lennox & Addington, John Carson, reeve of Napanee; Frontenac, W. W. Bringle, reeve of Kennebec; Northumberland & Durham, Thomas W. Underwood, reeve of Clarke; Leeds & Grenville, John A. Webster, of Landow.

Chemical Works.
Extensive repairs having been made to the machinery, and more especially to the condensing apparatus, the Deseronto chemical works started up again on Monday, the different charcoal kilns being fired. The output of these works during the year is very extensive.

Salvation Army.
The meeting announced for last Tuesday will be held in the barracks this (Friday) evening. The brass bands from Pictou and Bedford will take part, and the officers and men of the villages will assist the local officers. Addresses and hymns in French will be a feature. Admission, 5 cents.

Fire at Napanee.
At 4 o'clock on Tuesday morning the residence of Mr. John McKee, Napanee, was discovered to be on fire. The fire brigade were promptly on hand, but it was found impossible to save the building. Only a small portion of the contents were saved. Mrs. McKee and two children barely escaped in their night clothes. Cause of fire unknown. Loss partly covered by insurance. Mr. McKee is a brother to Mr. Wm. McKee, of Deseronto.

Monarch of the Forest.
Mr. Wm. Scanlin, writing from Flower Station, states that a tree of enormous dimensions has been cut near the Rathbun Camp, Michigan, for the Lavan operations. It is the largest tree taken out in that district this season. It measured 4,391 feet board measure, or twenty-one standards and twenty-three feet.

Musicals.
R. W. Bro. John Shaw, D. D. G. M., visits Craig lodge, No. 402, A. F. & A. M., this evening. He will exemplify the first degree.

The members of Abardene lodge, Daughters of Rebekah, are requested to meet at their hall at 7:15 sharp this evening, as both initiation and installation ceremonies will be conducted. A full attendance is desirable.

Bible Society.
The annual meeting of the Deseronto Branch Bible Society will be held in the lecture room of the Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock next Monday evening. All interested in the circulation of the Word of God are cordially invited. Rev. A. Leslie, agent of the U. C. Bible Society, will deliver an address.

House Burned.
On Sunday afternoon the residence of Mrs. Lawrence Maracle, widow, who resides on the slash road, was completely destroyed by fire with all its contents. Mrs. Maracle was away at the time having gone to Milltown to visit her brother. The loss means a great deal to her, but friends are generously extending assistance. The Mohawk council will also give her a grant.

Election in East Ward.
Mr. George J. Carter having discovered that he could not take the declaration required by law, on account of a defect in his property qualification has resigned his position as councillor for East Ward. A meeting of the electors will be held in the town hall on Friday, Feb. 1st, at 10 a. m. for the purpose of receiving nominations to fill the vacancy. All interested will please attend.

Mr. Ritchie's Quick Passage.
In a letter received from Mr. T. Ritchie, written in London he says: "I left New York on Wednesday and was in Manchester the following Wednesday morning, making purchases to have sent out. We had a wonderfully fine passage for this season of the year, the sea being as calm as the Bay of Quinte nearly all the way over, not needing to have the racks on the tables the whole way." Mr. Ritchie is in Paris this week making purchases.—Intelligencer.

Obituary.
Mr. John Thompson, a well known farmer of Richmond, died at his residence near Selby on Tuesday, 15th inst. Deceased, who was a brother of Mrs. Foote, Thomas street, had been a sufferer from rheumatism for nineteen years.

He had a family of eleven children, four by the first and seven by the second wife. He is survived by his second wife and all his children. Deceased who was much respected by all classes was 69 years of age. The funeral took place on Thursday, 17th inst.

Barber Shop.
Mr. A. Edgar Hunt, who has been studying his profession in Kingston during the past two years, and Mr. D. Magnat, a first class tonsorial artist of Kingston, will today open a thoroughly equipped barber shop in Geddis' block, Main street.

Mr. Hunt was a prominent member of the Citizens' Band and is welcomed back to town on that as well as other accounts. The new artists hope by strict attention to business to merit a large share of public patronage.

Tea Meeting.
Messrs. G. M. Huffman and G. H. Smith, of Hay Bay, were in town on Tuesday making arrangements for the tea meeting of the Presbyterian congregation at Sand Hill which will be held on the evening of Tuesday, Jan. 29. The Hay Bay people excel in getting up first class entertainments. There will be a large attendance too. As the distance is only about five miles from Deseronto a large party will no doubt drive over to enjoy the evening's festivities. Admission only 25 cents. The proceeds will be devoted to the erection of a shed.

Cheque for \$1,000.
Mr. E. W. Scott, local agent for the Oldfellows' Relief Association of Canada, has placed in the hands of Mr. Chas. J. Hendrich, in favor of Miss Annie Hendrich, a cheque for \$1,000. Mr. Hendrich was a member of the Association for about six years and during that time it had cost him only about nine dollars per annum. The Relief Association is open to all members of the Order of Independent Oldfellows but is worked independently of local lodges. Its headquarters is in Kingston, Mr. R. Meek being the very efficient secretary.

A Great Event.
Under the auspices of Court Deseronto, No. 93, I. O. F., and in Naylor's opera house, on the evening of Tuesday, Jan. 29th, the famous Canadian Concert Company will appear for the first time before a Deseronto audience. The following talented artists will take part: Miss Annie Louise White, Canada's leading elocutionist and entertainer; George Fox, the Canadian violin virtuoso; and Mr. W. H. Hewlett, Canada's popular and talented pianist. It is evident that a rich literary and musical treat will be enjoyed and a bumper house should greet the company. Admission 25c and 35c; plan of hall at Naylor's.

Casualties.
On Wednesday afternoon, James Foster while at work at the Terra Cotta Works slipped from a beam and fell to the ground a distance of fifteen or twenty feet. He was badly bruised about the body, and both bones of the right fore arm were fractured, while the wrist was dislocated. Dr. Yeomans was summoned and attended to the injuries. Master Aubrey Lowe while coasting down hill fell from his sled and a bob following ran into him striking him on the chest tearing his clothes from his body and causing some internal injuries.

GOAL.
FOR HOUSE OR BLACKSMITH SHOPS AT lowest market rates. Write for prices. THE RATHBUN CO.

PERSONALS.

Mr. & Mrs. A. G. Knight spent Sunday at Roslin.

Mrs. M. McCabe has been visiting friends at Hay Bay.

Mrs. Jacob Marsh is recovering from a few weeks' illness.

Mr. Sidney Sagar, of Tyndingsa, was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. Hugh Thompson returned from the shanties on Tuesday.

Mrs. S. Russell and Miss Davis are visiting friends in Bloomfield.

Mrs. Foote, Thomas street, slipped and severely sprained her ankle.

Mrs. John Henderson, Lime Lake, has been visiting friends in town.

Mr. James McVicker, of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting relations in Deseronto.

Mrs. H. E. Otton and child, of Belleville, is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Young.

Mr. George McGurn, of Marysville, favored us with a call one day last week.

We regret to hear of the continued illness of Mrs. J. T. Greatrix, Mill street.

Mrs. James Gault has been visiting friends in Napanee during the week.

Mrs. H. A. Davis has been visiting friends in Toronto during the past few weeks.

Mrs. Wm. Jamieson and Mrs. George Stewart were in Belleville on Monday.

Mrs. Bristol, of Napanee, was the guest of Mrs. F. S. Rathbun, during the past week.

Mrs. A. McWilliams, Camden East, has been visiting Mrs. Edmund Long, Slash road.

Clerk Irvine and Mr. Geo. E. Snider spent Wednesday taking in the attractions of Napanee.

Hon. Robt. Read and Mrs. Read have returned home to Belleville from their wedding tour.

Messrs. Thos. Scrimshaw and Alexander Gunn were visiting at Mr. E. Brown's, North Fredericksburg, last week.

Messrs. Ernest B. Prickett and James F. Marrigan are in Ottawa this week attending the great carnival; they report a most pleasant time.

Mrs. Smith, of Renfrew, who has been visiting here, Mr. J. G. Smith, Edmund street, returned home last week.

Mr. Wm. Stoddart, president of the East Hastings Reform Association, attended the great meeting in Montreal on Tuesday night and was accorded a place on the platform.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. R. Taylor has been suffering from a severe cold, but was able to conduct the services last Sunday.

Special services will be held in the church to commence at a date in the near future.

Services next Sunday at the usual hours; all are cordially invited.

CARD.

To the Electors of East Ward,

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the late municipal nominations, I had the honor of being nominated and you elected me to serve you as Councillor for the East Ward. On the evening of the election I was told by one of the defeated candidates, in presence of the deputy returning officer, that I would not sit in the Town Council. Being assessed for thirteen hundred dollars and the qualification being only twelve hundred I considered I was eligible for the position. After the election I consulted a solicitor who informed me that I was not qualified, thus leaving the seat vacant. I make this explanation in order to put myself right with my many friends and supporters. My fellow voters, are well aware of the hue and cry that was raised against me during the canvass, how it was said that I was not qualified, and that I did not live in your ward. Still you said by your ballots on polling day that you preferred George J. Carter although he does not possess the requisite property qualification and is not a resident of the East ward. Thanking you, my fellow citizens, for the confidence placed in me and the liberal support accorded to me, and trusting that the year upon which we have entered may be prosperous financially and otherwise to you and yours, I beg to resign my seat as a Councillor for East Ward, and remain

Your obedient servant,
G. J. CARTER.

Deseronto, Jan. 24, '95.

The City Grocery

Main St., Deseronto.

Honest Goods,
Honest Values,
Honest Treatment.

HOPKINS.

The Workman's and Farmer's Friend.

NO EQUAL TO IT.

As a cure for Piles, Brains, Chills, Blisters and Scabs, Chafes, Chapped Hands, Itching Breasts, Sprains, Wounds, Bruises, Hayward's Yellow Oil is the most reliable remedy on the market.

DESERONTO MARKET.

Deseronto, Jan. 24, 1895

Beets, 10 cents per peck.
 Beans \$1.00 per bushel.
 Beef, forequarter, 4 to 5 cts. per pound.
 Beef, hindquarter, 5
 Butcher, 38 to 40 cents per bushel.
 Butter, 20 cents per pound.
 Buckwheat, 40 cents per bushel.
 Cabbage, 5 cents per bunch.
 Carrots, 45 cts. per bag.
 Cheese, 10 to 12 cents per pound.
 Chickens, 45 to 50 cents per pair.
 Cabbages, 40 cents per dozen.
 Ducks, 65 to 70 cents per pair.
 Eggs, 16 to 17 cents per dozen.
 Geese, 50 to 60 cents each.
 Ham, smoked, 10 to 11 cents per pound.
 Hay \$8 dollars per ton.
 Honey, 10 cents per pound.
 Hides, 35 cents.
 Mutton, 30 cents.
 Sheepskins, 50 to 60 cents.
 Lard, 10 to 12 cents per pound.
 Oatmeal, 60 to 75 cents per bag.
 Oats, 30 cents per bushel.
 Potatoes, 50 to 55 cts. per bag.
 Peas, 50 to 55 cents per bushel.
 Pork, mutton, 5 to 6 cts. per pound.
 Pork, cut, 5 to 6 cts. per pound.
 Pork by quarter from 7 to 5 cts.
 Pigs, 45 cents per bushel.
 Straw, \$2 per load.
 Sausages, 10 cents.
 Tallow, in rough 25 cents per pound.
 Tallow, rendered, 5 to 6 cents per pound.
 Turkey, 40 cents to 75c. each.
 Turnips, 45 cents per bushel.
 Veal, 8 to 10 cents.
 Wheat, 55 to 60 cts. per bushel.

BIRTHS.

ADAMS—At Deseronto, on the 21st inst., the wife of Mr. Joseph Adams, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

GARDNER—TOMMAN—At Burlington, Vt., on January the 23rd, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. H. L. Wheeler, George W. Gardner, of Montreal, to Dorothy, only daughter of the late James H. Tomman, of Plattsburg, N. Y.

CLARK—LOUIE—At the Mohawk Parsonage, Tyndinaga, by the Rev. G. A. Anderson, M. A., on Thursday, Jan. 24th, 1895, Isaac Clark, eldest son of Chief Francis Clark, to Henrietta, eldest daughter of Johnson Louis, all of the Reserve.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the Electors of the Town of Deseronto will be held in the Town Hall, Deseronto, on Friday, the First day of February, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving nominations for the office of Councillor for East Ward, Deseronto, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Mr. George J. Carter.

Dated at Deseronto, this 24th day of January, 1895.

ROBERT N. IRVINE,
Town Clerk.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE UNDESIGNED OFFERS FOR sale his desirable farm situated on lot 35, south range of the 3rd concession of Tyndinaga, about half a mile from the village of Lonsdale. It consists of 100 acres of which 65 are wooded. There is a good orchard and an excellent supply of water. There is a good house, barns and other buildings, all in good order. One half mile from school and convenient to churches and grist mill. Terms of sale easy. Apply to

JOHN McCARRON,
Lonsdale P. O.

Jan. 15th, 1895.

Your Clock Stopped did it with the Cold?

TAKE IT TO

F. C. DAVEY,

The St. George St. Jeweller.

REMEMBER

Repairing of all kinds a specialty.

FARM FOR SALE

THE SOUTH WEST HALF OF LOT 35, in the 1st concession of the Township of Tyndinaga, in the County of Prince Edward, about seven miles from Pictou. 100 acres, 80 cleared, the balance small timber. On the premises are a 13 storey frame house, 18x24, newly new, and a frame barn 24x44. The soil of the farm is good and there are no trees.

For terms of sale, which are very easy, apply at the law office of the undersigned at Deseronto.

HENRY R. BEDFORD.

Leasing of Indian Lands

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the present tenants of lands on the Tyndinaga Indian Reserve who may desire a renewal of their leases, and to any desirable farmers who may wish to become tenants of Indian lands on the said Reserve, that the undersigned is at the Deseronto House, in the Town of Deseronto, prepared in conjunction with the Agent and the Chiefs of the Mohawk Band, to receive and consider applications with the view to the regranting of leases of Indian lands. After leasing the lands belonging to Indians whose occupations interfere with their cultivating land, and of such, infirm or aged Indians, and widows and orphans, or neglected children. Those tenants who have made application for a renewal of their leases are requested to come without further delay and execute new leases, or the lands they occupy will be leased to the first desirable tenants who may apply.

A. DINGMAN,
Inspector of Indian Agencies and Reserves
Deseronto, Dec. 20, 1894.

P. SLAVEN & CO.,

Will commence this week a

Great Clearance Sale of all Winter Goods!

We will sell any of our Ladies' Mantles at cost price.

10 Little Girls' Mantles at cost price.

Any of our Boys' Overcoats at cost price,

Any of our Men's Fine Overcoats at cost price.

We give great bargains in Men's and Boys' Top Shirts, Cardigan Jackets, and Underclothing.

These are just the goods needed for cold weather.

Great bargains in warm Dress Goods, from 6 cents a yard up.

A few Ladies' and Men's Fur Caps will be sold at bargain prices.

P. SLAVEN & CO.'Y.

OYSTERS

We are receiving them direct from Baltimore. The stock is very fine and we are selling quantities of them for oyster suppers, surprise parties, etc., as well as to dealers also.

We can furnish them at prices as low as is consistent with selling first class stock at a fair margin.

Write us for quotations which will be cheerfully furnished.

H. C. DICKENS & SON,
Belleville.

N. B. — Remember we still continue to make ice cream and sell it too.

BANK OF MONTREAL

DESERONTO.

Capital - \$12,000,000

Rest - 6,000,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Interest allowed at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent. per annum from date of deposit.

Office hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

F. J. ROGERS, Manager.

WONDERFUL!!

Prof. O. H. de Lamont's French System of Dress Cutting is working wonders. Everyone is learning it. It combines SIMPLICITY and PERFECTION. Send in your name at once and receive the New Instruction Book containing numberless styles of seamless garments and garments with seams.

High class Dress and Mantle Making in charge of Miss SIRR, of Toronto. All the latest styles. Perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

—Bargains in—

FANCY GOODS.

Special value in CHINA and TEA SETS. Fine Presents almost given away. Full Stock of Fancy Goods at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Full Hats blocked over in any Style. Orders taken for the Artistic Hair Dress.

MISS BYRNES,
Main St., Napanee, Opp. Campbell House.

MUSIC AS A MEDICINE.

Influence in Alleviating Pain and Producing Sleep—A Clergyman's Experience.

Not till the last two or three years has an attempt been made to bring music within the range of practical therapeutics, and to test its effects by systematic clinical investigation, says Chamber's Journal. This fact has been taken in hand by the Guild of St. Cecilia, under the energetic and discriminating direction of Canon Hartford of Westminster. Already the society has made a considerable number of trials and Canon Hartford has recorded their results in the medical journals. As a type of these results we may quote Canon Hartford's account of a visit to the London Temperance hospital and the St. Pancras infirmary. "The choir of the guild—comprising three vocalists, soprano, contralto and baritone, and three instrumentalists, first and second violins and harp—visited the hospital above mentioned. Several of the patients appeared to be suffering much, notably one whose leg had been crushed by the railway, another afflicted with dropsy, and who were shedding tears with great nervous depression. The music lasted half an hour, and when it was over anxiety was made of the patients. One and all said it had soothed them, the patient who had been kept off while the music was being played, and returned when it ceased.

At the St. Pancras infirmary there was a patient suffering from melancholia, to whom they played a lullaby. After the performance she told nurse that she liked it very much. On this the superintendent came to me and said: 'This is the first time she has spoken in a fortnight.' Shortly afterward a male patient suffering from delirium tremens was brought into the ward. On hearing the first notes of the music he became quite calm and attentive though his attendance had been half afraid to bring him on account of outbreaks of violence.' The following day Canon Hartford returned to the hospital and found the three worst cases very much brighter, and they spoke with gratitude and very warmly of the benefit derived from soft music.

Canon Hartford draws a distinction between the class of music which should be given to alleviate pain and to produce sleep. In the latter case the music should be, of course, very soft and monotonous. There should be a constant repetition of similar phrases and the music should be so soft that it should be almost imperceptible. In all cases soft music is better as a medicine than lively and exhilarating music has not yet been clearly determined. Finally it varies with each particular case, but at any rate, with soft music one does not run the risk of inducing excitement, the patient, which might possibly be done by music of a lively character. The softness must be extreme. Canon Hartford remarks on the difficulty of getting singers who can sing very piano, and proposes to have them trained with this particular object in view.

The best cough cure is Hagyard's Coughs and Colds.

Criticism.

Professional art critics are by no means the only people whose opinions of pictures are worth hearing, as many an artist has found out. Michael Herlihy had his little shop insured in a popular company and the agent presented him with a highly colored lithograph representing the burning of a block of buildings.

Mr. Herlihy surveyed the picture for some moments, muttered to himself the while. At last he turned a dissatisfied face upon the agent.

"It's mighty pretty," he said, "but it's itself doesn't call it complete, sort, nor by any means."

"Indeed," said the agent. "What is wanting, Mr. Herlihy?"

"There's the buildings, all right," said Michael, "but there's the fore and the ladders, and the horses, and the smoke an' cinders. There's the people runnin' an' the foremen climbin' oop and doon. But," said Mr. Herlihy, turning his back on the painted conflagration and confronting the insurance agent with an expression of strong discontent, "who ever in the world would saw a biller ay that kind goin' on, an' not a bit av dog anywhere to be mane on the astride, sorry? Who's the man 't painted that picther. Old like 'e would," concluded Mr. Herlihy winking scornful. "He's got a few things to 'arn before he'll be an artist. Ol'm thinkin' it!"—Youth's Companion.

Christmas in Paris.

In many of the churches quaint and artless carols, with no less artless accompaniments coming from another age less tickle to our own, are brought into the service of the midnight mass. After the close of the revels is still held, even by those who no longer go to mass. This revelry—the good old custom of the after midnight supper following the midnight mass at Christmas eve—dies out with difficulty from any Frenchman's imagination. Its material signs are blood sausage, truffled turkey and pate de foie gras. Its moral sign is a temporary thawing of the ice of religious neglect, even when the fete is held by wild young men in restaurants. In the early Christmas morning when the dawn is not yet creeping up you will be told, and you will see again by the rattle of carriage wheels and the snatches of Christmas song at the hour when Paris is usually the quietest. No better view of the singer is the song of Christmas day is there.

How He Got Blind.

Tramp—Please tell the blind.

Passey—How did you come blind?

Tramp—Looking for work, sir.

TRY.

In the water for purple and blue call colors and all the rest of the kind.

Purifying jars from grease, by soaking in strong soda water.

For washing ceilings blackened by a kerosene lamp, soda water.

In the rinsing water for pink or green cloths, vinegar added with a flannel and warm water, wiping dry, and rubbing a little skim milk over.—Good Housekeeping.

THE WARDEN'S ADDRESS.

At the opening of the county council on Tuesday J. F. Thompson moved and J. S. Martin seconded that W. S. Martin, Reeve of Stirling, be warden for 1895. Solit, Lancaster moved and D. Carswell seconded warden. Mr. Daulton was sorry that any nominee other than that of the Conservative caucus should have been made by the party. Mr. Harcourt stated that he heard he was going to be censured for supporting Mr. Haggerty for the legislature, so he did not get the opinion of the council. Mr. N. Vermilyea explained how, that at his motion several years ago, it was arranged that a Conservative and Reformer should alternately occupy the chair. A vote was afterwards taken and Mr. Martin was elected, only five votes against him.

Warden Martin spoke as follows: It affords me great pleasure to be elected to this honorable position. I feel today that I have a very arduous task to follow in the footsteps of those who have preceded me. I know the support that has been accorded to them will be given to me. He complimented the county clerk. He thought the county had reason to be proud of the officials they had appointed in the past. No one but will admit that we have good officials as any in Ontario. The expense of the county only amounts to 23c for every man, woman and child in the county. We should economize at every possible point. I find that in the past we have drawn largely from the sinking fund, and I think we should prepare to meet them by not drawing from the sinking fund. As representatives of the people we should not come here to see how much we can get for our own townships, but we should endeavor to economize in the interests of the county. I think one way to economize would be to do less work on gravel roads. I would recommend that we get a stone crusher and broken stone for gravel. I don't think it is necessary for a man to go with the superintendent of roads. The question of building O'Brien's bridge will come before you again. I think it advisable to appoint a small committee to make arrangements with the high school board, as the present arrangement is nearly correct. The property tax is being levied to cover the expenses of improving bridges to the amount of \$12,000 would be considered. He again thanked the council for the honor bestowed upon him and sat down amid applause.

WARDEN'S SUPPER.

Mr. W. S. Martin, reeve of Stirling, the newly elected Warden of the county gave a supper in the Windsor Hotel, Belleville, on the evening of the 22nd inst., and it was largely attended by members of the county council. Deseronto was represented by Mr. John Dalton and Dr. Vandervoort. Among the guests were Mr. Gilbert Foster, Mr. P. Harcourt and Mr. J. A. Farley, ex-warden of the county. The press was represented by Mr. D. McClell, of the Deseronto Tribune, W. S. McDaniel, of the Ontario Farmer, and the Belleville Intelligencer and J. P. McConnell of the Sun. After a sumptuous supper had been partaken of and cigars had been passed around, the toast of "The Queen" was proposed and patriotically responded to. The next toast was that of "The new Warden," to which Mr. Martin responded in a suitable manner, thanking his guests for the honor they had done him in being present. Mr. Vermilyea, of Thurlow in responding to the toast of "The Government" made a pleasant remark in honor the warden had conferred on the council by inviting them there that evening, and said he would not go into the matter of building roads, but he would go into the "Host and Hostess" and said that council men had always been well treated there. Ex-warden Farley of Sidney said there were many present who could give the honor they had done him in being present. He was not in favor of supporting high schools as they had done, and he regretted that they have to pay so much for them. Mr. Dalton, of the Intelligencer, said he would be imposing on good nature for him to take up the time of the gentlemen present by an extended remarks as there were many present who could give them some interesting information. He had been a member of council for ten years and this was the first warden's supper he had attended. He voted against Mr. Martin for the wardenship but yet was pleased to see him in the warden's chair, being a Reformer he was used to being the better of his defeats. Mr. Pierce expressed pleasure in being associated with the county council, and Mr. Dalton, of Deseronto, said that he was not much of a public speaker but that it afforded him much pleasure in being the guest of the new warden and that the proceedings of the new council, and especially the proceeding of the new warden, in inviting the members to spend such a pleasant social evening suited him all right. Dr. Vandervoort made some pleasant remarks in connection with such entertainments. Mr. Brooks of Sidney referred to the friendly feeling that meetings were the means of creating. Mr. McAlpine was called upon to speak and responded. Mr. Dalton made some appropriate remarks. Mr. Nugent also spoke for a few minutes. Mr. McConnell said he would not attempt to address the council, but he would say a few words to explain his platform, and he knew they did not want that he had much pleasure in being present. Mr. Dalton, in reply to the toast of "The schools," gave some interesting data regarding public and high schools and said that a great deal of the work that was left for high schools to do should be done in the public schools. The next speaker was Mr. Nugent. Mr. McConnell called upon Mr. Martin, who made some suitable remarks as to the influence of the press and especially the influence of the Tribune throughout the section of Ontario. The representatives of the Belleville papers then spoke for a few minutes. After some pleasant conversation the evening was brought to a close and all the guests present expressed good wishes for the warden.

THE NEW WARDEN.

Mr. W. S. Martin, the newly-elected Warden of Hastings County, is a native of Prince Edward County, being born in Pictou. He came to Hastings County at an early age, and for thirty years has lived in Stirling and received his education in Stirling and at the village of Belleville. He was elected to the county council in 1881. He has been a member of the county council for six years being returned five times by acclamation. Mr.

Martin is fifty-six years of age. He conducted a boot and shoe business in Stirling. In politics he is a staunch Conservative and in religion a Methodist. He has always been a painstaking councillor and has to his credit many acts of credit to himself and the county.

ULSTERS VERY CHEAP.

If you go around these cold days freezing, just for the sake of a few little money, it would cost you for a good warm ulster, why you are making a serious mistake. You take cold, go to doctor, and pay more than through with it you have paid more than you would for a good ulster, so sold by the Oak Hill, Belleville, and get nothing to show for it.

DISTRICT ITEMS.

Mrs. W. H. Sweet, of Bancroft, died last week.

Walter Alford has the contract for building the new St. Andrew's Presbyterian church at Belleville.

The farmers' institute of West Hastings has arranged for meetings at Belleville on Feb. 25, and at Frankford on the 26th.

Baumore & Benson, of Belleville, have dissolved partnership.

Mrs. John Russell, Plattsburg, street Belleville, aged 25, died of brain fever on Sunday.

A Court of Canadian Foresters will be instituted in Carleton Place.

L. Wartelsky, Carleton Place, has resigned.

John Whyte, charged with having set fire to Booth's lumber yards near Ottawa, was acquitted at the assizes.

The Renfrew creamery has commenced operations.

There is a scarcity of feed for horses and cattle in the vicinity of Maynooth.

Wm. Dudge, of Sharbot Lake, died on the 16th.

Chas. Grey and family, Lansdowne, had a narrow escape from being choked to death by coal gas from a stove.

At Lansdowne a young old son of Joseph Miller fell into the canal leading to the mill race and was drowned.

Laura Dean, an accomplished and popular young lady of Lansdowne, died last week.

Thomas Blake, formerly of Loughboro, died in Kingston on the 21st, aged 65.

The firm of Ryan & Avery, Watertown, have been awarded the contract for the construction of the sewer system in Charlottetown, N.Y.

Mrs. Knight, wife of Dr. James Knight formerly of Bloomfield, died at the residence of her son-in-law, S. G. Asseline, Peterboro, aged 60.

BOYS' SKATING COATS.

The correct thing for boys to wear skating is the jacket or short overcoat. Some parents think that these skating coats are expensive, but they are not. The boy does not really need any other overcoat. In fact, most boys prefer these short coats to any other. The Oak Hill, Belleville, has a full assortment of these garments, and you will find them cheap and durable.

Live Stock Notes.

At the New York show the hackney stallion Matchless, of Lonsdale, appeared in the ring with 17 of his colts. Another hackney sire, almost as famous as Matchless, was Cade.

Do not buy covers for the rubber tires of your passenger sulky. One who has tried it says that canvas or leather covers on rubber tires will destroy them quicker than anything he knows of. The covers rub and rot the tires.

Large, slow growing breeds of fowls must be kept early in order to get them started, so they can stand the cold weather and make good winter layers.

It is better to raise no horses at all than poor, mean ones. The market is getting very hilly in these days of electric street cars, rich carriage people and high stepping horses. The well bred and robbing out the poor scrubs the whole horse family will be bred up. It is almost a pity that the human race cannot be bred up in the same way.

The high bred hackney bred to a Cleveland bay or Yorkshire coaching mare will produce a most attractive and desirable carriage animal.

Some time ago a lot of Canadian carriage horses sold in New York city for the fine average price of \$500 each. They were thoroughly well broken and a cross between hackney stallion and thoroughbred mare.

Early pullets make the best winter layers.

Where corn fodder is thrown about the barnyard promiscuously the animals waste as much as they eat. Have a fodder rack.

Nothing adds more to the appearance of a fine, spirited horse than a full, flowing tail. Colonel Lawrence Kip's prize high stepping horse, Mona, and May received much admiration at the New York horse show because of their undocked tails.

Paul Forster, who resides near Butte Montana, is 104 years old, but as well preserved as the ordinary man of 70. He was born at Green Bay in 1790.

Shop a d Dwelling

To Rent.

SHOP WITH DWELLING ATTACHED, to rent in a central position in the Village of Deseronto. Apply to

M. S. CHIL, Townshill, or to HENRY DOUGLAS, Napanee.

FOR SALE.

BERKSHIRE AND POLAND CHINA Bred Pigs for sale and for service at the Tyndinaga Stock Farm, near Pictou.

J. C. HANLEY.

HOUSE TO LET.

TO LET, THE HOUSE ON THE

N. E. corner of Dundas and Mill Street, apply to

THE H. H. HARRISON COMPANY.

Deseronto, 13, N. 1894.

PROPHET OF SAINTON

By W. B. TYNDALL.

Sainton is a Welsh mining village which coils across the brow of a hill and looks down into a deep valley. The hill forms one of a cluster which holds between its gabled feet an oblong of level land, broken up by water courses and mine workings and covered by numerous buildings of blackened stone. To stand a little way out of the High street and gaze downward amid the shadows of an autumnal evening is to get a glimpse of the inferno. In all directions below are darting out of the misty air broad red tongues of fire which tell of parent chimneys buried in thick shrouds of smoke of their own making.

One such evening in late autumn a woman passed out of the turmoil of the valley and began to climb an abrupt footpath which led up the hill toward Sainton. The white dress of the wayfarer contrasting with the black hillsides showed her creeping up the hill like a shadow, and it was possible to see in the brighter darts of furnace fire which now and again illumined the night that she carried a bundle in her arms which must have doubled the burden of the ascent. Yet she bore her burden with patience and care, sometimes pausing to see that it was safe rather than for any rest so short as that of a single step. At last she reached a place upon the hill where the path grew level for a short space across the plateau of an abandoned working.

"Heaven help me!" she cried, her voice shrill and tremulous with anger, "and marm him if—No! not yet! There is yet a chance. I have still a hope. Aye! then a blessing, not a curse."

With a sudden revulsion of feeling the solitary wayfarer bent her head down over the child and broke into a fit of weeping. The tears seemed to be for the complement of her spasmodic anger, for with their flow her louder cries at once ceased.

A closer acquaintance with Sainton is disappointing. To climb up to it on such a night as this is to find an ill-lighted street of rough cobblestones between two straggling rows of squalid houses. In the last of these houses, which stood somewhat withdrawn from its fellows upon the north side of the village, there dwelt a man who was at that time well known not only in Sainton, but through the country around from the north to the south of the principality. Unlike others who are held in reputation in their own country this man was a prophet. That is to say, he was one of those hard and seers in whom the Welsh peasant, imbued with all Celtic superstitions, believes. He was a man of a strong sense of racial purity, loves to see the representative of a shadowy and by tradition magnificent past. But this man was more than a minstrel and soothsayer. He was a counselor and medicine man, and his practice extended much farther than the immediate district around Sainton. People came from far up the Rhondda valley and the villages around Neath to explain their ailments to him and to ask his advice.

Tonight a bright flood of light streamed from the bay window of Eglino's house, comfortably contrasting with the dim illumination of the rest of Sainton. As at the table in his little parlor scanning and correcting the setting of a Welsh song which he had been arranging for the harp. The instrument itself stood upon a pedestal of honor at the side of the room. Upon the surface of its gilded column was marked in black lettering a record of the contests which it had won for Eglino.

The task on which the bard was employed had almost reached its completion, and he was about to try the result upon the harp, when the door was thrown roughly open, and a woman rushed into the room.

Eglino instinctively rose and put out his hand toward a loaded stick which hung upon the wall. The intruder arrested his gesture half way. The bright lights shone upon a face of unusual beauty. It was very pale now and dripping with sweat, while the long, black hair, damp from the fog, hung close about it, and the mouth was convulsed with labored efforts for breath. Yet for all that this face was remarkable in its loveliness. It was the face of a daughter of Cassandra as Romney painted her, with her dark locks streaming and her wild eyes full open in the ecstasy of useless prophecy. Coming thus out of the darkness of the night, this prophet, but Eglino looked startled at her appearance.

He took the child from her, and drawing toward him a chair with a hollow, bent seat to serve as a rude cradle, he placed the child in it and began to undo the coverings with which it was closely swathed. The woman bent down by his shoulder watching what he did until he told her harshly to stand away from him. Then she drew off a few feet and remained with her hands clasped together, a picture of distressed suspense.

As soon as he had uncovered the face of the child the doctor was startled to

see that one side of it was incriminated with blood, which was still oozing from a wound near the temple. He took out his handkerchief and pressed the thickened blood to the best he could. Then he bent close to the wound and examined it with an anxious scrutiny.

"Who has done this?" he asked, turning to the woman. "It was a blow," the woman answered. "Somebody pushed me, and I fell."

"That is a lie, Elsie. Again I ask you, who did this?"

"It was the drink," she answered simply.

"Elsie, Elsie," the doctor said, "will you have done this with these wild ways—this wild and reckless life?"

The woman stood for a few moments with her chin upon her breast and her hands clasped in front of her, making no answer. Then she suddenly raised her head and looked, with a quick, piercing gaze, straight into the doctor's face.

"Is it for you to complain?" she said. "I have done this with these wild ways—this wild and reckless life?"

The woman stood for a few moments with her chin upon her breast and her hands clasped in front of her, making no answer. Then she suddenly raised her head and looked, with a quick, piercing gaze, straight into the doctor's face.

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passed to that borne whenever there is no return.

The hard plucked his coat out of the woman's clutch and looked at her long and earnestly.

"Gwyn yndreth, Furd Du," she reiterated. "Of God, try it. It is my last hope."

Could he dare, now that the crisis of action was upon him, to arrogate to himself such a power? The very attempt at the miracle seemed profane. Would not some terrible blow fall upon him, and for such audacity kill him where he stood? He looked at the child in its cradle upon the chair—the motionless marble face, scarcely contrasting with the white wrappings with which it was swathed, gave him no hope of success.

He let his gaze wander from it until his eyes fell upon the golden harp with the black engraving of his triumphs, and as he looked upon it there swept into his heart a keen romantic desire to outvie all his former victories by winning a contest of which the prize was a human life.

The inspiration began to take hold of him. If he succeeded, or if he failed, it was for him the end of himself. He put forth his hand toward the instrument, and at the gesture the woman let her hands fall to her sides.

"Furd Du," she reiterated. "Furd Du."

He understood her meaning, and entering an inner closet came forth again in the full dignity of his bardic robes.

Then Elsie Vaughan rose to the feet of the carved throne of the bard at the place of the child, who throughout these fantastic preparations had given no sign of life. She removed herself to a little distance and stood with her arms crossed upon her breast in an attitude of motionless resignation, which her fevered cheeks, her blazing eyes and the quick rise and fall of her bosom showed to be assumed. The doctor, or to drop such a title where the treatment had gone beyond the most extravagant quackery, the robed bard, took his harp and let his hands wander over the strings in a few preliminary notes.

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has gone from me, and I shall be no more seen.

But Eglino was mistaken. In the dark night outside something had happened of which he did not know. Scarcely had the cold wind of the hill blown across the face of the child, and he awoke from his deathlike swoon, and uttering a low cry clutched with weak fingers at his mother's breast. At that moment Elsie Vaughan staggered and fell, and came to herself with a quick recovery and set off at a run through the straggling houses upon the ridge toward the main street of the village.

On the morning after this strange interview the bard of Sainton awoke with a heavy heart. His power was gone. In a flash he reflected, his sin would be known. He could see already the change in the faces of the country people as they looked at him.

These bitter reflections were cut short by a loud knocking. Had he time to ready come? Eglino walked to the door and threw it open. Upon the threshold stood a breathless messenger, who told him to come with all speed.

A woman, Mrs. Vaughan, called Elsie, of the beerhouses in the village. Without immediate aid one or both of them must die. The doctor went hurriedly forth upon his errand. He held him would be his last errand for a while.

He had come to the determination that when his fall was known he would leave the place where he had labored all his life, and in his own bitter heart he would reflect, his sin would be known. He could see already the change in the faces of the country people as they looked at him.

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made her sudden appearance in that room.

While he idly turned over the leaves of his book, the interview in that room 20 years ago came back vividly to him. He thought how differently he and Elsie had fared, and what mercy through their sufferings had been vouchsafed to him. His remorse, which to do him justice had for a time caused him real suffering, now sat lightly upon him and gave place to a sense of sadness at his reflections. After all, it seemed to him that the woman's life, in spite of her affliction, had not been unhappy—happier indeed than his own, which had been so in the first wild prompting of passion had for her vengeance encompassed his ruin.

A step, sounding distinctly in the exterior passage, was upon the gravel path which led from the garden gate to the porch of his cottage, and Eglino knew where that fluttered footfall was. He had no time to recover from his surprise when the door flung brusquely open, and he saw Elsie Vaughan standing before him. Bent, haggard and weather beaten, with a certain vacancy in her wild eyes, yet handsomely still, Elsie formed a strange contrast to the man who stood staring at her altogether astonished and half terrified. With him she had dealt less roughly, but, advancing him along a road toward a sleek and prosperous old age, had whitened his hair and lengthened his beard.

"Furd Du," she said.

The sound startled him. It was the first time since some message passed for 20 years, and her words carried him at once back to that other scene when he was so near the abyss.

"Bard of God, they must not go down tonight. Do you tell them. You tell them to believe in the power of the bard. There is danger. I can see it. Not a man must go down tomorrow. Tell them, Furd Du. I lay it upon you."

The thrilling voice ceased, the door closed, and he was alone. So quick had come and gone that he could scarcely believe that he had seen more than a phantom raised before his eyes by his too vivid memory. But at his feet there lay a leaf which had blown through the open door. He stooped and picked up this silent evidence of Elsie's presence and stood

